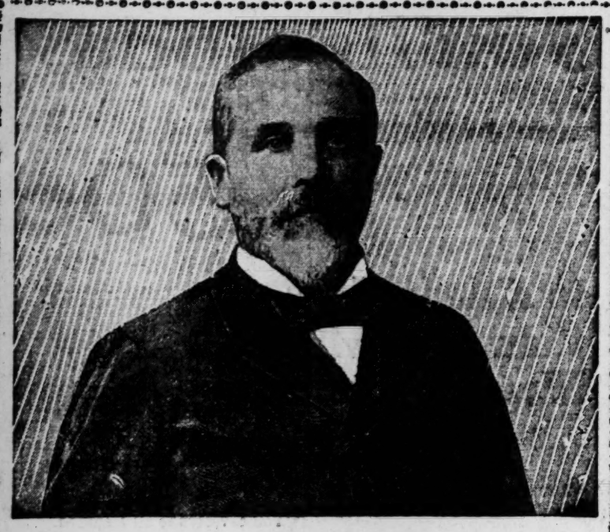
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXXV ATLANTA, GA. SATURDAY MORNING. JULY 26 1902—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE: CITY--2 CENTS TRAINS--5 CENTS

WOMEN ARE CALLING FRENCHMEN TO ARMS



PRESIDENT LOUBET OF FRANCE.
His Action in Closing Unauthorized Schools May Result in Bloodshed

Religious Question May Result in Revolution in France --SistersAre Urging Defiance to Government--Riots in Many Places.

Paris, July 25.—The Catholic Women of France are aroused over the application of the law of associations and a serious situation prevails in many sections of the republic.

In the country around Brest the people have taken up arms and are determined to resist any attempt at the forcible execution of the orders of the premier to close the schools. Two newspaper men of Brest drove to St. Meen, 18 miles from Brest, in an automobile to investigate the situation at the Sisters school. Immediately after they had entered the commune a boy sounded a bugle and crowds of peasants swarmed from the fields, armed with pitchforks and iron bound sticks, shouting:

"Long live the Sisters," "Long live liberty."

One of the reporters was dragged from the automobile and the fanatics beat him with their pitchforks and sticks.

Forced Them To Flee.

The other newspaper man explained in the Breton dialect that they had only come in search of information, but the crowd refused to listen to him and the reporter had to keep them at bay with a revolver. He succeeded in regaining the automobile and drove off at full speed, followed by a shower of stones.

A school at Ploudaniel, in the same neighborhood, has been converted into a fortress. Barricades have been erected and the inhabitants have formed a cordon about the surrounding area. The lady superior said:

"You see our barricades. They must shoot us before we yield. There will be bloodshed if any one attempts to enter."

The population of Landerneau, 12 miles from Brest, has formed relays to guard the school and peasant women sit on benches opposite the gate, knitting while awaiting the coming of the gendarmes. They are greatly excited and declare they prefer to be shot rather than abandon the Sisters.

Will Only Yield to Force.

The lady superior of the Landerneau convent said:

"Like true Bretons will will only yield to force. The women and other people who are guarding the school night and day have given us a courageous example."

The population of Roscoff is guarding the schools day and night. Sentinels are watching the roads and men are sleeping on the ground in the neighborhood in order to be ready at the first alarm.

Count Albert de Mun, the clerical leader in the chamber of deputies, is stumping the country, denouncing the action of the government and urging resistance.

A strange scene, reminiscent of stormier, sadder days in France, occurred today at the Elysee palace. A large delegation of women, including the wives of several members of the chamber of deputies, assembled at the palace to endeavor personally to implore Madame Loubet to appeal to her husband to stop the school prosecutions.

Madame Loubet sent out word to them by General Dubois, head of the president's military household, that it was impossible for her to receive a deputation upon a subject which was solely within the scope of the executive. The wife of Deputy Reille made a violent protest.

"Tell Madame Loubet," she said, "that the blood of women will flow if measures are not taken to stop this ill-treatment of the Sisters. We will address a letter to the wife of the president in which we will declare war upon the oppressors. The Christian women of France have decided not to suffer in silence."

More Decrees Signed.

A cabinet council at the Elysee palace today examined the questions brought up by application of the law of associations. President Loubet signed a decree submitted by the premier, M. Combes, ordering the forcible closure of twenty-six congregationalist schools in Paris and in the department of the Seine which have refused to disperse voluntarily.

Decrees closing forcibly similar places will be signed so soon as the prefects are received.

The Journal Officiel publishes a decree signed by President Loubet, designing twelve congregationist schools in Paris and fourteen in the department of the Seine, which it orders to be closed immediately as they have been opened since the passage of the law of associations, without authorization. As a matter of fact, most of the schools designated have been closed already, and the sisters in charge of them have returned to convents.

OVER A BILLION IN MONEY BESIDES FLOODS OF BLOOD

London, July 25.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach was the guest this evening of the lord mayor and city bankers and merchants at a farewell dinner at the Mansion house.

In an address dealing with national finance the chancellor said that the Chinese and South African wars had cost Great Britain £228,000,000, of which amount the tax payers have already willingly contributed £75,000,000.

The expenditure had been borne without serious injury to commerce and £150,000,000 had been borrowed on easy terms, which Great Britain's continental neighbors envied, but could not imitate. Next year, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said, he looked for a remission of taxation.

KING EDWARD CAN'T WALK, BUT IS GROWING STRONGER

London, July 25.—The fullest satisfaction is expressed at King Edward's progress; but as his majesty is still unable to walk, projects are being mooted for the adoption of means to avoid exertion by him on coronation day. Among other suggestions is one that the king sleep at the deanery of Westminster the night previous to the day of his crowning, and enter the abbey by another door in order that he may avoid the long walk of some 400 feet from the entrance of the abbey to the throne; also, that modifications be made in the coronation ceremony so that his majesty may avoid wearing the heavy investiture robes and sword.

This was the first brilliant day since King Edward's arrival at Cowes, Isle of Wight, and his majesty enjoyed the sunshine on deck. At 12:50 p. m. the royal yacht left her moorings and cruised westward.

There was another rehearsal of the royal procession from Buckingham palace to Westminster abbey. It was witnessed by a large crowd.

CAB CARRYING KITCHENER MOBBED BY LONDON CROWD

London, July 25.—Lord Kitchener, who had been largely lost to public view since his triumphant reentry into London July 12, received an unexpected demonstration of London enthusiasm today when a cab in which he visited the city was actually mobbed close to the Bank of England and the conqueror of South Africa had to be rescued by the police.

Lord Kitchener drove to a private bank near the Mansion house. He was instantly recognized and such a crowd collected outside that he had to escape by a side door. He was detected, however, and drove off amid frantic cheers, which he smilingly acknowledged with a salute. While passing through Queen Victoria street Lord Kitchener was again recognized and the cab was held up by a cheering crowd. The police had to open a way before the vehicle could proceed.

YOUNG PARENT DEFIES POLICE TO FIND GIRL

Clarence Perkins, Charged with Kidnaping His Own Daughter, Is Under Arrest.

"FIND RUBY AND TAKE HER," REMARKS YOUNG HUSBAND

Perkins Says His Three-Year-Old Child Is Securely Hidden Outside City Limits—He Will Receive a Preliminary Trial Today.

Clarence H. Perkins, a young white man 21 years of age, was arrested last night shortly before midnight on a warrant charging him with kidnaping his 3-year-old child, Ruby, Thursday afternoon.

Perkins had succeeded in secreting the child, however, and no trace of it has been found by the officers. With a smile of confidence on his features, Perkins last night declared that he had placed the little girl in a safe hiding place and defied officers or his wife to find her.

"If they find her they can have her," he remarked serenely.

Perkins and his wife have been separated for some time, and Mrs. Perkins resides at 197 Foundry street. Perkins remained at the home of a relative in the vicinity of his wife's home for two days watching for a chance to take the child away. Thursday afternoon that chance came. Ruby was playing out on the sidewalk in front of the house, and quickly going to the spot the father picked her up and started up Foundry street.

Miss Dora Rice, a sister of Mrs. Perkins, instantly darted out in pursuit and chased Perkins for nearly a mile. She ran him to North avenue, when he dodged among some freight cars and made his escape.

A warrant for his arrest was sworn out Thursday night before Justice of the Peace Edgar H. Orr and the city and county police were yesterday instructed to look out for Perkins.

Hiding Place Located.

City Policemen Poole and Maddox learned last night that the young man was at the home of his father, 224 Linden avenue, and going there took him into custody. Perkins was in bed asleep when the officers arrived and was awakened by his father. Perkins willingly submitted to arrest.

On arrival at the police station Station Sergeant Braselton, in docketing the case, asked:

"Where is the child?"

"Oh, I've got her stored away," replied the young father, cheerfully.

Perkins declares that he stole the child because the mother is not the proper person to raise it and care for it. He does not seem to fear the consequences of what he has done. He says he will serve twelve months, or three years, or any other sentence, but that he does not propose to give up his child.

Perkins was seen by a Constitution representative and made the following statement:

"I took the child for the reason that I believe I have a perfect right to do so. I have made repeated efforts to induce my wife to live with me and she has refused all my propositions. I finally determined that I would have my child, and I put my intentions into execution. I laid for the child for two days before a favorable opportunity was presented. I wanted the possession of the child because its mother is not the proper person to care for it. I can submit proofs to show this.

Must Find Her First.

"I have got the child now, and if they find her they can have her. Now, if they will give a reward of $150 for her and agree to give me half, I will disclose her whereabouts and then fight in the courts for her possession. They have got me and can do what they please with me. They can send me to the chaingang or the penitentiary, but they won't get the child. If they do, I'll be badly fooled."

Perkins was asked if the child is still in Atlanta.

"Well, she is outside of the corporate limits," he replied.

The young man states that he walked home with his wife from her work a few days ago and tried to get her to live with him, but that she replied she would not live with him again to save his life.

"When she said that," states Perkins, "the ire was aroused in me, and I told her I would make her heart ache for that conversation."

Perkins will probably be given a preliminary hearing today.

POPE'S GIFT TO ROOSEVELT.

It Will Be Presented by Bishop Thomas O'Gorman.

Rome, July 25.—Bishop Thomas O'Gorman, of Sioux Falls, S. Dak., had a final audience with Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, today. They discussed the Philippines situation and the importance of selecting a suitable candidate for an apostolic delegate, but no name was mentioned.

The bishop leaves Roma tomorrow and sails from Genoa for New York on the steamer Hohenzollern July 30. He goes first to Oyster Bay, L. I., to present President Roosevelt with the letter and gift of the pope, though the bishop will go to Washington to deliver Cardinal Rampolla's letter to Secretary Hay.

JEFFRIES KNOCKS OUT FITZSIMMONS WHEN LATTER LOOKED A WINNER

Thousands Gathered in the Arena To See Battle Between the Heavyweights.

WOMEN WERE SCATTERED THROUGHOUT THE ARENA

Prominent Men from All Parts of the United States Present—Crowd Was Very Orderly—Large Sum Taken in by the Promoters.

San Francisco, July 25.—It was late in the afternoon when the great canopy covering the octagonal ring in which the battle took place was finally stretched. The grounds were then cleared by the police and stragglers were ejected. Before sundown long lines of men formed on Valencia street and St. Julian avenue and awaited the opening of the two gates.

At 8:45 p. m. the house was practically filled. The late Jack Dempsey's belt, which was brought here from Portland, was brought to the ring and exhibited for the purpose of selling tickets for the benefit of Dempsey's widow and children.

There was no disorder until 8 o'clock, when the crush became heavy, but 240 policemen, under Chief Wilmann, handled the crowd well.

The arc lights over the ring were turned on at 7:45 o'clock, by which time the bleachers, holding fully 5,000 people, were filled. The usual night fog did not prevail, and although the evening air was chilly, there was no discomfort.

Kid Egan, representing the champion; Clark Ball, for Fitzsimmons, and Alex Greggains, for the San Francisco Athletic Club, inspected the premises at 8 o'clock and agreed that all was in readiness for the fight.

FROM SERIES OF TIERS THEY WITNESSED FIGHT

The gates were opened at 6 o'clock and the ticket holders began to flock in.

The gallery consisted of a series of tiers, the last one resting against the improvised back wall, or high board fence, sloping down to the ground level. The occupants of these seats really were afforded the best view of all that occurred in the ring. At 7:30 o'clock the gallery was full and the doors leading to the more favored sections were opened and the sections immediately behind the box seats gradually filled up. A number of well-known faces were among the early arrivals. George Siler occupied a seat in the press row at the ringside.

In one of the boxes to the west of the ringside sat Mayor Eugene Schmitz, in company with other city officials. Louis Ezell, the racing man, sat near Jack Ringling, the circus man, while Ed Rigner, Ed Kelly and Sid Herman occupied choice seats. Lew Hawkins, the veteran minstrel, and George Boniface, Jr., Percy Williams of Brooklyn, Ed Dunston of Chicago, James Morrissey and Frank McGrath of Milwaukee, William Carpenter Kemp and Mike Kennedy came early.

The arrangements of the arena and construction of the ring were something of a departure from the usual lines followed in such matters.

In a vacant lot at Fourteenth and Valencia streets a high board fence was erected. In the center of the space the ring was built, the floor being 4 feet from the ground.

On the four sides of the ring were arranged the press seats and immediately back of them the boxes, which were simply spaces partitioned off and twenty-four chairs placed in each compartment. These rested on the ground without the least elevation.

DESCRIPTION OF RING IN WHICH THEY FOUGHT

Back of the boxes came long rows of board seats, or benches, all on the same level, with conveniently arranged aisles.

To the rear and back of the board fence were placed the gallery benches. The ring was a substantially constructed affair. Built upon a good foundation of solid timbers, the floor was made of a double thickness of inch boards. Over these there was a heavy padding of felt, 1 inch in thickness.

A heavy brown canvas, drawn tightly and fastened at the edges, completed a solid and safe ring.

The lights were suspended from four upright posts, one at each corner of the ring. These uprights sloped gradually toward the center, and a succession of cross beams at the top held fourteen arc lights, and over the whole a canvas tent covered the seats as far out as the "gallery" seats. The ropes of the ring were of the latest thing in that line, consisting of heavy, smooth, 1-inch cotton rope. Two of these, the first 3 feet from the floor and the second 18 inches above it, were guyed from the uprights which held the lights and tent. There were no sharp corners.

Across the canvas there were placed short padded ropes that cut out the sharp angles, but still left the ring a full sized affair. The wind came sweeping through a big 15-foot rent in the canvas that covered the ring and stirred up the dust about the ringside. Clark Ball, who looks after Fitzsimmons' interests, came in, looked at the big rent and the resulting draught and immediately looked up Alec Greggains to make a kick.

Tom Sharkey was early on hand with a challenge to the winner; from New York came a telegram addressed to Tim McGrath announcing his safe arrival from London and asking that McGrath ship his castor in the ring.

At 8:45 p. m. the crowd became dense. The aisles were congested and much confusion ensued. These things were soon straightened, however, and when the principals of the preliminary fight came in there was hardly a vacant place in all the 8,300 provided seats.

JEFFRIES AND FITZ GIVEN A VERY WARM RECEPTION

At 8:20 p. m. Fitzsimmons arrived in a carriage at the entrance on Valencia street. He was cheered by the crowd that stood at the entrance. Fitzsimmons went immediately to his dressing tent at the right of the main entrance and proceeded to dress. He was accompanied by his manager, Clark Ball.

At 8:46 p. m. Jeffries arrived on the ground and went to his dressing room. He was accompanied by Billy Delaney, Jack Jeffords and Joe Kennedy.

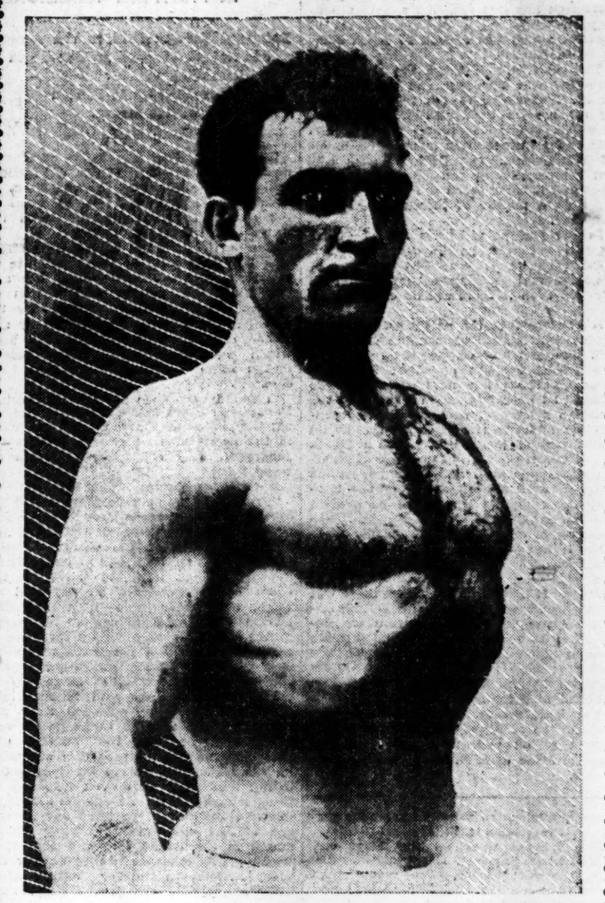
Fitzsimmons declared he never felt better and said he would win. He was in a cheerful frame of mind and inquired about the crowd in attendance and other matters incident to the fight. At the appearance of the Jeffries party the crowd sent up a terrific roar, Jeffries responding by a wave of the hand. Proceeding directly to his dressing tent, Jeffries immediately got ready to don his ring costume. He was not in a talkative mood, but appeared calm and confident. He inquired about the attendance and expressed satisfaction when told the place was jammed.

There was so little ringside betting that it was hardly appreciable. The odds were about the same that have prevailed the past few days—10 to 4.

At 8:47 the only preliminary fight was put on. It was a twenty-round affair between the two local middleweights—Dave Barry and Harry Foley.

There were a few heavily veiled women noticeable among those seated in the boxes. Their presence was passed over by the crowd without any demonstration of disapproval, as is usual in such cases.

Continued on Third Page.



CHAMPION JAMES JEFFRIES.

JEFFRIES IS SCARRED BUT VERY JUBILANT

San Francisco, July 25.—After the fight Champion Jeffries was seen in his dressing room. He was jubilant over his success, despite the terrible scars of battle. He said:

"Well, I have won, just as I expected to. It was a fierce fight, the fiercest I ever had, but I won. Yes, I got a good beating, as far as the marks of battle count, but then I rather expected that. I knew Fitzsimmons had a cutting punch and would land it at some time of the fight. But the few marks and the loss of a little blood won't hurt a man. I took them and only waited for the opportunity to land my punch. I found out Fitzsimmons could not jar me, even with his famous right. He cut me up, of course, but that did not hurt. I never was tired at any stage and was stronger than Fitzsimmons at all stages. You saw that he wore heavy bandages. Fitzsimmons certainly is a wonder. He is the greatest fighter of his weight that ever lived. As old as he is, he is the shiftiest and cleverest, the hardest hitting man I ever met, and I want to give him credit, as I know all who saw it will, for the great fight he put up.

"I have no plans for the immediate future, as I have not thought of anything but this fight for some time, and won't do anything else for a long period. I will take a rest after the long siege of hard training.

"I think Fitzsimmons can yet defeat any other man than myself."

FITZSIMMONS CHEERFUL IN THE FACE OF DEFEAT

San Francisco, July 25.—Fitzsimmons was cheerful in the face of defeat and full of praise for his vanquisher. Writhing in pain on his couch, surrounded by a score of friends offering their consolations, the defeated veteran, between short sentences interspersed with groans, announced that he had fought his last battle. He said:

"I fought the best I could, and the best man won. He is a great fighter, and had I been awarded the decision tonight I would have turned around and given him the championship, for he is the only man in the world capable of defending it. The blows that put me out were a left short-arm jolt under the ribs, and a right to the jaw. After receiving the terrific body blow I knew I was gone, and I told Jeffries to keep away, but he was anxious to finish me and sent a right swing to my jaw. I fought in the way I did because both my hands were gone when I entered the ring. I injure them Wednesday boxing with Hank Griffin. My right hand in particular was almost useless. I am confident now, even more than ever, that in my first battle with Jeffries I was doped. His showing tonight proved to me conclusively that my defeat at his hands in our previous battle was unwarranted."

In the Eighth Round Two Left Hooks Saved the Championship to Jeffries.

FITZ STOPPED TO TALK AND LOST THE BATTLE

Up to the Delivery of the Knockout Blows Fitz Seemed To Have Jeffries Going — Fitz Drew First Blood.

San Francisco, July 25.—After fighting a battle of eight rounds that was fraught with brilliant and courageous work, Robert Fitzsimmons tonight forfeited his last claim upon the heavyweight championship. He was knocked to the floor by James J. Jeffries and counted out after he had so badly punished the champion that it was a foregone conclusion among the spectators that the Cornishman must win.

Bleeding from a number of gashes in the face, apparently weakening and clearly unable to cope with Fitzsimmons' superior skill, Jeffries delivered two lucky punches as Fitzsimmons paused in his fighting toward him and turned the tide. The battle was brief, but noteworthy, and will live in pugilistic annals. Fitzsimmons tried once to rise from the mat, but sank back again in helplessness and heard himself counted out, where but a moment before he had all the better of it.

"I will never fight again," said the battle-scarred veteran of the ring, when he had sufficiently recovered to walk.

"The fight was won fairly, and to the best man belongs the laurels."

"You are the most dangerous man alive," said Jeffries in return, "and I consider myself lucky to have won when I did."

Fitzsimmons had been fighting at a furious gait, cool and deliberate, and chopping the champion to pieces with the terrific rights and lefts that have made him famous, and the result was a surprise.

DRAUGHT HORSE AND RACER FROM THE TAP OF GONG

It was the daught horse and the racer from the tap of the gong. When the men came together Fitz appeared rather worried, but upon opening of the first round he assumed a confidence and fought with the deliberation of the general that he is.

As early as the second round Fitzsimmons had Jeffries bleeding profusely from mouth and nose. Again and again he landed on his bulky opponent, getting away in such a clever manner that he roused the big crowd to enthusiastic cheering. It seemed, indeed, that Jeffries could scarcely stand the pace.

But the eighth round came, and after a series of hot exchanges Fitzsimmons paused with his guard down and spoke to the champion. The latter's reply was two terrific blows that saved him the championship and removed the veteran Fitzsimmons from the fistic arena. Fitzsimmons took his defeat with good cheer. He walked to the center of the ring, and raising his hand addressed the multitude, saying:

"The best man has won. Had I beaten Jeffries tonight I would have conceded him the championship and then forever retired. I retire just the same now, but without having accomplished my ambition. I am satisfied."

JEFFRIES STRONG AS OX, FITZSIMMONS DECLARES

Asked why he did all the leading, Fitzsimmons indignantly denied the allegation and said that Jeffries did a great

Continued on Third Page.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Showers Saturday and Sunday; fresh east to southeast winds.

Highest temperature	82	Precipitation for last 24 hours	.00
Lowest temperature	66	Deficiency since 1st of month	1.52
Mean temperature	74	Deficiency since January 1	4.94
Normal temperature	78		

LOCAL

Clarence Perking, charged with kidnaping his 3-year-old daughter, is arrested. He refuses to divulge the child's hiding place and defies the police to locate her.

Morris Greenblatt, charged with the murder of a negro, is found not guilty.

The cemetery committee of council announces that it has discovered ground for a thorough investigation in the management of Oakland cemetery.

GEORGIA

The Thirtieth Georgia regiment of confederate veterans holds greatest reunion in its history at Griffin.

Mayor and council of Macon may not ratify merging of street car lines, as a question of perpetual franchise, which would cut out competition, has arisen.

Augusta cotton dealers have filed suit in Athens for $58,000 against the Louisville and Nashville and Atlantic Coast Line because of delay in shipment of cotton.

SOUTHERN

Fifth regiment, Georgia state troops, is royally entertained at Wrightsville Beach.

Marlboro, the only prohibition county in South Carolina, has trouble with blind tigers.

Six men, convicted of murder, were executed in Arkansas yesterday, three of whom killed women.

DOMESTIC

Jeffries knocked out Fitzsimmons at San Francisco last night. Jeffries won by two lucky punches in the eighth round, when Fitzsimmons seemed to be a winner.

Major Edwin Glenn, recently tried for inflicting water cure on Filipinos, says that every man, woman and child in the islands hates the Americans.

Only four persons were killed in the wreck on the Pan Handle railroad near Xenia, Ohio. The wreckage was burned.

FOREIGN.

A revolution is threatened in France owing to the enforcement of the law against religious orders. The women are urging the men to defy the government.

King Edward is still unable to walk, but the physicians say he is making favorable progress.

AFTER WRECK FLAMES CAME

Harrowing Details of the Disaster on the Pan Handle Railroad.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED AND MANY ARE INJURED

Wreckage Took Fire and Is Consumed—Train Plunges at Lightning Speed Into a Wild Freight Car—No Passengers Cremated.

Xenia, Ohio, July 25.—Only four killed and a dozen injured is the almost miraculous result of the collision last night of a Pennsylvania express running 70 miles an hour, carrying fifty persons and meeting a loaded coal car descending a long grade at the highest possible speed near Trebeins.

The train was No. 2 limited, which left St. Louis at 1 p. m. Thursday and was due in New York tonight. It carried two mail cars, a baggage car, a day car and four Pullmans. It left Dayton twenty minutes late and was running to make up lost time. The engineer could see nothing of the deadly coal car until his headlight flashed upon the dashing obstruction. The coal car was torn to pieces; the engine was turned over, a shapeless wreck. All the cars except the two rear Pullmans were thrown into a heap together and a gas tank under one of the cars exploded and the wreckage caught fire.

Prevented Another Wreck.

To the presence of mind of Clarence Kincaid, treasurer of the Colonial Distilling Company, at Trebeins, was due the prevention of another fearful wreck. He was the first man to reach the scene. In the confusion and terror of the situation he alone remembered that a fast freight was about due. He telephoned to Xenia only to find there was no way to stop the freight by telegraph. He then called upon the agent of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road, which parallels the Pennsylvania, and succeeded in flagging the freight. Help from the Xenia and Dayton fire departments was obtained to extinguish the flames. The passengers who escaped did all in their power to rescue those less fortunate.

Killed:

ENGINEER WILLIAM CLARK, Columbus, Ohio.

FIREMAN WILLIAM DWYER, Cincinnati.

POSTAL CLERK C. S. McKOWN, Greenfield, Ind.

POSTAL CLERK M. M. PETERSON, Columbus, Ohio.

The injured whose names were obtained were:

George Gifford, Indianapolis.
W. J. Forsythe, Indianapolis.
James McFadden, Indianapolis.
Fred Carpenter, Indianapolis.
Bessie Donovan, Irwin, Pa.
Mollie Collins, Louisville, Ky.

Several others whose names were not ascertained received slight injuries, which did not prevent the continuance of their journeys.

No Passengers Cremated.

It was generally supposed that several passengers in the day coach were burned to death, but the railway officials, after completing a thorough search, declare that no passengers met death in the debris. The coal car which was the cause of the disaster was being switched at Xenia and got away from the yard men.

The train was running at a terrific speed and the wild car had almost attained its greatest momentum, the track where the accident occurred being at the end of a steep grade, and when the crash came the train, with the exception of the two rear sleepers, left the track and piled up in a heap. A moment of silence followed and then could be heard the cries for help. Those of the passengers who extricated themselves from their perilous position rendered all assistance possible and rescued many from the debris, but a gas tank exploding beneath one of the cars set the wreckage on fire and the intense heat from the flames soon drove the rescuers back so that those who were pinioned beneath the train were consumed by the flames. It was a most pitiable sight, cries and moans coming from those who could not be rescued and who were slowly being burned to death, and it was some time before any of the bodies were reached.

In Flames He Cried "Mother."

One man was heard in the day coach yelling pitiably: "Help, mother, oh, mother!"

His cries faded as the flames burned away and the terror-stricken spectators were powerless to render assistance owing to the intense heat.

Two tramps were on the front end of the blind baggage, riding directly behind the coal tender. When the crash came they were hurled into the air and fell on the road 20 feet away.

One gave his name as John B. Rogers; said he was from Indianapolis. His face was scratched. Neither was injured. They offered their services as rescuers and were accepted by the railroad company to assist clearing away the wreck.

A boy named Brown, who lives at Trebeins, carried flour to the victims and sprinkled it on their burns to allay the pains.

A story is current today that the coal car was run from Xenia to Trebeins down grade in charge of a brakeman who could not set the brake, as it refused to work. An engine chased after it. When the brakeman saw he could not check the car he jumped.



How About Your Heart

Feel your pulse a few minutes. Is it regular? Are you short of breath, after slight exertion as going up stairs, sweeping, walking, etc? Do you have pain in left breast, side or between shoulder blades, choking sensations, fainting or smothering spells, inability to lie on left side? If you have any of these symptoms you certainly have a weak heart, and should immediately take

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Mr. F. H. Oaks of Jamestown, N. Y., whose genial face appears above, says: "Excessive use of tobacco seriously affected my heart. I suffered severe pains about the heart, and in the left shoulder and side; while the palpitation would awaken me from my sleep. I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and soon found permanent relief."

Sold by all Druggists.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

FIVE ARE KILLED IN WRECK.

Train in Arizona Plunges Over an Embankment.

Tucson, Ariz., July 25.—Five persons were killed and a number injured in a wreck yesterday near Llano, 70 miles south of Nogales.

The northbound international train was derailed by a washout and the engine, baggage car, two passenger coaches and a Pullman sleeper went over an embankment. The baggage car and coach were smashed to kindling wood, but the first-class coaches and the Pullman escaped with slight injury.

The killed and seriously injured were all in the second-class coach.

A brakeman and an engineer, who were deadheading, and three Mexicans, were killed outright. Three passengers were seriously injured. Many others received slight injuries and bruises. The engine and fireman escaped injury. The engine was buried up to the top of the wheels in sand.

LIVES AND PROPERTY LOST

In the Fire Which Raged at Albany, New York.

Albany, N. Y., July 25.—One fireman dead, one in the hospital believed to be dying and another seriously injured, in addition to a monetary loss variously estimated at from $500,000 to $750,000, is the result of the fire which broke out in the heart of the business district shortly before 3 o'clock this morning.

The dead fireman is D. K. Bishop, an auxiliary member of the insurance patrol and prominent in the city's social and financial circles.

James J. Shelly, a fellow-member of the patrol, was dug out of a mass of wreckage badly burned and hips dislocated, both legs broken, one arm shattered and severe internal injuries. He will probably die.

Another fireman who is seriously injured is Frank H. Wetherway, superintendent of the insurance patrol, who is suffering from concussion of the spine and internal injuries.

The fire started on the top floor of the public market building on Beaver street and spread rapidly to the Columbia hotel and the Elks' club house, which adjoin it, west and east, respectively. While the firemen were at work the front wall of the market building buckled and almost immediately fell, carrying with it the upper story of the Columbia hotel. It was in the latter building that the firemen met their fate. They were spreading tarpaulins on the upper floor and were caught under the mass of wreckage.

FAIRBANKS WILL NOT RETIRE.

Indiana Senator in the Race for Reelection.

Indianapolis, July 25.—The Indianapolis Journal today makes authorized denial editorially of the statement in New York newspapers that Senator Fairbanks is likely to retire from politics at the end of his present term in the senate.

Says The Journal:

"Senator Fairbanks is a candidate for reelection, and he will be reelected. The party is united on him. It is a fact all intelligent men in both parties realize that Mr. Fairbanks has served the people of Indiana with marked ability and success. The fact that he is a candidate for reelection is a contribution of positive force to the republicans in the campaign. Indeed, The Journal is warranted in saying that few men in the senate are so fortunate as to approach a reelection with the entire confidence and unanimous support which Mr. Fairbanks is receiving from his party in Indiana. His candidacy insures the utmost harmony in the party ranks."

RUSSIA'S NOTE ON TRUSTS

It Has Been Received by the State Department.

UNITED STATES WON'T ACT

Note Deals Principally with the Sugar Question, References to the Trusts Being Incidental.

Washington, July 25.—Through the United States charge of the embassy at St. Petersburg, Mr. Riddle, the state department has just received a note touching on trusts from the government of Russia, which has caused so much comment in Europe.

This note, which takes the form of a circular, was identical and was handed in St. Petersburg to the representatives of all powers that participated in the Brussels sugar conference and to Mr. Riddle for transmission to his government at Washington. The United States was not represented at the Brussels conference and it is supposed the note was supplied as a matter of information and a courtesy.

In the present view the United States executive cannot participate in such a conference as it described because of constitutional limitations that cannot be escaped even if there are no other objections.

It appears that the note's references to trusts, which are rather of an incidental and alternative character, have attracted the principal share of public attention, although the whole note appears to be framed as an argument in support of the Russian system of regulating sugar production and export. The reference to an international trust conference is actually, therefore, presented in the shape of an alternative proposal, or rather suggestion only, in case the soundness of the Russian contention in support of its present system is successfully challenged. The department cannot do more at this stage than it has done, namely, return polite acknowledgment through Mr. Riddle of the note and watch developments in Europe. It is not supposed that there will be at once any action toward calling another congress, but rather that the decision as to the character of the Russian system of regulation of sugar production will proceed; certainly up to the date set for the application of the agreement reached at Brussels for the stoppage of sugar bounties and the exclusion from importation of bounty aided sugars.

That action will, it is expected, precipitate some decision upon Russian proposals.

TOBACCO ASSOCIATION MEETS.

Second Annual Session Convenes at Fort Monroe, Va.

Fort Monroe, Va., July 25.—The second annual convention of the Tobacco Association of the United States met here today.

President T. M. Carrington, of Richmond, read his annual report. The report contained many suggestions of interest to tobacco men, as well as general information as to the trade in the United States.

Secretary John Hagan, of Richmond, read the proceedings of the first annual session. Mr. Hagan then submitted his annual report as secretary and treasurer. It showed that eighty-nine members had been added to the association, the membership of which now numbers 304. One member died during the year. The report was adopted.

The report of the committee on revision of by-laws was submitted by Chairman T. D. Luckett, of Clarksville, Tenn. The report was very short, making but one recommendation. This was a change in the membership fee from $2 to $5, which must be paid each year by October 1. The recommendation created much comment, as some of the members thought the fee should be $10. The report further recommended that a committee of three be named to make further changes in the by-laws and report to the convention at the next annual session. The motion to increase the membership fee from $2 to $10 was lost and the report of the committee, making it $5, was unanimously adopted.

A committee was named to select a place for holding the next annual convention.

The convention was addressed by Thomas C. Alloway and Dr. R. B. McKenny, who are connected with the department of agriculture in Washington. Mr. Alloway confined his remarks to statistics and Dr. McKenny talked on the subject of diseases in tobacco.

The question of insurance on tobacco took up considerable time and a committee was selected to look into the matter.

Puritan Leaves for Newport.

Norfolk, Va., July 25.—The United States monitor Puritan left the navy yard today for Newport, R. I., where she will enter the fleet maneuvers.

ACE 45

Actual Results

Of Policy No. 246,375 at End of its Accumulation Period.

Twenty years ago, in 1882, Mr. H— then forty-five years of age, assured his life in the Equitable, under Savings Fund Policy No. 246,375, for $1,000. This policy was issued on the ordinary life form with an Accumulation Period of 20 Years, on which the annual premium was $37.97. For twenty years then Mr. H—has been protected by $1,000 of assurance, and if he had died at any time his family would at once have received $1,000. However, he has not died, and now, in 1902, he has the choice of the following options:

(1)—To continue the Policy (by the payment of premiums when due) less an annual dividend, for - - $1,000.00 and receive a cash dividend of - - - - - 447.39

(2)—To convert the policy and dividend into fully paid-up assurance for - $1,250.00 Subject to approval of risk for excess.

(3)—To receive the surrender value of the policy in cash - - - - - - $860.93

THE EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society of the United States.

R. L. FOREMAN,

Manager for Georgia,

ATLANTA.

EVEN BABIES HATE YANKEES

Major Edwin Glenn Declares That the Filipinos Will Never be Pacified.

BARBAROUS METHODS USED IN FIGHTING AMERICANS

Poisoned Drinks Sold to the American Soldiers by the Natives, and Assassins Hired To Murder Officers of United States Army.

Washington, July 25.—Copies of Manila papers received at the war department contain the defense of Major Edwin A. Glenn, who was tried by courtmartial on the charge of having administered the water cure to Filipino natives.

The particular case upon which stress was laid was that of the presidente of Igbares. Glenn acknowledged the act, but justified it on the ground that he wanted the information withheld by the presidente and which he obtained by this water cure application. In his plea, which was quite long, Major Glenn makes some startling assertions. He says:

"I found very soon after my arrival in Panay that every man's hand was against us; that every man and woman and child in the island was an enemy, and, in my judgment, they are today and will always be."

He then continues:

"Practically every presidente and other official in these islands have been playing double. They organized and were the active members of the secret societies known as the Katipunan, etc., whose avowed objects were to advance the cause of 'independence' in any and all ways, and under this high sounding phrase they have made use of every means forbidden to them by the laws of war. These men of peace have actually waged war by killing straggling American soldiers. They have made use of poison in the drinks sold to American soldiers. They have poisoned their arrows and the tips of their spears and bolos, together with the bamboo tips placed in the deadly traps that abounded on the trails. They have hired assassins to kill those who were even suspected of being friendly to the Americans and have likewise endeavored to have our American officers assassinated. They openly stated in the Island of Bohol that they would gladly sacrifice twenty natives for every American officer assassinated. They employed corps of assassins, who, under the names of Ducot, Mandoducot or Sandatahan, spread death and terror in their wake."

Major Glenn then gives the details leading up to the administration of the water cure to the presidente, the facts of which were brought out in the senate Philippine investigation. He declares he "did no more than any other man with good sense would have done. I am convinced that my action resulted in hastening the termination of hostilities and directly resulted in saving many human lives, and directly injured no one."

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.
It makes life miserable.
Its sufferers eat not because they *want to*, but simply because they *must*.
They know they are irritable and fretful; but they cannot be otherwise.
They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.
The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

ANOTHER CHECK FOR BEAR

United States, Japan, Great Britain and Korea Allied.

RUSSIA MUST BE CAREFUL

Independence of Korea Is Guaranteed and Army and Navy Are To Be Increased.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—A special dispatch from Seoul, Korea, announces the conclusion of an important agreement between the British and Japanese ministers to Korea on one hand and the Japanese councillor, special advisor of the Korean emperor, on the other, by which Great Britain and Japan mutually guarantee Korea's independence and pledge her their support and assistance in all important undertakings.

In return Korea agrees to raise her naval and military establishment to a footing sufficient for her own defense and also in case of raising a foreign loan she agrees to restrict herself to the markets of Great Britain, Japan and the United States. She further agrees that no foreigners shall be appointed to positions in the Korean state service, that measures shall be taken for the protection of the Korean territory, and that a protest shall be immediately made against any state or person attempting to erect works or buildings situated so as to prejudice Korea's scheme for national defense.

No Official Advice Received.

Washington, July 25.—Much interest was manifested by Mr. Minhuich, the Korean minister here, and by the Japanese legation officials who are at Washington, in the announcement of the conclusion of an important agreement between the United States and Japan pledging the independence of Korea and involving reciprocity concessions on the part of the Korean government. However, neither the Japanese nor Korean legations have been officialy advised of the conclusion of the agreement.

It is pointed here that the United States already has a treaty of peace, amity, commerce and navigation with Korea, signed in 1882, and providing that, "if other powers deal unjustly or oppressively with either government, the other will exert their good offices on being informed of the case."

The new agreement is regarded in some quarters here as being an aftermath to the offensive and defensive alliance entered into between Great Britain and Japan for their interests in the east, and as a further safeguard against territorial aggrandizement by any of the great powers in the Orient.

MESSENGER BOYS ON STRIKE.

Western Union Telegrams Not Delivered in Chicago.

Chicago, July 25.—The messenger boys of the Illinois district messenger service, which delivers business of the Western Union Telegraph Company, struck today.

According to an official, the boys made no demand and their grievances are unknown. The same company also looks after the local delivery service of the Postal Telegraph Company, and the boys at the latter's office struck out of sympathy. The greatest inconvenience occasioned by the strike was on the floor of the board of trade.

The striking boys met today and formed the Chicago Messenger Boys' Union, with a membership of 1,500 and at once called a strike of its members. Organizer Fitzpatrick, of the Chicago Federation of Labor, organized the union and has asked for a charter from the American Federation of Labor.

AN EDUCATIONAL LOAN FUND.

Movement To Assist Students Started at Summer School.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 25.—Southern educators who are attending the summer school for the south now in session at the University of Tennessee here have inaugurated a movement to establish an educational loan fund for worthy students who may attend the University of Tennessee. The plan is for it to afford a source from which students of limited or no means may borrow with the understanding the money is to be repaid with small interest. Already a considerable sum has been raised for this fund.

THIRTY SKULLS FOUND IN HOUSE

Old Feud Breaks Out in Tennessee Mountains.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 25.—A Maynardville, Tenn., special to The Sentinel says John McBee, who resides in the mountain section of Union county, Tenn., was fired on from an ambush and shot twice. After the fusillade thirty rifle balls were found in his house, and the would-be assassins hid in a mountain thicket just above the house. This is a sequel to the Buckner-Wagner feud, McBee being a son in law of the Wagners. No arrests have been made.

Case Is Continued.

Richmond, Va., July 25.—Ex-Alderman King, who was yesterday indicted by the special grand jury on the charge of accepting a promise of $900 and other benefits from Contractors Gasser, Gude and Weinbrunn in return for his vote in their favor on their bid for city work, was today arraigned in the police court and the case was continued until next Monday. His bond of $1,500, given last night, was renewed until next Monday.

Stage Employees Take Up Grievances

Norfolk, Va., July 25.—The National Alliance of Stage Employees, in session here today, decided to levy a tax of $10 for every delegate to which each local is entitled instead of a per capita of $1 per year.

Grievances from Boston, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Washington, Detroit and Binghamton, N. Y., were under consideration during the session, but at a late hour no decision had been reached.

DO YOU NEED HELP?

We furnish competent office, store, or any kind of help

PROMPTLY WITHOUT CHARGE.

THE EMPIRE BUSINESS BUREAU,

16 GRANT BLDG. Bell Phone 2244.

PRIESTS RALLY TO THE FRIARS

Resolutions of Protest Presented to President Roosevelt.

STRONG PROTEST MADE AGAINST THEIR REMOVAL

Augustinians Allege That the Course of the United States Is Fraught with Peril to the Interests of the Catholics.

New York, July 25.—The Rev. J. F. O'Reilly, of Lawrence, Mass., made public today resolutions adopted by the quadrennial chapter of the Augustinian Order at Villanova, Pa., July 16, and presented to President Roosevelt today at Sagamore Hill. The priests in attendance at the Villanova meeting represented the Augustinians of the United States and Cuba. The resolutions follow:

"Whereas, we, members of the Augustinian order, assembled in quardennial chapter at Villanova, Pa., reflecting on the sad straits of our brothers religious in the Philippine islands, wherein they have manfully toiled for 300 years and upwards as philanthropists, educators, missioners and pioneers of civilization, now suffering under grave civil and religious liberty, threatened, moreover, with ignominious exile from a country whose very civilization is the conquest of their heroic labors and self-sacrifices, do deem it our duty as American citizens who confide in the honor and integrity of our government and the justice of our people, to raise our voice in behalf of these Catholic missioners, the friars of the Philippines.

"Therefore, be it resolved, That we energetically protest against the concerted effort which is being made to defame and to vilify the friars of the Philippine islands, and to alienate from the love and reverence of a people whom they have ransomed from ignorance and barbarism.

"Resolved, That we, deploring the seeming disposition of our government to discredit the services of the friars in the Philippines, do regard any hindrance to the legitimate exercise of their labors as a serious menace to the civil and moral well-being of the people of these islands, an unwarranted precedent fraught with peril to the Catholic church in the United States, a grave violation of the treaty of Paris and a fatal departure from the time-honored American people of separation of church and state.

"Resolved, That we protest against the general condemnation of the friars for what may have been the errors of individual members of their body, and demand for them that same measure of justice and protection which is so truly accorded all other persons and corporations under the jurisdiction of the United States.

"Resolved, That we, sensible of the unmerited obloquy heaped upon the friars in the Philippine islands by foul slanders emanating from misguided friends and treacherous foes, do proffer sympathy to our suffering brethren and encourage them to confide in the hope that our government, true to its mission and purpose, will ultimately fulfill the dictates of justice and fairness in their regard."

Priests Visit Roosevelt.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 25.—Rev. Father James P. O'Reilly, of Lawrence, Mass., and Rev. Father William A. Jones, president of the St. Augustin Society, Havana, Cuba, had an interview with President Roosevelt this afternoon. Both the visitors are members of the Augustinian order and they discussed with Mr. Roosevelt the friars situation in the Philippines, with special remark for the members of their own order.

Wu Ting-fang, the retiring Chinese minister, will visit the president on August 4. It is quite likely that at that time he will notify the president of his recall.

ROOSEVELT FEARS HELL GATE.

Anchors Yacht Rather Than Risk a Night's Passage.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 25.—President Roosevelt and the party which accompanied him to Sea Girt yesterday arrived off Sagamore Hill in the Mayflower at 8:55 this morning. The Mayflower remained at anchor off Tompkinsville from 6 o'clock last night until about 6 o'clock this morning.

Lieutenant Commander Albert Gleaves, in command of the vessel, concluded last evening that he would not take the chance of going through Hell Gate in the fog which then prevailed. The president approved of anchoring for the night. Lieutenant Commander Gleaves' action in anchoring was due to stringent regulations regarding war vessels passing through Hell Gate issued some time ago by the navy department.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

Need More Help.

Often the overtaxed organs of digestion cry out for help by dyspepsia's pains, nausea, dizziness, headaches, liver complaints, bowel disorders. Such troubles call for prompt use of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are gentle, thorough and guaranteed to cure. 25c at all drug stores.

Negro Is Shot to Death.

Savannah, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—Robert Simmons, a negro farm hand employed on the place of Mills and Taylor, west of the city, shot and killed George Harris, another negro, employed by the Seaboard Air Line, last night. Simmons was enraged because Harris had alienated the affections of his sweetheart. Simmons made his escape.

Contraband Liquor Confiscated.

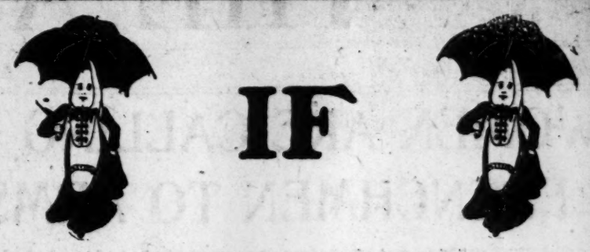
Greenville, S. C., July 25.—(Special.)—A party of state constables last night confiscated a horse, wagon and harness and a barrel containing forty-seven gallons of contraband liquor about 3 miles from Greenville. Two arrests were made.

He Died Aboard Ship.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., July 25.—The schooner Jem, Captain Dix, from Wilmington, N. C., for Boston, arrived today, bringing the body of their first officer, Charles Merriam, who died on board July 23, off Montauk, of malarial fever. The body will be forwarded to Everett, Mass.

Greene and Gaynor Remanded.

Quebec, July 25.—Messrs. Greene and Gaynor were in court today, but were again remanded by Judge Caron until Friday next.



IF you'll go today

Your oxfords will cost you from .50c to a dollar less than they will Monday.

Buck Bros. & Co.

Footcoverers to all Mankind.

27-29 Whitehall St.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

DOWN WITH INJUNCTIONS SHOUT STRIKING MINERS

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 25.—President Mitchell returned to strike headquarters in this city this evening.

To the Associated Press correspondent Mr. Mitchell said there was no change in the anthracite region. The strikers were remaining firm and very confident of victory.

As regards the situation in West Virginia, Mr. Mitchell said the courts would be appealed to through habeas corpus proceedings to secure the release of organizers of the miners union sentenced to jail for contempt. If their liberty cannot be secured, through the courts, then the higher authorities will be asked to pardon the men.

The chief of the United Mine Workers said the notices posted by the coal operators in the Kanawha and New river fields in West Virginia, stating that all mines will resume operations on the 28th inst., and that all employees not reporting for work on that date will be discharged, will have no effect on the strikers.

"That is an old trick of the operators," continued Mr. Mitchell. "The miners of West Virginia are battling for a just cause and justice demands that they be granted the concessions asked for."

"Mother" Jones Not Afraid.

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 25.—District Attorney Blizzard in the United States court this morning stated that there were eleven cases pending of alleged violators of the court's injunction, but that if they would agree to refrain from further violations he would consent to their release on their own recognizance. The court agreed to this and they were released pending their good behavior. John R. Gehr, who is charged with making a vicious attack on Judge Jackson, is now on trial. "Mother" Jones says she will not stop her work among West Virginia miners, but will try to observe the law. National Vice President Lewis, of the United Mine Workers, is now in charge in West Virginia.

No Warrant for Wilson.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 25.—W. B. Wilson, secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers, today received a communication from his attorney at Parkersburg, W. Va., saying that the warrant for his arrest on a charge of violating an injunction, issued by Judge Jackson, had been rescinded.

The warrant was issued yesterday after Judge Jackson had permanently enjoined "Mother" Jones and other organizers from trying to get the miners to quit work and giving some of the organizers jail sentences. It was expected that the warrant for Wilson would be issued today.

Wilson understands that the charge against him was dropped because of fear that it would create a greater furore than the men who brought the suit desire at this time, but Wilson also believes that he was entirely within the law at his meetings at Clarksburg and Fairmount, where it was charged that he made the inflammatory speeches violating the injunction.

Strikers To Be Evicted.

Charleston, W. Va., July 25.—Charleston is crowded with strikers from Louis Creek, who are here to attend the trial of President Richards and others, who are charged with having violated the injunctions issued by Federal Judge Keller some time ago. The trial was to have commenced today, but a wreck on the Norfolk and Western railroad prevented Judge Keller reaching here. This has delayed the hearing until tomorrow. The coal districts are quiet today.

Second in interest to the trial of Richards and his associates is the eviction of strikers occupying company houses, which is to commence next Monday. This notice was posted today at all mines in the Kanawha and New River fields.

"All persons desiring to work in the mines at the same places and under the conditions prevailing June 7, 1902, must report to the mine boss ready for work Monday morning, July 28. All persons who refuse to work on that day must call at the office, settle their accounts, get their pay, if anything is due them, and quit the respective company's premises."

Convict Not Mistreated.

Griffin, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—Sensational rumors have been afloat in the city for the past few days to the effect that Isham Barrow, a negro convict, who died last Friday, came to his death from brutal treatment at the hands of the convict bosses. The rumors culminated today in the matter being brought to the attention of Judge E. W. Hammond, of the city court, who ordered the coroner to hold an inquest over the remains. This was done this afternoon and the jury brought in a verdict exculpating the officials and declaring the negro came to his death from natural causes. Barrow was sentenced to the chaingang last Tuesday, July 15, to serve a sixty-day sentence. Last Friday morning his fine was paid by a farmer of this county, who secured an order for the release of the convict. The negro was given his liberty and died the same night. It is said that the party who paid his fine stated that his death was suspicious, but at the inquest this afternoon, when the body was exhumed and thoroughly examined by Dr. J. S. Wells, the gentleman declared he was satisfied with the verdict of the jury and was convinced that there was no foundation for the report that Barrow had been mistreated by the convict bosses.

Telegraph Operator Is Shot.

Decatur, Ala., July 25.—(Special.)—R. E. Hewlett, telegraph operator at Decatur junction, 2 miles north of here, accidentally shot himself this afternoon with a double-barrel shotgun. The shot glazed the side of the head near the ear. The wound is painful, but not serious. He telegraphed to this city for assistance.

District Conference A. M. E. Church.

Macon, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—The Macon district conference and Sunday school convention of the African Methodist Episcopal church is holding its annual session here this week with Presiding Elder J. H. Lindsay in the chair. This conference is one of the most representative in the connection and the dispatch of business has been in keeping with this great fact. The conference in its session today took high ground, touching the moral and spiritual interest of the race. Bishop H. M. Turner was here today and for two hours and more he plead with the vast audience to rally to the support of Morris Brown college and an educated ministry. The interest is increasing and all the reports are ahead of last year.

Quickly Follows Wife to Grave.

Columbus, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—S. G. Woodall died at the home of his son, J. T. Woodall, in Harris county, at 11:30 o'clock last night, the result of an accident sustained last Monday, and the circumstances make his death peculiarly sad. Mr. Woodall had just returned from the funeral of his aged wife, Mrs. Mary Woodall, whose death occurred the day previous, and was at the house of his son, when, by some accident, he fell from out of a door and received several internal injuries from which he died at the hour named. Mr. Woodall was 70 years of age, and a member of the Primitive Baptist church. He is survived by six children—two sons and four daughters. They are Messrs. J. T. Woodall, of Harris county, and N. E. Woodall, of Natches, Miss., and Mrs. A. B. Thompson and Miss Annie Woodall, of Notasulga, Ala., Mrs. Mattie Smith, of Indian Territory, and Mrs. T. C. Saunders, of Texas.

MEN--BE STRONG



DR. HATHAWAY,

Recognized as the leading and most successful specialist.

Few men are absolutely free from some organic weakness. Spots before the eyes dizziness, bashfulness, weak back, loss of memory, aversion to society, etc., are symptoms which you cannot overlook. These conditions can be promptly overcome if the right treatment is given, but experiments with free samples, ready-made medicines, "quick cures," etc., will only aggravate your trouble and make a cure more difficult.

Before jeopardizing your future happiness by experimenting with unscientific treatment, I want you to investigate fully my superior equipment for curing you. I have cured thousands where others have failed.

My specialty includes all other chronic diseases, such as stricture, varicocele, blood poison, bladder and urinary diseases, etc., which I treat in the latest scientific manner, and my legal guarantee is backed by the leading banks and commercial agencies. Consultation free either at office or by mail. Send for complete symptom blanks, mailed free in plain envelope. Correspondence confidential.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.,
Suite 33, Inman Building, 22½ South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.
Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 3 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

JEFFRIES WINS BY LUCKY BLOWS

Fitz Looked a Winner Up to the Eighth Round.

Then He Stops To Talk and Jeffries Gets in Two Lucky Punches Which Put the Cornishman Out of Business.

Continued from First Page.

deal of the work, especially in the clinches and at close range.

"He is as strong as an ox and his blows hurt me considerably, especially his terrific lefts to the body," said Fitzsimmons.

Asked in regard to his plans for the future, Bob facetiously remarked:

"I am going back to Bensonhurst and attend to the development of the youth of America, and try to make them like me—a vigorous old man, past his fiftieth year, and as hale and as hearty as a man well within his thirties."

At this juncture Dr. L. C. Cox, who had been summoned to attend the fighter, commenced an examination of the defeated pugilist. After a careful examination the doctor announced that Fitzsimmons' ribs were not broken, but that his left side was badly bruised, the muscles being so constricted as to cause the Cornishman great difficulty in breathing. Clark Ball, Fitzsimmons' manager, expressed his opinion that Fitzsimmons was too confident.

It was 10:05 when Bob Fitzsimmons stepped into the ring, carrying his gloves and dressed in a long light blue bath robe. Following him were Clark Ball, Hank Griffin, George Dawson and a bottle holder.

At 10:06 Jeffries stepped into the ring, dressed in a large overcoat, tights, a sweater and a Panama hat. About him were Billy Delaney, Joe Egan, Joe Kennedy and George Miller. Jeffries walked up and inspected Fitzsimmons' bandages, passing them without comment.

FIGHTERS SHAKE HANDS AND THE CONTEST BEGINS

When Jeffries stripped off his sweater he showed up to perfection. He looked as if he had taken off considerable weight, but his muscles stood out firm and hard. His flesh was as brown as a berry, showing the effect of hard work.

Fitzsimmons was introduced first and was given quite as hearty a greeting as that which was given the champion a moment later.

Bob doffed his dressing gown, showing up in splendid shape. He wore short lavender fights and a belt of the American flag.

Jeffries wore black tights and a belt of the American flag.

Eddie Graney, the referee, was attired in the conventional dress suit.

The men were photographed with hands clasped in the center of the ring.

At 10:19 Graney delivered his instructions to the men.

At 10:25 the men took their corners. While Jeffries fixed his belt Bob tested the ring by jumping around the floor, and then the fight began.

FIGHT OF HEAVYWEIGHTS IS DESCRIBED BY ROUNDS



FIGHTING FACE OF JEFFRIES.

Fitzsimmons Draws First Blood and Has Jeffries Badly Worried Until the Latter Gets in Two Lucky Punches in Eighth.

San Francisco, July 25.—A description of the fight by rounds follows:

Round 1—They came quickly to the center. Jeffries in a half crouching attitude, both feinting rapidly. Jeffries followed Bob around feinting with left and looking for an opening. Fitzsimmons was the first to lead. He sent short right jab to the jaw and another a moment later. Jeffries crouched and rushed, but Fitzsimmons neatly stepped out of the way. Jeffries rushed again and Fitzsimmons smothered his left for the body. Both did a lot of feinting, Jeffries finally trying his left for the face, but it fell short. He forced his man into the corner, but missed a hard left swing. Then Fitzsimmons tried for face, landing lightly. Jeffries sent in a hard left on the body and Bob countered on the head without damage. Jeffries continued to force his man, and when the gong sounded corners he was on the aggressive. When the champion took his corner his nose was bleeding slightly from one of Fitzsimmons' left jabs. He looked confident, however, and sat watching Fitzsimmons during the minute's rest.

First Blood for Fitz.

Round 2—Jeffries went right after Fizsimmons, trying left for the head and falling short. Fitzsimmons jabbed left to the neck and Jeffries smiled and forced him to the corner. Bob quickly side-stepped out of the way. Fitzsimmons tried right for the head, but was quickly and neatly blocked. Fitzsimmons broke ground before Jeffries' left, but finally tried a left for the head. It was light, however, and the champion caught it on the shoulder. They exchanged lefts, Bob putting stiff left on the face. Jeffries crouched lower and sent Fitzsimmons back against the ropes with a left on the body. Fitzsimmons put two left hooks on the face and got out of the way of the champion's left. Jeffries went at him with a stiff left on the head, but got a left jab on the nose that brought blood in a stream. At the close of the round Jeffries was somewhat worried, but took matters coolly during the minute's rest. His nose was bleeding freely. Fitzsimmons, on the other hand, was as cool as a cucumber and was not in the least winded.

Round 3—Jeffries came up forcing matters. His bloody nose annoyed him a little. He changed his tactics for a moment and stood up straight. Two left leads were blocked by Fitzsimmons and a left on Jeffries' sore nose was landed by him. Jeffries tried another left, but was stopped with a left jab on the face. In a clinch Jeffries pushed Fitzsimmons back. Fitzsimmons put a stiff one on the nose and Jeffries bled freely. Jeffries' cheek was opened with a left hook and more blood flowed. The champion rushed, swinging left and right. They were blocked, but another left caught Bob hard in the stomach. Bob jabbed left to face twice. Jeffries looked worried. Fitzsimmons was cool and got out of the way. Jeffries' face was covered with blood at the end of the round from his nose and a gash over the right eye. Delaney busied himself over him between rounds.

Jeffries Looks Enraged.

Round 4—Jeffries looked enraged as he crouched and clinched his lips. He was very careful and kept clear of Fitzsimmons' left jabs. Bob blocked two swings for the head and got out of reach of another. A moment later they came together and exchanged lefts on face. Fitzsimmons put short right hook on the head and Jeffries landed left on the chest. Fitzsimmons put Jeffries' head back with a left jab and started the blood. Jeffries got another right on head, but came in with two left hooks, one for the head and another for the body. Fitzsimmons was getting away, however, and the force was broken. Bob landed a stiff left on the body, but got a right on the head. Fitzsimmons then took a turn at forcing, putting left on face twice and compelling Jeffries to duck away. Jeffries looked worried as he listened to Delaney's instructions at the end of the round.

Round 5—They feinted for a moment, then Jeffries led left for the body and got a chop on the body. Fitzsimmons got a left to Jeffries' face but took left and right on the body. Jeffries forced Fitzsimmons to the ropes and put left on face twice. Fitzsimmons clinched and when they broke sent in two body blows from left and right delivered from the hips. They clinched repeatedly. Fitzsimmons put a terrific right on the jaw and a moment later a left on the face. Jeffries cut Fitzsimmons' right cheek with a left. They fought rapidly Fitzsimmons cutting Jeffries' face with his left and putting right on head. Jeffries was bleeding freely and was tired. Just before the close of the round Fitzsimmons put a right over Jeffries' left eye cutting it and bringing blood. Jeffries was not winded, but was bleeding from the nose, left eye and right cheek. The only mark on Fitzsimmons was a slight abrasion on the right cheek.

Jeffries Rushes in Vain.

Round 6—Jeffries came up and crouched low. He missed his first attempt with a left for the head. He rushed, but Fitzsimmons blocked every blow and got out of the way. Fitzsimmons put a right on Jeffries head, one on the body and another on the nose. Jeffries broke ground and ducked out of the way. They exchanged lefts on the head, Fitzsimmons being the most damaging. Jeffries rushed again and again, but he was smothered and took three rights and a left on the face. Jeffries rushed Fitzsimmons to the ropes, but got a right and left on the face, which started the blood afresh. Fitzsimmons showed remarkable cleverness in getting away from rushes. His left jabs were cutting and just as the gong sounded he put another on Jeffries' sore mouth and nose.

Round 7—Jeffries showed up well and rushed Fitzsimmons determinedly. He put left on the body, but took left and right on the head. Neither were damaging, however, and when a moment later they came together Jeffries put two terrific left swings on the body and head. Jeffries wore a determined look. As he stopped to spit Fitzsimmons jabbed him three times in the mouth and forced him to the ropes. Jeffries came back like an enraged bull and bleeding from his nose, mouth and cheek, he rushed the smaller man to the ropes, putting left on body and right over the heart. Fitzsimmons stood him off, however, with left jabs, occasionally sending left to head. Jeffries sent left to the head and in the clinch they carried on a conversation, Fitzsimmons smiling good-naturedly, while Jeffries was bleeding and presented a terrible appearance. He was not tired, however, and took it easy in the wait between rounds.

Jeffries Knocks Out Fitz.

Round 8—Bob stood up straight, feinting with his left and drawing Jeffries on. Jeffries wore a smile on his bloody lips, and ducking a left swing landed a hard left on the ribs. They went at it, Fitzsimmons putting left on face and getting one on the head. Fitzsimmons missed a right and took a stiff punch on the body Jeffries forced the fighting at this stage, crouching low and carrying his right high and left far back. They came together and clinched. Fitzsimmons stepped back and spoke to Jeffries, and before he could get out of reach Jeffries quickly hooked his left to stomach, followed by left to jaw, and Fitzsimmons went down. He came up slowly and before he could get up on both feet the referee counted ten and the fight was over, the body blow really did the work.

Corbett-McGovern Fight.

New York, July 25.—Young Corbett, who is matched to fight Terry McGovern on August 29, received a telegram today from his manager, Johnny Corbett, at Denver, advising him that under no circumstances should he accept Tim Hearst for referee. No reason was assigned. A message was sent to McGovern's manager at New London inviting him to a conference on Sunday, July 27, at the Hotel Metropole, in this city.

Forbes Bests Rotchford.

Indianapolis, July 25.—Clarence Forbes was given the decision over "Billy" Rotchford at the end of a ten-round bout tonight. It was a clever contest with Forbes doing the leading. Both men are from Chicago. "Kid" Clark, of Indianapolis, was given the decision over "Kid" Shea, of Cincinnati, in the second round of the first preliminary.

THREE GO DOWN IN TEXAS FLOOD

Cloudburst Is Followed by Cloudburst in Portions of Texas.

WASHOUTS REPORTED BY THE RRAILROADS

B. Whitely and Little Daughter First Victims in West Texas, and Attorney Goodner Loses His Life Trying To Save Others.

Dallas, Tex., July 25.—The rainfall in west Texas, which is characterized as the worst ever known, continued today, and at Stephensville three lives were lost in a rushing torrent of water. Several houses were surrounded by the flood, and B. Whitely, in attempting to rescue his family, was drowned with his little daughter. Later in the day Assistant County Attorney Goodner was drowned in an attempt to rescue the same family. None of the bodies have been recovered.

Cloudburst was followed by cloudburst in west Texas, and lakes and seas of water have inundated the country, causing great loss to the railroads and interrupting traffic and travel. The worst feature is that the rain continues to descend in torrents as far east as Weatherford. The downpour is the heaviest ever recorded in west Texas, which is subject to protracted droughts that are generally broken by heavy rains, which gorge the canons. The water in the Pecos valley country is 20 feet deeper than ever known.

Several washouts have occurred on the joint track used by the Texas and Pacific and Southern Pacific railways between Sierra Blanca and El Paso, and south of Sierra Blanca the Southern Pacific has suffered. It is doubtful if the Pecos valley road can be put in condition to move trains under ten days or two weeks, even should the rain cease now.

Railroad officials report that as fast as the track has been washed away or bridges destroyed they have been replaced only to be again destroyed by the swirling waters. There has been no through travel since Tuesday.

SCENES PRECEDING THE GREAT FIGHT

Continued from First Page.

The good order and absence of confusion was remarkable.

By 9 o'clock all the ticket holders were in their allotted spaces and not a vacant seat was visible.

Outside the big inclosure the wind blew a gale, but the temperature within was quite comfortable.

The fourteen arc lights suspended above the ring gave sufficient light for the fighters, as well as the audience. These were the only lights within the inclosure. When asked in the dressing room as to his weight, Fitzsimmons replied:

"Oh, about 158 or 160," and added that when he fought Jeffries at Coney Island he weighed 156 pounds. Jeffries, according to Delaney, weighed this afternoon 215 pounds.

DOZEN WOMEN IN BUNCH CAUSED LITTLE FLURRY.

The preliminary was ended by 9:35 p. m. by Foley knocking Barry out in the eleventh round. Immediately the crowd became impatient and there was a good deal of stirring about and visiting among the well-known characters at the ringside. The appearance of about a dozen women in one party caused a momentary flurry. They took seats in a box directly back of the press row.

The make-up of the crowd was unusual. There was absolutely perfect order. The bench and bar of San Francisco as well as of other professional life was well represented. Large delegations from interior California cities, including Los Angeles, Jeffries' home, Bakersfield, Stockton and Fresno, held blocks of seats. The Los Angeles party was especially large, among them being many well-known men from the southern part of the state.

A conservative estimate of the amount realized from the ticket sales places the sum at $35,000.

After the preliminary there occurred a wait, during which the crowd called to each other across the ring and shouted for the big men to come on. It was reported that Eddie Graney, who had been selected as referee, wished to be paid $500 for his services, while the managers thought $200 sufficient remuneration. Kid McFadden, the little fighter who has just returned from England, took advantage of the wait to have himself introduced as the champion featherweight. The kid's reception, however, was very chilly and he made his exit quickly. The crowd wanted nothing but the big men.

SILVER ADVOCATE SPEAKS IN EAST

Democrats of Maine Greet W. J. Bryan.

Five Thousand People Hear Him at Rockland — Says They Are Not Afraid To Stand by the Kansas City Platform.

Bangor, Me., July 25.—William Jennings Bryan came to Bangor for the first time today, and received a welcome from the democrats of this city and the surrounding country that must have been gratifying to him. The auditorium was filled long before Mr. Bryan arrived, and the silver advocate, as well as those accompanying him, were received with tremendous applause.

In his speech at Augusta this afternoon Mr. Bryan said he was glad to come to Maine, because the democrats of this state were not afraid to stand up for the Kansas City platform and let the whole world know that they are willing to abide by the principles of that platform. He spoke against the gold stanrard and charged that that system of finance was created by the republican party, while it was committed to the doctrine of international bimetalism.

Speaks to 5,000 People.

Rockland, Me., July 25.—A night in a railway train, breakfast at the hotel, greetings by representative democrats of this section and open-air speech delivered to 5,000 people comprised the programme of William J. Bryan from the time he left Boston yesterday to the hour of departure from this city before noon today.

With Mr. Bryan were Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, and Charles Hamlin, of Massachusetts. Mr. Bryan and Mr. Carmack addressed an audience of at least five thousand.

Mr. Bryan discussed taxation, the money question, trusts and imperialism. He recommended as a measure for needed reform in taxation a tariff for revenue only and an income tax.

He said that the money issue was by no means dead, and that he hated a private monopoly as he hated a monarchy.

Taking up the question of imperialism, he said: "In defense of our national policy three reasons are urged.

"First, there is money in it. Those who urge this should show that it will pay.

"Secondly, that we are in it by God's will. God never told us to go to the Philippines to make a war of conquest.

"Thirdly, that we are in it because we cannot get out of it. I denounce a doctrine that a nation or a man can go so far as to be unable to retrace his step. We had no business to make a war in the Philippines, as there was no occasion for war. Had we treated the Filipinos as we did the Cubans there would have been no war. I want the same moral victory in the Philippines as in Cuba.

Sends Bouquet to Mrs. Sewall.

Bath, Me., July 25.—William Jennings Bryan and his party reached here at noon. No arrangements had been made for a reception here, but a crowd of a thousand assembled at the station. Mr. Bryan addressed them from the car platform, and in his speech feelingly alluded to the late Arthur Sewell, who was the vice presidential candidate in '96 on the ticket with Mr. Bryan. A handsome boquet of pinks was sent to Mrs. Sewell, the widow of Arthur Sewell, by Mr. Bryan.

Senator Cormack also spoke briefly.

Great Ovation at Augusta.

Augusta, Me., July 25.—An immense crowd warmly greeted Mr. Bryan and his party when they arrived here this afternoon. Mr. Bryan spoke in the city hall and was given a tremendous ovation.

In his address he referred to the leading issues which the voters of Maine should consider between now and election day

GATE CITY GUN CLUB SHOOT.

Sixteen Members Participate in Exciting Contest at Piedmont Park Yesterday.

The shoot at Piedmont park yesterday participated in by members of the Gate City Gun Club, proved to be interesting and exciting.

Sixteen crack shots made trys at the birds. Twenty-five was the number shot at by each. The score resulted as follows.

A. Bieser, 21; F. L. Williams, 19; O. Wingate, 19; W. J. Tims, 14; D. T. Caridy, 14; F. E. Little, 13; Dr. Carnes, 13; M. A. Lanford, 13; H. D. Freeman, 11; T. H. Lafitte, 11; T. J. Proudfoot, 10; W. M. McNeal, 10; W. D. Benson, 9; T. Kilpatrick, 9; G. H. Buchanan, 6, and Rev. John A. White, 6.

The shoots take place every Tuesday and Friday.

Next Tuesday there will be a contest between the policemen and firemen. Five crack shots from each department will enter the shoot.

CONNECTICUT AND LOUISIANA.

Circulars for Two New Battle Ships Issued.

Washington, July 25.—The circulars for the two new battle ships, the Connecticut and Louisiana, were issued by the navy department today. Plans will be ready August 1. The Connecticut will be built in the New York navy yard. The bids will be opened about October 1. The maximum time for construction of the Louisiana is forty-two months. For any delay beyond the contract time the builders are to forfeit $300 per day for the first month and $600 a day thereafter. In considering bids preference will be given to the bidder who offers to construct the ship in the shortest time. The speed of the ship is to be 18 knots. If it falls below that limit $50,000 is to be deducted from the contract price for each quarter knot down to 17 knots, and $100,000 for each quarter knot below the latter figure down to 16 1-2 knots. If the ship fails to make 16 1-2 knots the secretary of the navy can reject her at his discretion.

In a general way it can be said the Louisiana and the Connecticut will be of the same type as the battle ships Georgia and New Jersey. They will measure 450 feet on the load line, and will have an extreme width of 76 feet and 10 inches. The main batteries will consist of four 12-inch, eight 8-inch and twelve 7-inch guns. The hull will be protected by 9-inch armor.

CASTRO BENT ON FIGHTING.

He Will Force the Rebels to a Decisive Engagement.

Willemstad, July 25.—President Castro, of Venezuela, returned to La Guira today at 10 o'clock from Barcelona. With the troops which returned with him he will leave La Guira Monday for Valencia, where the final action with the revolutionists will be fought.

MUSE'S Adjustment Sale



An Epitome of Reductions in the Boys' Dep't.

Wash Suits at HALF Price. Piques, linens, chambrays, etc. 75c to $2.50--Were $1.50 to $5. Lawn Blouses, 50c and up, were $1 and up.

1-3 OFF on Boys' All-wool Crash Suits 3 to 10 years--Yoke-Norfolk Cut, Star Shirt Waists at 75c. Fresh, new styles.



Boys' Two-piece and Sailor Suits.

Worsteds, Cheviots--good styles mixtures, stripe effects and invisibles. Single and double breasted cuts in 2-piece suits; also some sailor styles.

For Boys 3 to 17 years.

Original Prices	Prices Now
$7.50 and $8.00	$5.50
$6.00	$4.00
$5.00	$3.75
$4.00	$3.00
$3.00	$2.50

The MUSE Store 3, 5 and 7 Whitehall.

Our Latest Acquisition

88 WHITEHALL

Piedmont is dead so 'tis said, and BROYLES' installed in it's stead. 'Tis true, 'tis true. Goods in this line are very fine, though on the decline

To You! To You!

R. A. BROYLES has purchased the Piedmont Grocery Co., lock and stock (declining the barrel high prices.) Bought at a discount "consequents" the gain is yours.

Pure Leaf Lard, pound	11c	Plantation Gran. Sugar, 20 pounds	$1.00
Fancy Lemons, dozen	12½c	Gen. N. O. Syrup, per gallon	50c
Fancy Irish Potatoes, peck	20c	Georgia Cane Syrup, per gallon	45c
Heinz Beans (small size) can	4c	Cooper's Georgia Cane in cans, quarts, 18c; 1-2 gallon, 35c; gallon	65c
Std. Gran. Sugar, 18 pounds	$1.00	1 pound Package Corn Starch	5c
Fancy Patent Flour, guaranteed	60c	Glorioia Soap, 10 bars	25c

And So On Down the Line.

R. A. BROYLES,

88 WHITEHALL. Both Phones 468.

275 Whitehall, Phone Connections.

41 Marietta, under Columbia Theater, Phone Connections.

392 Peachtree, Phone Connections.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

MAN AND WOMAN SHOT BY NEGROES

Miss Cobbs Dangerously and Oscar Reid Fatally Wounded.

They Were on Street of Ensley When Bullet Struck Young Woman. Reid Was Shot by Man He Had Arrested—Prisoner Escapes.

Birmingham, Ala., July 25.—Oscar Reid, 19 years of age, and Mrs. Babbie Englett were shot on the streets of Ensley late this afternoon by two negroes, and the young man is not expected to live through the night.

The negroes were firing their pistols in a vacant lot near the street and one of the stray bullets struck Mrs. Englett in the hip, inflicting a dangerous but not fatal wound. The young man carried Mrs. Englett to her home near by and with her father went back to arrest the two negroes.

One of the negroes was apprehended, but catching young Reid off his guard, sprang upon him, seized his revolver and shot him through the side. The negro then disappeared into the woods, and though a posse has been chasing him all night he has so far successfully eluded them. Physicians say Reid cannot recover.

ATTACK MADE ON MARCONI.

Alleged He Is Not the Inventor of Wireless Telegraphy.

London, July 25.—The Saturday Review says a startling denouement followed Professor Thompson's attacks in The Review on the validity of the Marconi patents in which the professor said an Italian naval officer named Solari was the real inventor of the wireless telegraph system. It says:

"The official journal of the patent office, July 16, announces that Guglielmo Marconi, who, September 10, 1901, had filed a patent in his own name for this invention, now seeks leave to amend the application by converting it into an application for a patent for an invention communicated to him from abroad by the Marquis Luigi Solari, of Italy."

SIX MEN HANGED IN ARKANSAS

Executed in Arkansas on Charge of Murder.

Three Pay Penalty for Killing Woman, Dave McWhittier, White, Among the Number. Hangman Had a Very Busy Day.

Little Rock, Ark., July 25.—Six men were hanged in Arkansas today, each for murder. Two of them were white men. The executions took place during the forenoon except at Arkansas City, where James Kitts was hanged at 2 p. m.

The executions were as follows:

At Washington, Dee Noland, colored, for the murder of his wife near Watkinsburg; Tom Simms, colored, for the murder of Nancy and Tabitha Jetton, near Spring Hill.

At Arkansas City, James Kitts, colored, for the murder of Jim Johnson, colored, November 13, 1901.

At Forest City, C. Y. Tanner, colored, for the murder of Robert Black, colored.

At Van Buren, Dave McWhittier, white, for the murder of his wife near Mulberry, November 15, 1901.

At Center Point, Lath Hembree, white, for the murder of W. M. Ellis, white Polk county, March 2, 1900.

Named Camp Roosevelt.

Washington, July 25.—The great marine camp on Culebra island, West Indies, has been named by official order from marine headquarters Camp Roosevelt.

Paid $5,000 for Imogene.

Cleveland, July 25.—C. K. G. Billings, of Chicago, today bought the chestnut mare Imogene, by Elyria of J. H. Outhwaite, of this city. The terms are private, but are believed to be $5,000. Imogene has no turf record, but has trotted a mile in 2:13 3-4 at the matinees.

Cuban Educational Budget.

Havana, July 25.—At a cabinet meeting held today Senor Yero, secretary of public instruction, presented the budget of his department, showing the amount required for educational purposes to be $3,917,363.

Italy's King To Visit Kaiser.

Rome, July 25.—According to The Tribuna, King Victor Emmanuel will visit Emporer William the last week in August.

It Costs You 2 cts. TO GET OUR FIGURES AND IT MAY Save You $2.00.

Why not ask what it will cost?

Byrd Printing Co.,

Phone 1560. 8 S. Broad St.

A RECORD-BREAKING ERA

OF PROGRESS, PROSPERITY AND ENTERPRISE.

NO SOUTHERN INDUSTRY

CAN COMPARE WITH THE GROWTH, SUCCESS AND PROSPERITY OF.....

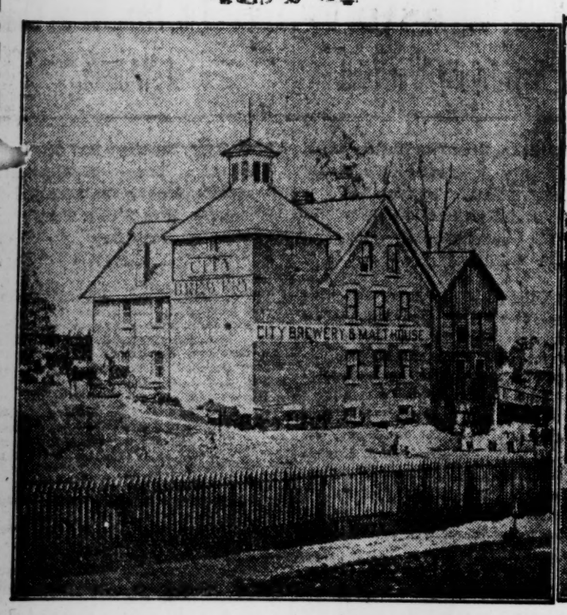
The Atlanta Brewing & Ice Co.

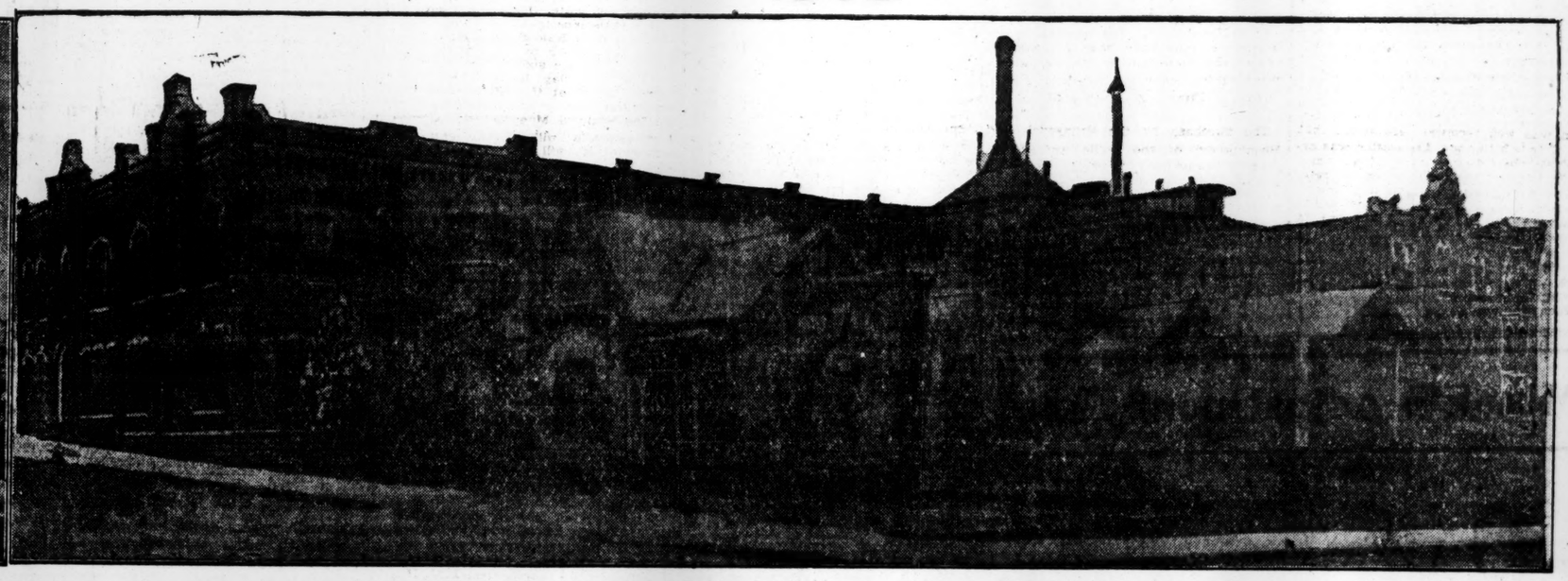
of Atlanta, Ga., U. S. A.

28 YEARS OF UNPARALLELED SUCCESS.

VIEWS OF THE BREWERY.

1902





The above illustrations show the phenomenal growth and marvellous dimensions of this rapidly growing and successful Georgia industry. From a diminutive and insignificantly small venture of about 30 years ago, this popular and successful enterprise has assumed mammoth proportions, covering an area of nearly five acres. The Brewery proper covers a space of about 80,000 square feet above ground. The machinery space about 10,000 square feet. Storage room for Malt and Hops alone about 6,000 square feet; Refrigerating Plant space not less than 8,000 feet of the Brewery, besides a first-class plant at the river (not at present in use) worth $75,000, but which will be run to its full capacity next season. The ice plant at the Brewery alone is capable of furnishing 160 tons refrigeration daily. Boiler house contains four 400-horse power boilers covering about 8,000 square feet, and are kept running to their full capacity, supplying necessary steam for two ponderous engines that are obliged to run incessantly day and night through nearly every month in the year to enable them to supply the growing demand for their popular brands of beer. The Cooperage department covers about 8,000 feet floor space. The blacksmith shop and wagon building and repair department, as well as stabling for 125 head of stock, necessarily cover an immense space and are very interesting to visitors. Oh! but the cellars; a visit to the Brewery would not be half complete and interesting unless the almost seemingly endless cellar space were explored, and such a treat cannot be adequately described. Floor after floor you descend, about 100 feet, through different cellar sections containing storage and fermenting vats from 1,500 to 5,000 gallon capacity, aggregating nearly 300,000 gallons of this luscious and aromatic beverage. An hour cannot be more profitably or interestingly spent than in these underground domains. The next and not least interesting place of interest is the new two-story bottling department fronting on Courtland street, with floor space of about 12,500 feet. In this department may be seen the most complete and interesting bottling outfit in the south. Every machine specially adapted for its particular use is systematically arranged and run with clock-like precision. The capacity of this department is for turning out over 17,000 bottles per day and is at present being run daily for fifteen hours to its full capacity; even then orders are frequently away behind unavoidably. Under the alert and able management of President Albert Steiner and his son, Ira R. Steiner, Secretary and Treasurer, this immense concern will soon reach the proportions of the immense Breweries of the North and West. The increase in demand for their established and popular brands, "Astoria," "Royal Pale," and "Old Cabinet," is simply marvellous and rests in the fact that purity and richness of quality and flavor are made the highest consideration.

The Celebrated Astoria Beer is delivered to any part of the City at $1.25 per dozen, with 25c per dozen rebate for bottles, when returned. Ready use, unsteamed beer for family use in cases of two dozen, $1.25 per case, bottles, of course, to be returned.

Order by 'Phone and Patronize Home Industry.

1249 BELL OR STANDARD.

GREAT REUNION OF OLD VETERANS

Thirtieth Georgia Regiment Meets in Griffin.

Largest Attendance and Most Interesting Session Ever Held—Grizzled Old Heroes Wept and Embraced Each Other Like Brothers.

Griffin, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—The annual reunion of the Thirtieth Georgia regiment, C. S. A., was held in this city today and was the largest attended and most interesting session in the history of the regiment. The grizzled old veterans listened to tales of their heroism told in beautiful language by brilliant orators and as they were carried back to the times that tried men's souls they were overcome with feeling and wept and embraced each other like reunited brothers.

The visitors arrived on the morning trains and were escorted to the Commercial Club where they were entertained until 10:15, when they were driven to Camp Northen, where the exercises were held. One of the large mess halls served as a stage while the hundreds of spectators were seated in the beautiful grove surrounding it. On the stage were Governor A. D. Candler, General Clement A. Evans, Hon. James L. Boynton, Hon. Marcus W. Beck, Judge W. C. Beeks, Captain A. B. Anderson, Captain "Tip" Harrison, Robert Osborn, president of the Thirtieth Georgia Association; Mayor D. J. Bailey, and other prominent citizens. The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. A. C. Smith, chaplain of the regiment.

The veterans were welcomed to the city by Mayor Bailey, who said it was fit that they should meet here where the first flag was unfurled over a confederate dead, and also because of the fact that the three colonels of the regiment were Griffin men. He introduced to the audience Mrs. Thomas W. Mangham, wife of the second colonel, and Mrs. James S. Boynton, wife of Colonel Boynton, in whose honor the regiment met in Griffin. These ladies were cheered to the echo as they arose and bowed to the old veterans who had followed their husbands in the thick of battle.

A. P. Anderson, secretary of the Thirtieth Georgia Association, responded, saying the welcome was doubly appreciated because Griffin was so closely identified with the regiment in furnishing such a large per cent of its members. He spoke of the heroic conduct of the regiment during the sixties, and paid beautiful tributes to its three colonels.

Judge Walter C. Beeks delivered the address of welcome to the Thirtieth Georgia Association. He is one of the most beautiful speakers in the state and on this occasion his whole heart was in his subject and his address was an epic poem.

The response by President Robert Osborn was well received. He stated that the Thirtieth Georgia Association was organized when their colonel, Hon. James S. Boynton, was governor of Georgia, and today marked the nineteenth annual reunion of the association, which would continue to meet each year as long as two members of the gallant Thirtieth Georgia regiment lived.

Mayor Bailey, who was the master of ceremonies, asked permission to speak of the injustices done the great confederate leaders by the historians of the country, and asked that the veterans insist upon their children being taught the truth in regard to the civil war. He warned the veterans against subscribing for a certain encyclopedia, claiming it was far too partial to the north in its account of the war.

"Old-Time Confederates."

Captain "Tip" Harrison was the next speaker and instead of speaking entirely of the heroism of the soldier he paid a beautiful eulogy to the noble women of the south, whom he claimed endured greater hardships than the men engaged in the campaign. At the conclusion of his remarks he led in singing "We Are Old-Time Confederates," a patriotic song composed by himself, in which the large concourse of people joined in the chorus.

Hon. Marcus W. Beck, commander of John McIntosh Kell camp, Sons of Veterans, delivered the most polished and patriotic address ever listened to in this city. In depicting the heroism and deeds of valor of the confederate soldier he thrilled his hearers with his matchless flow of eloquence.

General Clement A. Evans made a few remarks, speaking in a vein of humor peculiarly his own. In referring to a remark of Mayor Bailey that Griffin was growing so fast that some day it might be necessary to move the state capital there General Evans replied that he would approve the move as a settlement of the vexatious depot question.

Colonel James S. Boynton was the next speaker, but was too feeble to do more than thank his old comrades for the beautiful eulogies they had paid him and express his appreciation of their meeting in Griffin. He was overcome by his feelings and as he sank into his seat his eyes were suffused with tears.

Mayor Bailey proposed three cheers for Colonel Boynton, which were given with enthusiasm and taught the younger members of the audience the sound of the old "rebel yell."

Governor Candler was then introduced, who prefaced his remarks by stating that he did not come to make a speech but to meet and again mingle with the members of the Thirtieth Georgia regiment, whom he had known and loved so long. He emphasized the duty referred to by Mayor Bailey in teaching the children the truths of the civil war and telling them their fathers were not rebels. He paid a glowing tribute to the gallant Thirtieth Georgia, who had won honors in private life after the closing of the terrible tragedies of the sixties. He closed by stating that there was a good dinner awaiting all and at that late hour it was preferable to any kind of speech. The governor became very much enthused in the course of his address and was frequently interrupted by rounds of applause.

The barbecue which was served immediately after the speaking was served under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy and after feeding the 500 people there were several carcasses untouched, so bountifully had the feast been prepared. Nothing occurred to mar the pleasures of the day, and the old veterans were loud in their praise of Griffin's hospitality. Governor Candler and General Evans returned to Atlanta at 3 o'clock, while the other visitors remained until later trains.

COTTON DEALERS CLAIM DAMAGES

Suit Filed Against Railroads by Augusta Brokers for $58,000.

DELAY IN SHIPMENTS IS GROUND OF ACTION

Alleged Agreement of Roads as to Amount Each Should Handle Caused Loss—Will Build New Railroad—Other News Notes of Interest.

Athens, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—A suit for $58,000 damages was filed by Messrs. J. W. Inman and J. F. McGowan, of Augusta, against the Louisville and Nashville railroad and the Atlantic Coast Line in Clarke superior court.

The damages claimed are alleged to arise from the railroads delaying the shipment of several thousand bales of cotton from Athens to Augusta. It is alleged that this delay was caused by an agreement entered into between the different roads as to the amount of cotton each road would haul out of Athens.

Will Build Railroad.

A committee of Danielsville citizens were in Athens today for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions from the wholesale merchants toward building a railroad from Five Forks to Danielsville.

This road would be an extension of the road now owned by Colonel James M. Smith, which connects the Georgia and the Seaboard. Colonel Smith will build the new road from Five Forks to Danielsville if the citizens of that place will put up $10,000 in cash. It is believed that there will be no trouble in securing the money.

News in Brief.

Chancellor Walter B. Hill left today for Chautauqua, N. Y., where he is to make an address before the chautauqua assembly. He will be gone several days before returning to Clarkesville, Ga., where he is spending the summer.

A report has been circulated here for some days that Professor D. J. D. Myers, of Lafayette, Ga., a recent graduate of the University of Georgia, had died in the Philippines, where he went several months since as a teacher. This report turns out to be untrue and Professor Myers' many friends will be glad to hear that he is alive and well at Manila.

The Northeast Georgia Fair Association is an assured success. The sum of money necessary to give the fair this fall is being subscribed as rapidly as the people can be seen, and there is no doubt but that a splendid fair will be held in this city in November.

B. & B. Buys T. & N. RAILROAD?

Reported That Price Paid for Line Was $250,000.

Savannah, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—The Brunswick and Birmingham railroad, it is reported, today bought the Tifton and Northeastern railroad, extending from Tifton to Fitzgerald, paying $250,000 for it.

The purchase by the Brunswick and Birmingham of the Ocilla and Worth railroad, previously reported, was confirmed.

Grand Masonic Rally.

Monroe, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—Walnut Grove Lodge of Masons did itself proud Wednesday, receiving her friends and brethren in a Masonic rally, the day being full of profit and pleasure to all who attended. Colonel George M. Napier, of Monroe, was the orator of the day. Already recognized as a splendid orator, Colonel Napier yesterday added new luster to his record, being without a peer in Georgia in the treatment of the glorious principles and tenets of Masonry. A bountiful spread, prepared under the direction of that prince of entertainers, Hon. Samuel H. Brodnax, master of the local lodge, was enjoyed, after which Hon. L. L. Middlebrooks, senator-elect for the twenty-seventh senatorial district, and Hon. L. F. Livingston, to whom the people of Walton have been loyel and true for so many years, entertained the people with able addresses. The day was one of rare enjoyment and much praise is accorded the good people of western Walton for their hospitality.

Ball Player Dies at Americus.

Americus, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—Paul Melton, a prominent young man of Dawson, died in Americus this afternoon at Hotel Allen from congestion. Melton was pitching for the Dawson ball club and after the game here yesterday he drank a quantity of cold water. Congestion resulted and death ensued this afternoon. Relatives came from Dawson today and will carry the body home tomorrow.

WILL NOT GRANT EXCLUSIVE USE

Macon Streets Will Not Be Closed to Competition.

Merger of Lines Will Be Carefully Considered by the Mayor and Council Before Action Is Taken — Other News in Brief.

Macon, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—It appears very certain that the mayor and aldermen will consider very carefully the application for their ratification of the proposed merger or consolidation of the three street railway lines of Macon, namely, the Macon Consolidated street railroad, Macon electric light and railway, and the Metropolitan street railway, which properties have been bought by Richmond, Baltimore and Savannah capitalists at an estimated cost of seven hundred thousand to one million dollars. It is quite apparent today that council does not intend to act hastily in the matter. Printed copies of all contracts, agreements and papers existing on the official records of the city relative to the street railways are being prepared in pamphlet form, under a resolution by Alderman Pearson, and a copy will be furnished to each alderman for study and consideration.

It is regarded that more than a mere ratification of the merger is involved. It is considered that the question of franchises looms up prominently.

It is true that the franchise of the Macon Consolidated Street Railroad Company to run on the streets of Macon is for 101 years, of which period only about ten or eleven years have expired, but it is also true that the exclusive use of the streets occupied by the Consolidated was granted for twenty years, and at least half of this time has expired.

The franchise of the Macon Electric Light and Railway Company was granted for twenty years, and half of this time has expired.

The franchise of the Metropolitan company is for 101 years, and ten or twelve years of this time have expired.

It is believed that the new purchasers of the above lines would like for council to give the merger lines a franchise for fifty years. This would be a lengthening of the franchise of the Macon Electric Light and Railway Company and a shortening of the franchise of the Macon Consolidated and the Metropolitan companies. It is not thought that the merger company will be granted the exclusive use of the streets.

The public is awaiting with curiosity and interest to learn what will be the final outcome from the announcement by Senator A. O. Bacon of the existence of his contract with the Metropolitan street railroad. The features of this contract have been published in The Constitution. The public will not be surprised to hear that Senator Bacon's street railway, the North and South, will be included in the merger. If this is done all of the lines in Macon will then be consolidated and the people will enjoy transfers over the four lines to all parts of the city, and much property in North Macon will be developed by the operation of the North and South railroad to it, and the city of Macon will reap the benefit in taxation from this property.

An Interesting Hearing.

This was an interesting day in the hearing in the bankruptcy case of Rogers & Joiner Company. R. Morrison Rogers, of the firm, was on the witness stand and he was subjected to a rigid cross-examination. He refused to answer certain questions and opposing counsel will seek to have him forced to answer them. The hearing seems to be reaching the sensational stage. Rogers was asked what became of a large stock of goods that was hypothecated at banks, and other questions of an interesting nature, but he declined to answer. It was admitted that in January of this year the liabilities were $50,000 greater than were reported at that time, and that there was no annual profit from the business of $18,000, though this statement had been made. It was admitted that the system of bankruptcy was bad.

A Decree Signed.

Today Judge Speer signed a decree in the case of Cabaniss and other trustees versus the Rico Mining Company and Rogers & Joiner Company. Receiver Leon S. Dure was directed to pay certain costs and fees and was directed to deliver to the marshal all assets of the Rico Mining Company in his hands, and to O. A. Park, the trustee in bankruptcy, all assets of the Rogers & Joiner Commission Company and of D. C. Joiner in his hands. The decree further provides that when the accounts of the receiver are approved that he be discharged. The court also ordered that the funds turned over to the marshal and trustee be held subject to the order of the court.

Macon Receives $5,372.

Today Mayor Smith received from the United States treasury department at Washington a check for $5,372, which represents Macon's claim against the government for damages to Central City park by the encampment of soldiers there during the Spanish-American war. The claim made by the city was classed as a model claim and the government readily agreed to pay it. Macon obtained the money through the efforts of Senator Bacon and Congressman Bartlett.

News Notes from Macon.

Sheriff Newton, of Monroe county, came to Macon today for Jeff Cochran, the alleged bigamist, and carried him back to Forsyth. Miss Edge, whom he married in Monroe county, is only 14 years old.

Cosby Carlisle, a brother of James G. Carlisle, of Macon, died last night in Hiram, Ohio, from appendicitis. He was studying for the ministry. His home was in Washington county, Georgia.

Charlie Stubbs, colored, has been appointed United States internal revenue stamp deputy for Macon.

The contract to erect a handsome five-story building at Baer's corner, corner of Cherry and Third streets, has been let. There will be four stores on the Cherry street side and two on Third street. The building will be the property of Mrs. T. C. Dempsey.

FIFTH REGIMENT IS ENTERTAINED

Two Balls Given in Honor of Georgia Troops at Wrightsville Beach.

ATLANTIC YACHT CLUB GIVES BIG RECEPTION

Soldiers Pass in Review Before Personal Representative of Governor Aycock—Other News in Brief from State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., July 25.—(Special.)—The Fifth Georgia volunteers was given a ball and reception at Wrightsville, at the Seashore hotel, last evening by the proprietor of that house.

This evening the Wilmington Light Infantry's officers, aided by the officers of the Second regiment, North Carolina state guard, gave a ball and reception to the officers of the regiment at the Atlantic Yacht Club. At this were also present Adjutant General B. S. Royster, who this afternoon reviewed the regiment; also Quartermaster General Francis Macon and Assistant Adjutant General Landis, who were of the reviewing party.

Governor Aycock greatly regretted that he could not review the Fifth, but engagements made it impossible.

North Carolina News.

Ex-State Democratic Chairman James H. Pou declares he believes State Chairman Simmons' open letter to Senator Pritchard (which has been summarized in The Constitution) will result in making the republican state convention's platform say that that party will not antagonize the franchise amendment to the constitution, eliminating most of the negro vote.

The increase in the assessment of values of the property of common carriers in the state, as made by the corporation commission this week, is $370,000 greater than last year's. Of this increase $107,000 is on steam railways, the remainder on electric railways, electric plants and water works.

Insurance Commissioner Young is in the eastern part of the state, and expects by tomorrow to procure the arrest of an incendiary. The insurance company settled the loss in question some weeks ago, but information came to the commissioner showing that the fire was of incendiary origin. He put a detective on the case this week.

The company, with $500,000 capital, composed of New Englanders, which intends to colonize large areas in western North Carolina, has taken active steps along that line and is buying large areas of land in three counties.

The Ohio oil experts who are now in the Asheville section say that they believe oil will be found. They have bought the necessary machinery. It is, strange to say, the first test made for oil in this state, though for years belief in its existence in three or four counties not far from Raleigh has existed.

It is reported by the cotton growers that plants are suffering more from the drought in clay lands than in sandy lands, and that the difference is plainly manifest.

The National Manufacturing Company, of Asheville, will ask the state for a charter. It will manufacture articles from talc.

Wireless telegraph stations in the Fessenden system are to be located in Pamlico sound, for a distance of 100 miles or more.

FLANIGAN AND PATE NOMINEES

They Will Represent Gwinnett County in Legislature.

Lawrenceville, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—The democratic primary held in Gwinnett today to nominate members of the legislature and county officers resulted as follows:

F. C. Flanigan and T. A. Pate are the nominees for the legislature.

N. S. Robinson was nominated for clerk of the superior court over D. T. Cain, who has held the office for twenty-two years.

R. T. Martin defeated T. A. Haslett, who has been sheriff for twelve years.

J. A. Perry ran third in the four-cornered race for the legislature. He was a candidate for speaker pro tem. and his chances for election were good had he been returned to the legislature.

John W. Britt, treasurer; P. J. Hinton, tax collector, and J. R. Garner, tax receiver, had no opposition.

Greenville Wants New Depot.

Greenville, S. C., July 25.—(Special.)—The Greenville board of trade is agitating a new depot. President A. A. Bristow will confer with the Southern railway authorities in a few days concerning the matter and if they do not favor it the board intends to submit a proposition to the state railroad commission. The miserable wooden excuse now used for depot purposes is a disgrace to the city.

R. H. Hendry Is Nominated.

Hinesville, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—In the primary for representative held here yesterday R. H. Hendry received about two-thirds majority over J. T. Gill. The total vote cast was 339.

"The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous."

WE HAVE ACCEPTED THE AGENCY FOR

SCHLITZ MILWAUKEE BEER,

(Brewery Bottling),

The most popular brand of bottled beer on the market. Pronounced by CONNOISSEURS unequalled for the table and buffet. Especially recommended for invalids requiring an absolutely pure beer.

Schlitz Is Noted for its Purity.

PRICE:

$1.50 dozen pints; $12.00 cask of ten dozen pints.

SOLD AT FIRST-CLASS SALOONS.

SCHLITZ MALT EXTRACT,

The purest and best; $2.00 per dozen pints. Reliable Druggists handle it.

R. M. ROSE COMPANY, Sole Agents,

Reliable Wine and Liquor Merchants,

12 Marietta St. 'Phones 184. ATLANTA, GA.

WRITE FOR BOOKLETS "ABOUT PURE BEER" AND "MALT EXTRACT."

Hotel Bienville,

MOBILE, ALA.



ROOMS: $1.00 and up. $1.50 with bath and up. Large Sample Rooms, Restaurant and Buffet

New European Hotel.

THE RUSH IS OVER.

Now Is the Opportune Time to Make a Purchase.

There is no time like the present. Why? Because you can secure the handsomest Suit of the finest fabric just now at wonderfully low prices from

A. SATZKY, Merchant Tailor,

37 N. Forsyth St., Prudential Bldg.

— USE —

SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.'S



MONEY ORDERS

for all your Small Remittances, by mail or otherwise.

Sold on all points in the United States, Canada, and on Havana, Cuba.

CHEAP AND CONVENIENT. NO APPLICATION REQUIRED.

A receipt is given and money will be refunded if order is lost.

Sold at all agencies of the Southern Express Company at all reasonable hours.

RATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

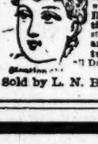
	CENTS		CENTS
Not over $ 2.50	3	Not over $100.50	33
" 5.00	5	" 105.00	35
" 10.00	8	" 110.00	38
" 20.00	10	" 120.00	40
" 30.00	12	" 130.00	42
" 40.00	15	" 140.00	45
" 50.00	18	" 150.00	48
" 60.00	20	" 160.00	50
" 75.00	25	" 175.00	55
" 100.00	30	" 200.00	60

SHIP YOUR GOODS BY THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY

which operates on 27,000 miles of first-class railroads, with connections with other companies, to all points accessible by express.

The celebrated Anheuser-Busch Beer, on tap, at Hollis', 10 Peachtree, on Viaduct.

CHICHESTER'S PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Phila., Pa.

Sold by L. N. Brunswig & Co., New Orleans, La.

HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS.

Sweetwater Park Hotel,

LITHIA SPRINGS, GA.

MANACED BY OWNERS.

20 MILES FROM ATLANTA, GA., ON WESTERN DIVISION OF SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Elegantly appointed, service perfect, accommodations for 400. Music, dancing, billiards, ten pins and tennis. Guests have free access to "THE FAMOUS BOWDEN LITHIA WATER" for drinking purposes. Rates from $12.50 a week up by the week, by the month from $45 up. Special rates made to families. Pamphlets and information furnished on application.

SWEETWATER PARK HOTEL, Lithia Springs, Ga

Battery Park Hotel,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Special inducements for families who spend the entire summer. Asheville affords exceptional advantages as a summer resort, combining the most healthful climate, cool, salubrious breezes, charming social life, superior accommodations, superb music, fine horseback riding, excellent roads for driving, wonderful mountain views, delightful environments and—best of all—ease of accessibility. For further information apply to E. P. McKISSICK, Proprietor.

$2.00 ROUND TRIP TO The Cliff House, TALLULAH FALLS, GA.

Good going Saturday and returning Monday.

Dancing Saturday Evening.

MILLER'S SANITARY HOTEL.

37-39-41 West 26th St., New York.

In the heart of the city, one block from Madison square, near the big dry goods stores, theaters and churches. Electric and elevated cars to all parts of the city. Nice single and large rooms. Electric elevator, excellent table, mixed diet, with large variety of cereals, health foods, fruits and vegetables. Turkish, electric, Roman, shower, sponge, plunge and full baths. Rooms from $1.00 to $2.50 per day, according to size; with board $2.00 to $3.50 per day. By the week, for two weeks or over, with board, from $10.00 to $23.00 each. E. P. MILLER, PROPRIETOR.

HADDOCK INN,

Toccoa Falls, Ga., Open June 20th.

Electric lights, electric bells, water works, porcelain bath tubs. Bathing in lake and falls pool, tennis, ten pins, ping-pong. Special rates for children and nurses. For booklet, address E. P. SIMPSON.

HOTEL EARLINGTON

NEW AND ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

27th STREET WEST

NEAR BROADWAY.

Center of Shopping and Amusement District.

ORCHESTRA IN PALM ROOM CAFE.

It is the desire of the management to make the Hotel Earlington the New York home of Southerners.

E. M. EARLE & SON.

Single rooms, $1.50 and $2.00, with bath. Double rooms, $3.00 and $4.00, with bath. Suites, parlor, bed room and bath, $3, $4, $5 and $7. Parlor, two bed rooms and bath, $7 and $10.

GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL

And Hot and Cold Sea Water Bathing Annex. Virginia avenue and the Beach.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Only few steps to the famous piers and principal bathing. 350 handsome rooms, single and en suite. Orchestra. American plan. $2.50 per day up; special weekly and season rate. Write for booklet. Coaches meet trains. CHARLES E. COPE.

Richfield Springs, N. Y.,

FIFTEENTH SEASON

HOTEL EARLINGTON

Directly opposite the Great White Sulphur Springs Bathing Establishment.

HOTEL ST. JAMES

Moderate Rates.

E. M. EARLE & SON,

New York Booking Office, Hotel Earlington. GOLF LINKS, 27th St., West, near Broadway.

Pine Mountain Springs...

Refreshing and invigorating baths. Springs of excellent chalybeate and sulphur waters. Fine drives and beautiful mountain scenery. An ideal place for recuperation and pleasure. For descriptive pamphlet, write J. M. HEAD, Lifsey, Ga.

Warm Springs, Georgia.

In Pine Mountains, 1,200 feet high Finest bathing. No mosquitoes. Rates one week, $10.00 to $14.00; two weeks, $9.00 to $12.50 per week; four weeks, $8.00 to $11.00 per week. Week end and season round trip tickets on sale Southern Railway.

CHAS. L. DAVIS, Prop.

Tate Spring, Tenn.,

THE CARLSBAD OF AMERICA.

The most delightful health and pleasure resort in the union. 164 miles east of Chattanooga, in the loveliest valley of the East Tennessee mountains.

Two hotels, 25 cottages, 40 acres lawn, electric lights, water works, steam heat with modern baths, telegraph and long-distance telephone. The water cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all troubles of liver, stomach, bowels and kidneys. Shipped any time anywhere. The Southern railway grants stop-over privileges on round-trip tickets.

Open throughout the year. Send for 50-page book.

Thomas Tomlinson,

Owner and Proprietor, TATE SPRING, TENN.

REFRIGERATORS AT COST.

Eureka Steel Range, $15.00. King Bee Cooking Stove, $6.00. We have just lots of those 1-Qt. Mason's Jars at 49c per dozen left yet.

KING HARDWARE CO., 53, 54, 55 Peachtree and 179 Peters Sts.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

CLARK HOWELL ..... Editor
ROBY ROBINSON ..... Business Manager

The uniform rate of $5 a year for The Daily Constitution, six days in the week, and of $7 a year for The Daily Constitution and The Sunday Constitution and The Sunny South will apply without exception, and no traveling agent or solicitor is authorized to take subscriptions for The Constitution at a less rate.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Our traveling representatives are W. H. OVERBY, E. P. GUINN, W. G. McNELLEY and B. M. PACK. Solicitor, T. H. HUNT.

Our city collectors are Messrs. JAMES T. CARTER and CLAUDE A. VIRGIN. Be sure that you do not pay any one else.

CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

POSTAGE RATES.

United States, Canada and Mexico
10 to 12 page paper..... 1c
16 to 24-page paper..... 2c
28 to 36-page paper..... 3c

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

DAILY, one year..... $6.00
SUNDAY (including Sunny South)..... 2.00
Both of above..... 7.00
WEEKLY, one year..... 1.00
For six or three months at same proportionate rates as above.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

LONDON OFFICE.
Curtis Brown, Representative, 5 Henrietta street, Covent Garden, London, W. C.
The Constitution can be found on file and anyone may have letters sent to that address with safety.

ATLANTA, GA., July 26, 1902.

Executive Support to the Courts.

The refusal of Governor Longino, of Mississippi, to commute the sentences of two men convicted of murder and sentenced to hang is a conspicuous instance of executive fidelity to the interests of society in his state. For both of the men most strenuous appeals were made for clemency because he belonged to a family of great repute and high social prestige. But the courts had decreed that his life was forfeit to the state for the brutal murder of an humble man, and without a shadow of provocation. The governor refused to interfere and the men were hung publicly and successfully, in spite of the threats of his friends to shoot him dead on the gallows rather than have him suffer the ignominy of the hangman's rope!

Governor Davis, of Arkansas, has similarly refused equally strong petitions in recent cases and yesterday six murderers in that state went to deserved and ignominious deaths through the trapdoors of public gibbets. Governor Candler, of this state, has been equally mindful that society, the law, the state's peace have claims in such cases and has stood for the vindication of the law and the the courts by refusing clemency to murderers on sentimental pleas.

These instances are worthy of the fullest praise. The courts of the country are too often blamed with responsibility for the public disposition to mistrust them and forestall them by resorts to lynch law. There may be occasional miscarriages of justice in the courts, but in the main the verdicts of juries are deliberate, conservative and fairly righteous. Indeed, where they convict men in the face of the most able and brilliant defenses that can be made for them and the verdicts are affirmed by the highest tribunal of the state, a governor must be very sure of himself to interfere with the judgments so reached.

The south is rapidly growing adverse to the hip-pocket bully, the high-toned murderer, the man who thinks his blue blood ought to be a carte blanche with justice, and more resolute in demanding that the rights of the law-abiding shall not be sacrificed through mock mercy to such creatures. These governors have done well and their example will strengthen mightily the cause of justice throughout the country.

The Sorrows of Negro Suffragists.

The editor of The Chattanooga Times is traveling in Ohio and writing letters to his paper in which he relates some of his pertinent experiences. Among others he relates conversations he has had with some representative and influential republicans concerning the negro voters. He finds from their confessions that the negro as a voter is no better esteemed in Ohio than in Virginia or Mississippi, and that, "but for the looks of the thing," Ohio would be as glad as anybody to disfranchise the colored brother.

It seems that the negro voter in Ohio is as unsteady and elusive as in the south. He insists upon being taken into account and being paid for his loyalty to the party that he loves because it gave him his freedom and his ballot. Now that he has the latter, he wants it to net him a certain cash return every time he uses it for the party. And even at the best the republican witnesses testify that they are not always sure they get the goods!

There are many places in Ohio, and elsewhere in the north, where the white men of the parties are so evenly balanced that a few negro votes will make the majority either way. Wherever that is the case, the colored voter immediately becomes the "it" of the situation and "the party he loves" has to outbid the democrats in order to hold him to the idol of his gratitude! All this "demoralizes politics" and "debauches elections," say the good republican brethren, and so, according to the editor of The Times, they are coming to look with less of horror and feeling of outrage upon the negro disfranchising efforts of southern commonwealths.

Generally this feeling of disgust with the negro as a voter will pervade all sensible circles in the nation. He is hardest to deal with when he knows he has the advantage politically and can with his ballot make or unmake party fortunes. It is no wonder the Ohio brethren are sickening of his influence in politics and when they get really sick enough to cure the trouble in the only sensible way, both north and south alike, we shall feel more sympathy with their sorrows than we can muster at the present writing.

An Exemplar of Success.

Our valued contemporary, The State, of Columbia, views with some apprehension the acquirement of several large newspaper properties by Mr. Adolph S. Ochs, now the owner of The Chattanooga Times, The New York Times, The Philadelphia Times and lastly The Philadelphia Ledger. The State recalls that Mr. Ochs and his brother George were salaried reporters of The Chattanooga Times but a few years ago and now the former is credited with paying out $4,250,000 for newspaper plants within five years. From these facts The State argues that there is a "snake in the grass," and that it must be the capitalistic crowd that fattens on monopoly and special governmental privileges, and that through Mr. Ochs it is syndicating "a newspaper trust," to influence public opinion.

The facts in the case do not seem to us compatible with The State's theory. Even the four admirable newspapers that Mr. Ochs has acquired would constitute but a feeble trust against the great mass of presses in the nation that are not subservient to the monopolists and trust operators, and Mr. Ochs is too sensible to believe that his four guns could silence the thousands of unmuzzled Columbiads of democracy, even had he the notion to serve the trusts as against the people.

It seems to us that The State misses the essential fact in this remarkable case of Mr. Ochs. He began with no capital save brains and energy and acquired, after years of economy and good management, the control of The Chattanooga Times. He made it pay from the day he took over its title. His splendid business abilities shone in every detail of his management. When his opportunity came to negotiate for The New York Times he took his record of business sagacity and enterprise to New York and capitalized it among those who had confidence in him. He bought the paper and converted it from a moribund sheet into a strong rival of its metropolitan confreres. Now he has capitalized two successes so as to be able to secure two more great papers and try his hand at converting them into more distinctly paying institutions.

In all these movements we see no more than the legitimate use of proven qualities and the logical trust of capital in following a leader who has not written failure in his business lexicon. "Nothing succeeds like success" and it is an axiom the world over that the man who does things and does them profitably will never lack for credit and capital.

Mr. Ochs has demonstrated a rare newspaper genius, he works along high levels of endeavor, he succeeds and in his successes he lays the foundation of future and greater victories and becomes an example to all who covet victory and are willing to achieve it by sterling worth and irrepressible industry. A man like Adolph S. Ochs does not need to serve the trusts in order to succeed. His best trust has been in himself and in that he has not failed of his ideals other men believe in and trust him. And this is the secret of his seeming syndicate!

Helping Out the President.

The president is credited with a sincere desire to draw the claws of the trusts and render them harmless big partnerships without power to control production, output and prices. Every one recognizes that as a most laudable and patriotic aspiration. The wage-earners and consumers of the nation would rejoice to see him succeed and would honor him above most men for bringing to them so great a deliverance.

Yet this is not a matter in which the proponent alone is to be considered. The party of the second part has to be reckoned with. If he will not consent to the programme the only other method left is to coerce him. Nobody expects the trusts to consent that the president shall have power of initiative through the governmental departments to rob them of their great interstate commercial and financial powers of absorption, consolidation and dictation in matters of production, transportation and prices to consumers.

The life and profits of trusts reside in and issue from the possession of those powers. They have invested millions on the acquisition and systemization of them and they have taken millions of lesser investors into the game through the enormous issue of shares and bonds representing no proportion to real values, but only the profit-earning power of their combinations. It stands to the simplest reason that the trusts will never voluntarily give up their powers and recoup their investors.

But can they be coerced into doing those things? Manifestly they cannot be so forced by a party that itself lives and thrives by the partisan and financial copartnership of the trusts. The managers of and large majority of the stock and bondholders in trusts inhabit the solid republican precincts of the union. They elect senators and congressmen primarily in their own interest and pledged not to interfere with the free course and special privileges of the combines. And the party cannot elect any other sort of majority in either house of congress.

The president knows these facts and the country at large is convinced of them. The only way, then, by which a patriotic, anti-trust voter can help the president to down the trusts is to vote the democratic ticket. By doing that and electing a democratic house of congress this fall they will be able to test the sincerity of the president and give a republican senate a fair chance to down the trusts, or defy the popular will and ride on to defeat.

The esteemed Philadelphia Press thinks the democracy is "devoid of issues." But what's the matter with the republican party? Isn't it issue enough to cause a nation of patriots to rise up and slay it?

Those miners appear to know what they want and are willing to pay the price. They will also probably do something to make government by injunction "a d—d disgusting memory" after the fall campaign.

The rumor that ex-Governor George S. Boutwell is to join the democratic party must be scotched. He is the man who owns "the hole in the sky" and the democracy is not hankerin' after any more holes.

We are sending a large number of people to Paris to examine that Panama title, but strangely enough the president fails to ask Senator Morgan to try his X-ray peepers on it.

Mr. Carnegie will find it a hard job to put our cotton crop into a trust. Even the growers of it haven't been able to do it, and they have been trying it for thirty years.

"Lord Beresford" is at Hot Springs. Perhaps he regards that as the next place to his final abode. Yet anywhere he is one of the hottest babies in the bunch!

Now they talk of General Fitz Lee as being ripe for a reprimand, but we are inclined to think the thought is father to the wish with those who suggest it.

General Henry C. Payne has given out no explanation of why the Wisconsin republicans characterized him so plainly and meanly without calling his name.

The people who are expecting those Prince Henry decorations ought to have them before the winter sets in. Nothing warms a fool like a bit of filagree.

Alice Roosevelt is not engaged and the news is a great relief to a lot of Washington youngsters who imagine themselves "fit for a princess."

The prospects of Spooner might be bettered if he could get a chance to offer one of his famous amendments to the Wisconsin platform.

Major Glenn can make back that $50 fine by showing Chautauqua audiences how the water cure works and "makes the nigger cough up!"

The Ohio legislature is going to make another effort at governing the cities of the state without the aid or consent of the governed.

When Beveridge goes to Texas he should wear an umpire's uniform and keep in easy-reaching distance of the police.

The republican campaign committee will hardly know how the cat is likely to jump until James Pierpont Morgan gets home.

Hon. Cyrus Hamlin's platform as a candidate for governor of Massachusetts seems to be quite a social democratic affair.

The president got laid up in a Sandy Hook fog. He will be lucky if he doesn't get laid out in his anti-trust fog.

Hobson is to get his medal, after all, but he gets it in spite of his meddlesome enemies in the department.

Crowninshield has acquitted himself with the greatest eclat and that puts the drinks on Lemly for fair.

It would not be a safe bet that Uncle Mark Hanna is not carefully editing his scrap-book these days.

Mr. Olney was not at the harmony cue at Nantasket. Perhaps he doesn't need to be harmonized.

There is no doubt that the Mason boom will sooner or later attract the fire of the Foraker scout-boat.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Quitman, Ga., Press: Atlanta is really getting a little sore over that depot proposition.

Oconee Enterprise: Atlanta is doing business at the same place with the same old depot.

Moultrie, Ga., Observer: Everything beats Atlanta playing ball. The Moultrie boys ought to go up and give her a trial.

Dahlonega, Ga., Nugget: Now that Atlanta can't get a new depot the city council is going to build a $10,000 stable.

Americus, Ga., Herald: It is a cold day in July when the Atlanta papers fail to get in something about Bobby Walthour.

Moultrie, Ga., Observer: An Atlanta man stole a rattlesnake from a snake show recently. Better keep an eye on that old car shed.

Moultrie, Ga., Observer: It is reported that the reason Atlanta doesn't play ball on Sunday is because six defeats a week is all she can stand.

Augusta, Ga., Herald: The Atlanta papers these days are overlooking the depot question in an endeavor to explain the hoodoo that follows Bobby Walthour.

Dahlonega, Ga., Nugget: Atlanta is still in the lead. She has a rattlesnake thief who was arrested on Monday for taking a fine one from a 10-cent show. To get a head of Atlanta it is impossible.

Augusta, Ga., Herald: Atlanta is to have a great auditorium. It occurs to us that Atlanta is nothing more or less than a grand auditorium itself, where all hands are engaged in spouting at all times.

Augusta, Ga., Tribune: A white man was hanged in Atlanta today. He stabbed a blind man to death. Atlanta must have strange courts and lawyers that they failed to see in this a case of self-defense.

Age o.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

A Song of Life.

I.

A sigh sometimes may make a song when
Fortune seems to grieve you:
The world is rollin' right along:—Take
care it does not leave you!
Take care! Take care!
(But who'll beware?
The birds are singing everywhere!)

II.

A crust may yet be thankfulness when
dearest friends deceive you:
But the world rolls royally along:—Take
care it does not leave you!
Take care! Take care!
(But who'll beware?
The May-blooms hide the winter bare!)

III.

But yesterday you feasted fine, and Love
did laurels weave you,
And the reckless world has quaffed your
wine:—Take care it does not leave
you!
Take care! Take care!
(But who'll beware?
Youth's feet trip lightly up Life's stair!)

IV.

Ah, me!—What lightning, as of Fate, the
Future's veil may cleave you?
Death's hand, chill at Life's rosy gate,
and Youth and Love, to leave you!
Take care! Take care!
(But who'll beware?
Thank God for Light, though Night falls
drear!)

V.

Thank God for Light, and dreams of
Night—for every brave endeavor,
Even though we fell from heaven to hell,
our faith shines fair forever!
And have no care!—
Though Night falls drear,
God made it, and His Love is There!

* * * * *

Mr. William Dean Howells has recognized the literary value of the work of Will N. Harben, who is doing his part toward illustrating phases of Georgia life which will, in time, be Georgia history. And a most agreeable life it is—of humble joys and sorrows, that but for such kind and thoughtful historians would fade into silence.

* * * * *

On the Road.

The bloom comes surely from the blight,
As May from winter dreary;
The road to light leads through the night:
What matter if 'tis weary?

* * * * *

Nuggets from Georgia.

There's gold in the land, but the reason some of us don't get it is—digging is hot work in summer.

The folks that rail the loudest at the world always have business in it when the time comes for them to leave it.

Waiting for the wagon may be a good idea in warm weather, but the fellow who "gets there" generally meets the wagon on the way.

This old world is bright enough for all human purposes. It is only a lunatic who would wish to see it blaze.

* * * * *

A Georgia Field Song.

De white man say: "Hit's break er day,
En de sun'll shine en shine;
You must make yo' way whar de cotton
stay,
En I 'bleege ter keep you gwine!"

Oh, believers,
Ain't no time ter res',
'Twell de worl' turn roun'
En de trumpet soun',
En de sun go down de wes'!

De white man say: 'Hit's de furrow way
You mus' walk w'en you heah me call;
You mus' travel 'long ter de harves'
song
Ef I pay you in de fall!"

Oh, believers,
Ain't no time ter res',
'Twell de worl' turn roun'
En de trumpet soun',
En de sun go down de wes'!

* * * * *

Wants To Join the Banks.

We are in receipt of the following letter from a rising genius of southwest Georgia:

"I am anxious to know how much room there is in Literature for another writer? I can story-write and poemize on any Subject, having a trunk and carpetbag full of both styles. I would be willing to start in cheap (for cash), with the understanding I would be raised in price as I went on. If you will let me know how things stand, I will long remain obliged to you."

* * * * *

The Day's Work.

I.

The hope and fear
And the falling tear:
But ever this message: "The day's work,
dear!"

II.

The cross to bear,
And no crown to wear:
But ever this message: "The day's work,
dear!"

III.

No task to shun:
With duty done,
Sweeter the rest when the dreams are
won!

F. L. S.

The Atlanta Spirit.

Athens Banner: The business men of Atlanta have banded themselves together and resolved to charter trains at a fixed price and run excursions into Atlanta—carrying thousands of visitors—during the month of August, from every section of Georgia. This is a good scheme and one that will pay the business men of Atlanta and at the same time give many Georgians an opportunity to visit the Georgia metropolis at a small cost.

Atlanta believes in having crowds of visitors in that city at all times, and this is the spirit that has made Atlanta the greatest city in the south. There are others larger, it is true, but none more enterprising or more progressive. Whenever Atlanta has a crowd of visitors it means much money to the business men of that city. It means that visitors find that they can trade with the merchants of that city with profit to themselves and thus establish relations between the visitors and the Atlanta merchants that will be lasting and result in great good to both. This is the Atlanta spirit.

Stuck by a Catfish.

Americus Times-Recorder: Mr. George M. Davis, who resides at 110 Prince street, is suffering excruciating pain as the result of a peculiar accident, and the amputation of one of his hands may possibly be found necessary. While handling a cat fish a day or two ago one of the sharp fins was driven into his hand by the struggling fish. Little was thought of the wound at the time, but the hand has since festered and now blood poison is feared. It is said that Mr. Davis will be fortunate indeed if he does not have to have the injured hand amputated.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Lynching and Federal Power.

Editor Constitution: I notice among your editorials of a few days past an article headed, "A Remedy for Lynching."

You refer to an article which appeared in a recent Harvard Law Review. The article referred to was written by a member of the Boston bar. I am particularly interested in the question as I have only recently graduated from the Harvard Law school.

One of the questions on the constitutional law examination was the same as was discussed in your editorial.

I should like the courtesy of your columns to briefly express my views resulting from the study of constitutional law under one of the greatest legal minds of the century, the late James Bradley Thayer.

The act as introduced by Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, purports to be for the protection of citizens of the United States and resident aliens against mob violence if the states fail to protect them. It in substance provides that the putting to death of a citizen of the United States by a mob in default of such citizens by the state or its officers, shall be deemed a denial to the citizen by the state of the equal protection of the laws, etc.

The right of congress to pass such an act will undoubtedly be approved from two viewpoints.

The one forms a basis for the present discussion, the other does not. The one must be found in the constitution of the United States, the other must be left to the sound discretion of congress.

The one is a legal doctrine, the other is a political doctrine.

It is essential to keep these two phases of the question clearly apart. I wish to impress upon my readers that in the consideration of the question I have endeavored to eliminate all questions of public policy, differences in the conditions and sectional feelings. I am discussing the legal constitutional right of congress to pass such a law.

The power of congress to so legislate has been sought under the fourteenth amendment and under the treaty-making power of the United States.

The controversy is one that has existed ever since our national constitution was framed, and it will exist so long as our present constitution stands.

It is a controversy between federal and state rights.

If there is one principle that is clearly established, it is the principle enunciated by the great Chief Justice Marshall and expressly found in the thirteenth amendment of the constitution of the United States, viz: Only such powers as are given to congress either expressly or by necessary implication may be exercised by congress. All other powers are reserved to the states.

In attempting to find the power of congress to pass such a law under the fourteenth amendment, the cause and the nature of the amendment are most important.

The cause was the civil war.

Its nature is that it is directed against the states and state action and not against individual action.

It is corrective, and direct affirmative legislation is forbidden.

The fourteenth amendment does say no citizen shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law and no citizen shall be deprived of equal protection of the law, but in so declaring the amendment speaks to the states and not to individuals. This is clearly established in the civil rights cases (109 U. S., p. 3). In these cases citizens of color were denied admittance to opera houses and inns. The supreme court of the United States held unconstitutional an act of congress legislating against such individual action.

The constitution of the United States says that no state shall impair the obligation of contracts.

This does not give congress the right to legislate against individuals breaking their contracts though the states afforded no remedy. In strict analogy we must see that the proposed law is unconstitutional. The necessary state action, or rather non-action which the law assumes, is absent.

Another objectionable feature in the proposed law is that it attempts to define what is a denial of the equal protection of the law.

This bit of judicial legislation must fall.

What is a denial of the equal protection of the laws is a judicial question and not a legislative one. It is therefore a question for the courts and not for the legislature.

The treaty-making power of the United States is vested in the president and the senate. And congress has the power to enforce such treaties by proper legislation.

Even assuming that the act would be constitutional in reference to resident aliens, it becomes too broad in its scope when it attempts to protect the lives of native residents.

Thus it may be easily seen that the main object of this legislation must fall. Respectfully,

MILTON HIRSCH.

A Pointer for Atlanta.

Albany Herald: Why has the thought never occurred to the city council of Atlanta, the chamber of commerce and the newspaers of the capital city to wake up the state railroad commission and make some pointed remarks to that body of supreme but latent powers on the subject of that passenger depot? The railroad commission has the power to make railroads build depots, and this power seems to be vested in no other branch or body of our state government, and if it should say to the railroads that they either had to get together and build a union depot, or else each road must provide a respectable and adequate passenger depot for itself, then the high officials of the roads, even up to and including President Spencer, of the Southern, might be brought to terms. The Herald gives this pointer to Atlanta for what it is worth. The plan here suggested has worked all right for Albany, Americus and other towns that have new passenger depots.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The water famine which has been threatening Trinidad, Colo., for so long is now a reality. The city is without fire protection, and water for domestic purposes has to be purchased by the bucketful.

By an order of Adjutant General Corbin the Seventh and Nineteenth regiments of infantry and the company of recruits and casuals now located in the Presidio reservation will be reorganized as separate commands, to be known as the "depot of recruit instruction."

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, chairman of the Hawaiian committee, has notified Senator Burton, who is a member of the commission, that four or five members expect to make the trip to Hawaii. Senator Mitchell will sail August 26 and the other members probably will join him at San Francisco.

At yesterday's session of the International Iron Molders, President Martin Fox, of Covington, Ky.; First Vice President Joe Valentine, of San Francisco; Second Vice President M. J. Keogh, of Troy, N. Y., and Third Vice President J. Frye, Worcester, Mass., were re-elected. Philadelphia was selected as the next meeting place.

Beginning August 1, the new agreement concerning wages between the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad and the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen will go into effect. The increase will affect about 7,000 men and amounts to an average of from 10 to 12½ per cent. The agreement also provides for a ten-hour day and a possible hour off on Saturday.

ESTIMATES FOR THE RIVERS

Have Been Submitted to Chief of Engineers.

Washington, July 25.—The chief of engineers received today the reports from the engineers in charge of river and harbor improvements containing estimates for the fiscal year 1904.

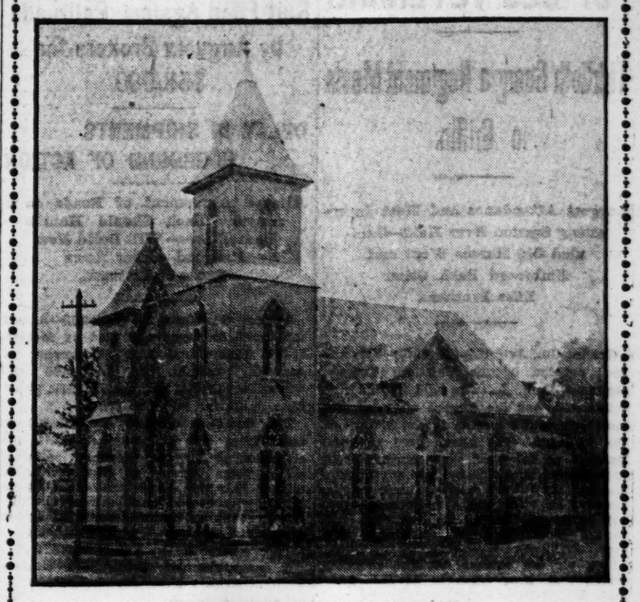
Major John D. Knight submits the following for the Chattanooga, Tenn., district:

Tennessee river, above Chattanooga, $25,000; Tennessee river, Chattanooga to Riverton, Ala., $406,000; to complete the project, $4,482,939.

Captain Herbert De Kayne submits the following for Florida:

St. Johns river, $200,000; to complete the project, $1,300,750. St. Johns river at Orange Mills, Fla., $50,000; Indian river, $29,000; Biscayne bay, $150,000; Key West harbor, $100,000; removing water hyacinth from Florida waters, $50,000; Sarasota bay, $32,500; Tampa, $140,000; Hillsboro bay, $27,000; Crystal, Manatee, Anclote, Suwanee and Witchlacoche rivers, $158,305.

CHURCH FIFTY YEARS OLD MADE NEW AT MONTICELLO



MONTICELLO BAPTIST CHURCH.

Great Work of Young Baptist Pastor and Congregation at Monticello in Erection of House of Worship.

Monticello, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—The Monticello Baptist church was organized over fifty years ago. For over a quarter of a century it was held together by a band of faithful women. About ten years ago Rev. Sam Burney became the pastor, and from that time unto the present the congregation has been gradually increasing both in numbers and influence. Since Mr. Burney's death, and up to three years ago, Dr. H. D. D. Straton, now deceased, and Dr. E. Z. F. Golden, of Macon, were the pastors.



REV. C. A. RIDLEY.

Three years ago, and while yet a student in Mercer university, Rev. C. A. Ridley was called to the work. Upon coming to the field Mr. Ridley found an old dilapidated house of worship, not at all in keeping with the growing town and congregation, and he at once began planning for a new one. Mrs. Martha Rogers, the oldest member of the congregation, started the building fund with a gift of $1,000, which nerved the rest of the members to undertake what had seemed the impossible. And, notwithstanding there were those who said it could never be done, it has been done, and the present beautiful edifice stands as a monument to the sacrifice and zeal of pastor and people. The local paper says:

"Mr. Ridley, as pastor, deserves much credit from the entire community for his tireless activity in the work. He is a splendid pastor, a fine preacher and happy and congenial gentleman."

AUGUSTA TO BUILD ITS LIGHTING PLANT

Mayor Phinizy Says Present Contract Is the Last.

AWARDED FOR FIVE YEARS

Price Paid Is $68 Per Light, a Reduction of $2—Splendid Financial Showing Is Made—Realty Assessments Are Greatly Reduced.

Augusta, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—The city of Augusta today closed a five-year contract with the Augusta Railway and Electric Company to light the streets of the city. The price paid is $68 per light. The contract calls for new lamps throughout the city. The lighting service is to be greatly improved, the contracting company having decided on extensive improvements.

In connection with the contract, Mayor Jacob Phinizy is quoted as follows: "This is the last lighting contract Augusta will ever make. At the end of five years Augusta will have its own lighting plant ready for work." He made the further statement that, inclusive of the waterworks, the city during his and the preceding mayoralty administration has put $500,000 into extraordinary improvements without issuing a bond or levying a cent of extra taxation, and in the face of 20 to 25 per cent reductions in realty assessments and without stinting ordinary municipal work.

The former lighting contract expired July last. The same company had the last contract. The former price was $70 per light.

HOBSON WILL GET A MEDAL

For His Feat in the Harbor of Santiago.

Washington, July 25.—Now that the list of officers and men of the navy who are to receive the West Indian campaign medals and bars has been completed, the naval board on awards is busying itself with the meritorious service medals which are intended to go to those officers who rendered particularly telling services in the West Indies naval campaign. So far only four persons have been decided upon for the meritorious service medal. They are Lieutenant Hobson for his well-known feat with the Merrimac, Lieutenants Ward and Buck for their secret mission to Spain, and Lieutenant Victor Blue for his famous work in connection with the location of the Spanish fleet in Santiago harbor.

It is understood that meritorious service medals also are intended for the American officers and men who rendered exceptional service in the rescue of the drowning officers and men of the defeated Spanish fleet at Santiago. The reports of the rescue showed that the Spaniards themselves shouted warnings to the rescuers not to approach for fear of exploding magazines, but the Americans persisted in the face of imminent destruction. The main function of the reward board is not to specify individuals for recognition, but to select certain service which it deems worthy of commemoration by medals.

ONLY DRY COUNTY IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Marlboro Is Strictly Prohibition, But Is Troubled by Wildcats.

BORDERS ON NORTH CAROLINA

Caravan of Moonshine Whisky Seized by Officers and 175 Gallons Taken—Negro Scalded to Death—Other News Notes of Interest.

Columbia, S. C., July 25.—(Special.)—Marlboro is now the only prohibition county in the state. The people there have never allowed the introduction of a dispensary, But there is some illicit liquor sold in the county, as it is on the border, with not even a creek dividing it from North Carolina.

Constables Meekins and Pegues seized a caravan yesterday in which 175 gallons of liquor were being transported. The capture was made in Marlboro county, but the owners of the stuff live in Darlington county, adjoining. They say that they were taking the liquor to that county.

Other News in Brief.

Columbia is getting together a crack team to go against Augusta's baseball aggregation. Augusta's best players came from the Columbia farm, and there are others here who think they are just as good.

Jerry Gray, the colored engineer of the oil mill plant at Orangeburg, was scalded to death last night. He was lying asleep under the side of the boiler when the fubes burst in one of the boilers, and before the negro could move he was struck with the rush of boiling water. He lived a few hours and died in intense agony.

Ike Jenkins, a negro preacher of Marlboro county, refused to bury his little grandchild yesterday and left the little corpse in the woods. His wife and the child's mother went there subsequently and got the body. They carried the corpse to a burying ground 10 miles away, and there they buried it without a coffin.

ARMY POST AT CHICKAMAUGA.

Board Appointed To Take Charge of the Work.

Washington, July 25.—A board of officers consisting of Major Walter S. Schuyler, Second cavalry; Major J. R. Kean, medical department, and Captain H. J. Slocum, Seventh cavalry, has been appointed to select a site for the new military post at Chickamauga, Ga.

The board had an informal meeting today and will meet again tomorrow to receive instructions from the quartermaster department as to the size and number of buildings and other necessary articles. The military post will be north of the present military national park. The board today looked over various plans for a fort. It has been decided that the water for the men shall be obtained from driven wells, a plentiful supply being obtainable at 90 feet. The men now stationed there are thus supplied, while the horses are supplied from Chickamauga creek.

The most important problem the board will have before it is the disposition of sewage, but this is expected to be overcome by the use of septic tanks, a plan that has been found very satisfactory at Santiago. The board will go to Chickamauga to complete its work before reporting to the quartermaster.

DOOR CLOSED ON INVESTIGATION

Probing of Cruelty Charges Begun In Secret Session.

Cemetery Committee Announced That It Had Found Something To Investigate and Testimony Was Then Heard in Public.

The cemetery committee of the general council has started its investigation of the rumors in regard to the management of the cemetery, and while the probing has barely started it promises to prove sensational.

In spite of the fact that the committee announced that it would go into a free and open investigation of the rumors about the cemetery, it started out yesterday afternoon with an executive session of about two hours, during which witnesses were heard from.

The committee stated after the meeting that it went into executive session for the purpose of finding out whether or not there was anything worth investigating, and the fact that the investigation will be pushed vigorously indicates that they found something worth investigating.

During the time the committee was in secret session the city sexton was heard from, and gave the committee several papers, supposedly receipts that they did not offer to make public. George Beauchamp was also sent for and was before the committee some time, but what he said to the committee or what questions the committee asked were not made public. Mr. Beauchamp is the party who is said to have bought a lot and found a grave upon it.

When the secret session was over several witnesses were called in and asked if they would mind answering a few questions in regard to newspaper stories that have been published. Quite a mass of sensational testimony was developed from this source and the names of several other witnesses were secured.

From one witness it was learned that Mr. Beauchamp's uncle's body had been removed from a lot. This lot was sold by a lady in Texas to a party by the name of Laird, and that he had sold it to Dr. Todd, who had the body on the lot removed with an order from parties in Texas.

The witness was asked if he wrote the story about the removal of the tombstone and his authority for the same. He stated that he had the story from a city official and for that reason would not give his name. He said the story was that the lot belonged to a party in Baltimore, who had his daughter buried in the same. The body was removed to Baltimore and some time afterwards the owner of the lot came after the tombstone, but found it gone. The stone was finally found somewhere in South Georgia.

Tombstone Matter Settled.

The witness stated that he went to Mr. Gillespy at the cemetery and asked for information, but that it was refused, and Mr. Gillespy stated that he had done nothing that was wrong. He said that Sexton Barfield admitted the tombstone story, but stated that it had been settled long ago. The city attorney, who was doing the questioning, asked if there were other sources of information, and the witness stated that Jack Hastings had informed him that some time ago he tried to buy a lot; that the city had none for sale, but he learned that City Clerk Campbell had three lots on the market and he sent a friend to see what one of them could be bought for. Sexton Barfield had stated that Mr. Campbell came into possession of the lots in the following manner: Some time ago the sexton wanted money to build a new green house, but could not get it from council. He told them if they would give him the lots on which the old green house stood that he would sell them, build a new house and turn over to the city $200. He was given the ground and it was divided into three lots, which were sold to the highest bidder. Mr. Campbell's bids were considerably the highest and he secured the lots. The new green house was built and 1899 turned over to the city. The witness stated that all of his evidence had been received from other people and that he only told it to the committee as he got it from others.

The next witness stated that he knew nothing that he had not received in his capacity as a newspaper man or that would be of assistance to the committee. The committee then decided to hold another meeting next Tuesday and continue its investigation.

TROOPS MARCHING IN HAITI.

Clash Between the Opposing Factions Seems Likely.

Paris, July 25.—A dispatch from Cape Haitien, Haiti, says that Port de Paix and the northwest department have received M. Firmin, who has been declared president by the Artibonites, with acclamation. The troops from the department of Artibonite are advancing and it is rumored that two divisions have left the capital and are marching against General Jean Jumeau, who opposes the candidacy of M. Firmin.

Gas Fired by Naked Lamp.

Johnstown, Pa., July 25.—Superintendent Robinson, of the Cambria Mill mine, was on the witness stand today before the coroner's jury inquest inquiring into the disaster of July 10. He positively stated that the explosion took place on top of a fall of coal in room No. 2, sixth right heading, and that the gas was fired by a naked lamp taken there contrary to orders.

Experience in advertising is dearly bought. By using good copy and the right mediums advertising is made profitable from the beginning. Write or telephone Geo. S. Lowman, Empire building, Atlanta.

Patek, Philippi & Co.

lead in fine watch-making. They have set the standard for accurate and reliable time-pieces the world over.

Atlanta agents for "Patek" watches.

Maier & Berkele,

31 Whitehall St.

MUST ANSWER FOR MURDER

Camp Warden and Physician To Be Prosecuted for Convict's Death.

PUT KENT IN A "SWEATER," AND HE DIED THE NEXT DAY

Deputy Warden Ponder Charged with Murder, and Dr. Minter Held as an Accessory—Facts Were Withheld for a Period of Two Years.

Willis Ponder, deputy warden in charge of the penitentiary camp at Jakin, Early county, and Dr. H. G. Minter, physician of the camp, will have to answer to the courts the charge of murder as the result of the death about two years ago of Frank Kent, a negro convict, due to a cruel and inhuman form of punishment.

The facts in the case were only recently communicated to the prison commission in a letter written by Simon O'Neill, a recently pardoned convict, sent up from Chatham county for voluntary manslaughter. O'Neill's charges against those in authority at the camp were made through the newspapers just after he was given his liberty.

According to the statement made by O'Neill, Frank Kent met his death as the result of a form of punishment not authorized by the prison commission and about which nothing was known until O'Neill's charges appeared.

J. M. Vittetoe was the deputy warden in charge of the camp at the time and Ponder was his assistant. Vittetoe has since died and Ponder was promoted to his place. Warden Vittetoe was called away from the camp on May 16, 1900, the day in question, but before leaving, it is stated, gave Ponder orders to put Kent in what they called a "sweater." This consists in confining the victim in a place near a red hot stove completely covered with many blankets. This punishment was administered by several convicts at the direction of Ponder, O'Neill and another convict named Stovall being witnesses.

Kent was kept in this condition as long as it was thought advisable, or about three hours. He was then completely exhausted and Dr. Minter did all he could to revive him, but the next day Kent died. The punishment was inflicted because, it is stated, Kent was rather an unruly convict and did not like to work.

No report of the matter was ever made to the commission by the camp authorities, and Dr. Minter's report simply stated that Kent had died from cerebral congestion. Two years later, or a short time ago, the matter came to the attention of the prison commission and an investigation was at once made with the result that Ponder and Minter will be prosecuted, the first for murder and the second as accessory after the fact.

Warden Moore's Report.

The charges were investigated by Warden Jake Moore, of the Georgia penitentiary, and he found them true so far as they relate to the case of Frank Kent.

Warden Moore's report on the case is as follows:

Office of the Prison Commission of Georgia.
Atlanta, Ga., July 24, 1902.—To the Prison Commission of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga.:—Gentlemen: In compliance with your instructions, I made a careful investigation of the charges recently made, through the press, by a pardoned convict, one Simon J. O'Neil, recently discharged, against the officials of the prison at Jakin, in Early county, regarding the death of Frank Kent, a convict confined there, on or about the 17th day of May, 1900, and beg leave to report the following facts:

J. M. Vittetoe was in charge of the prison, as deputy warden. Willis Ponder was his assistant deputy warden, and Dr. H. G. Minter was the local physician in charge of the medical department there.

Frank Kent was a negro convict, about 20 years of age. I am informed that he was very obstinate and insubordinate, refusing to do the labor required of him, in spite of the usual punishment inflicted upon him. On the 16th of May, 1900, Warden Vittetoe was called to Blakely on business, but before leaving gave Ponder orders to put Kent in what they called "a sweater," a mode of punishment not authorized by the commission and never before heard of in the Georgia penitentiary, viz: Confining him near a hot stove, completely covered with many blankets.

These orders were carried out by one Perry Jackson, a colored convict, then doing yard work, assisted possibly by other convicts. Ponder, in the absence of Vittetoe, being in charge, consenting thereto, giving directions and aiding therein, there being present, besides Ponder and the convict Jackson, two white convicts, Simon J. O'Neil and J. J. Stovall.

In carrying out these orders Kent was confined near a hot stove and about fifteen pairs of blankets put upon him, covering his entire body and head, and kept in that position for two or three hours, and when it was discovered that he was well nigh exhausted he was released and Dr. Minter sent for, who pronounced his condition serious. Dr. Minter did all he could to restore him, but he died some time during the night. In his weekly report Dr. Minter reported this case as follows:

"Admitted to hospital May 16, 1900, Frank Kent, cerebral congestion. Died May 17, 1900."

Believing the report to be true and that Kent had died under treatment of the physician from natural causes, no investigation was made.

Vittetoe died shortly after this, and Ponder succeeded him, by order of the commission, and is now deputy warden at that prison, and Dr. Minter is still in charge of the hospital. This, in my opinion, was a diabolical crime, and the strange part of it is that committed in broad daylight, with a number of witnesses present, more than two years ago, no knowledge of the facts was ever communicated to me, or any other official, until now, and that, too, despite the fact that the grand jury of Early county have several times visited and inspected this prison, as have likewise legislative committees from both the house and senate, besides my own inspection more than a score of times.

Ponder says the reason he failed to report the facts was because Vittetoe said he had reported the matter to me, which was not true.

Convict Stovall gave the same reason. Convict Jackson says he did not report it because Vittetoe threatened to punish him if he did. Dr. Minter, who seems to have been cognisant of the facts after the punishment had been inflicted and who knew the cause of Kent's death, says he did not report it because Vittetoe promised him that if he did not he would never again use such mode of punishment.

Respectfully submitted, J. C. MOORE, State Warden.

Order for Prosecution.

Upon considering Warden Moore's report the prison commission decided upon the steps stated, the prosecution of Ponder and Minter, and Solicitor General J. A. Laing, of that circuit, has been requested to act for the state at the commitment trial. The commission's order in the matter is as follows:

"Atlanta, Ga., July 24, 1902.—Upon reading and considering the foregoing report it is ordered by the commission that a state warrant be sworn out against Willis Ponder for murder, and against Dr. H. G. Minter for accessory after the fact to the same. That the governor be requested to have the solicitor general of that judicial circuit prosecute these parties before a court of inquiry, upon their arrest, and that they be immediately removed from office.

"JOS. S. TURNER, Chairman.
"GOODLOE YANCEY, Secretary."

Chairman Turner Talks.

In reference to the matter, Chairman Joseph S. Turner, of the prison commission, yesterday gave out the following written statement:

"Warden Moore's report speaks for itself and needs no explanation. If the commission had had the faintest idea that such cruelty had been practiced, resulting in the death of a convict, or had had the slightest reason to suspect the same, it would have taken decisive action long ago. The death of Kent having been regularly reported through the hospital physician, in whom we had every confidence, and who stands high in the esteem of the community in which he lives, we had no reason to suspect any irregularity, and did not credit the statement made by O'Neill concerning it; but, as it is our invariable rule to thoroughly investigate every such charge or rumor, from whatever source it may come, we had Warden Moore to investigate this, with the result shown by his report.

"Of course, there is nothing left for the commission to do but to prosecute the parties vigorously, and, to this end, I procured a warrant to be issued against Ponder for murder, and Minter as accessory after the fact, which has been placed in the hands of Solicitor General J. A. Laing, of Dawson, who has been requested by the governor to personally attend the committal court and prosecute them on behalf of the state. The evidence, as we see it, is strongly against them, but the courts must determine their guilt or innocence."

Oil Struck on Trinidad.

Kingston, July 25.—Oil has been discovered in large quantities in the island of Trinidad, and is being worked under Canadian auspices.

FUN IN ATHENS TODAY.

Party of Atlanta Elks Will Install a Lodge in That City.

The following members of lodge No. 78, B. P. O. E., will leave today over the Seaboard Air Line for Athens at 12 o'clock to install a lodge—No. 790—in that city: W. L. McGill, D. B. Smith, J. L. McGarrity, W. Visanska, J. D. Rosenberger, W. C. Waters, Arthur Weisburg, B. R. Wofford, Dave Fleischel, P. J. McGovern, J. E. Maddox, William King, J. Gimeren, Nat Kaiser, J. Sheron and Dr. Joe Cabell Davis.

After the initiation of some twenty-five members, an elaborate banquet will be tendered the visiting Elks.

JUST THINK.

You Can Think When the Food Makes Your Brain Work.

The mind does not work properly unless the right kind of food is furnished. A young man studying telegraphy said that his progress was very slow. It seemed impossible for him to pick up the art and understand it.

He suffered continually with stomach trouble and could not digest his food properly, and he finally got so he could do but little work and was tempted to give up his studies altogether.

About that time some one told him about the brain food Grape-Nuts and he went in for it. In a short time a very remarkable change took place. His stomach recovered and he became free from headaches. His hand was no longer nervous and trembling when he used the key, and the whole mystery of telegraphy untangled itself, for, as he says, "I had the mental power to master it, and the understanding came easy when the mind was in poise and strong."

He is now holding a responsible position as an operator.

This is but one of the many illustrations of the advantage of using food purposely manufactured for rebuilding the broken down gray matter in the brain and nerve centers throughout the body. The facts are there and can be proven to any one making the trial.

Don't overlook the recipe book in each package of Grape-Nuts.

MARRIED HALF A CENTURY, THEY CELEBRATE TODAY



DR. CORNELIUS W. PARKER AN D HIS WIFE, Who Celebrate the Fifty-Third Anniversary of Their Marriage Today.

REV. CORNELIUS W. PARKER and his wife will today celebrate the fifty-third anniversary of their marriage.

The following quaintly worded announcement and invitation combined has been sent to their many friends:

"Rev. C. W. Parker, M. D., and his wife with whom he has lived fifty-three years next Saturday, July 26, will be at home to their friends on that day and night, residence 305 Peters street, and will be glad to shake hands with all the preachers, doctors, singers, Sunday school workers, Christians and friends who want fifty-three years with their companions and who will kindly cheer them on. Newspaper men and boys and girls included. A happy time expected. No preparations—simply greetings, handshaking, etc."

Dr. Parker is 74 years of age and declares with gusto that he is "as spry as a colt."

"I feel as young," he says, "as I did twenty years ago and I expect to celebrate many more wedding anniversaries, as my wife is as healthy and hearty as I am." Mrs. Parker, who is a model housekeeper to judge from the scrupulous neatness of their little home, shyly echoed his words.

"Young man," Dr. Parker said to the reporter, "I married when I was 21 and when my wife was 16, and I advise you to go and do likewise. My wife has helped me over the rough places in the path of life, and every man needs such help when he strikes them."

Dr. Parker was born and reared in Spalding county, near Griffin. On July 26, 1849, he was married to Tabitha Terry, of Griffin. Their only child, a son, died several years ago, leaving a widow, Mrs. Ada Parker, who now resides at 401 Rawson street.

Dr. Parker has two grandchildren, Robert Parker and Leonard Parker, both of whom are employed by John Silvey & Co. Robert Parker is the father of three children, the oldest of whom, Harry L. Parker, is three years of age.

The four generations will hold a reunion today and their many friends can but wish them many happy returns of the day.

Dr. Parker is a remarkable man. He has been actively practicing medicine for fifty years and during the greater part of the time has been an itinerant Methodist preacher. He is now on the superannuated list of the North Georgia conference. During the war he was chaplain for a time and was also engaged in relief work.

As the man with the camera was arranging to take a picture of the couple, Dr. Parker remarked that he was formerly a photographer, too. "And," he added, "for thirteen years I was the correspondent of The Constitution at Bremen,

LEFT HUSBAND AND CHILDREN

WIFE OF JOHN E. STAFFORD ELOPES WITH J. E. HARDING.

Arrested at Norfolk, Va., but Could Not Be Held—Woman Returns to Greensboro.

Greensboro, N. C., July 25.—(Special.)—Mrs. Ida Stafford, wife of John E. Stafford, for twenty years sheriff of Guilford county, has eloped with J. E. Harding, a prominent young man of this place.

When Sheriff Stafford awoke this morning he found his wife missing, and the following note told the story of her disappearance:

"Mr. Stafford—This letter is to tell you goodby forever. I hope your life will be more satisfied in the future than it always has been. Be good to my boys and don't let them leave you. Look after them, not for my sake, but theirs and yours. Don't break up house, but try to get some good woman to keep house for you and hold you and all our things together. I don't want you to feel that you are to blame, for you are not. Don't try to find me and don't blame Daisey (a married adopted daughter). Please don't make any talk about my going or speak of it to the boys any more than you can help. I do not wish you to ever give me another thought. I am not worthy of any good thoughts, especially of my dear boys. You will find my money, also my rings and other things in the pistol box. My engagement ring I will send later. Do with them as you wish. Do not make my going away a subject of talk, but remember me as among the dead, weak but not foul. Goodby forever. "IDA."

The couple were arrested at Norfolk, Va., this afternoon on a warrant sworn out by Stafford charging kidnaping. Later they were released, as the woman swore she had not been kidnaped, but had left of her own accord. Another warrant has been sworn out, and the couple will no doubt be arrested again. Stafford says he only wants Harding prosecuted.

Mrs Harding left Norfolk this afternoon for Greensboro, while Harding goes to New York.

Stafford declares that he had no intimation whatever of his wife's mad infatuation of Harding, and had always looked upon him as a clever and good friend. He boarded at the Stafford home for several months, and the entire family was very fond of him.

EDWARDS DIES OF WOUND.

Shot Accidentally Last Tuesday Morning, He Died Yesterday Morning at 3 O'Clock.

C. L. Edwards, who accidentally shot himself in the abdomen Tuesday morning, died yesterday morning at 3 o'clock at the Elkin-Cooper sanitarium, where he was taken shortly after the accident.

Small hope had been entertained for the recovery of the wounded man from the time he was shot, owing to the nature of the wound. Thursday he grew worse and Thursday night suffered an internal hemorrhage. The efforts of the physicians were unavailing and at 3 o'clock yesterday morning he breathed his last.

C. L. Edwards was southern representative of the Cable Piano Company and had hosts of friends, who will regret to learn of his death. The accident occurred Tuesday morning, while Mr. Edwards was preparing for breakfast. He accidentally knocked a pistol from the bureau and as it struck the floor, exploded. The ball penetrated the abdomen and passing through the liver, lodged under the skin just behind the spinal column.

The funeral will occur in Opelika this afternoon. The body was prepared for burial by Barclay & Brandon and was sent to the Alabama town yesterday afternoon at 4:20 o'clock. Funeral services will be conducted there.

Powers Will Snub Russia.

London, July 25.—The Daily Mail says there is reason to believe that the powers will decline Russia's invitation to take part in a conference on the subject of trusts.

TABERNACLE FOR CENTER OF CITY

Methodists Start Movement To Erect a Central Church.

Removal of the First Methodist Church from Houston Street Makes Necessary New Church in Atlanta—Conference Adjourns.

At yesterday's session of the Atlanta district conference of the Southern Methodist church a movement was set on foot which will, in all probability, result in the erection of a big Methodist tabernacle in the center of the city.

The subject was brought forward in the report of the committee on missions, of which Dr. R. J. Bigham is chairman. Dr. Bigham urged the necessity of Atlanta Methodists having a large church in the center of the city. Since the decision of the First Methodist church to move, there will be no central church. Therefore it will not interfere with any other Methodist church and will be a remedy for the congested state of affairs now in existence in the heart of Atlanta.

Dr. Bigham stated that it would be a movement with the whole of Atlanta Methodism at the back of it. The project has the hearty indorsement of Bishop Candler, Dr. C. E. Dowman and Dr. Bigham. Bishop Candler said that it would take between $50,000 and $75,000 to erect a suitable church or tabernacle.

The business session began at 9 o'clock with Bishop Candler in the chair. A large number of ministers and friends assembled. The remainder of the reports from churches were read, all showing that the churches were improving rapidly.

At 11 o'clock Bishop Candler preached. He took for his text II Corinthians v:14-15. The sermon was a strong one and was listened to with interest.

The afternoon session was given up to reports and to short addresses. Representatives from several institutions of the church made short talks in the interest of their schools. The conference then elected the four delegates allowed them at the annual state conference. They are C. W. Smith, A. G. Candler, W. P. Davis, of East Point, and W. O. Foote.

It was decided to hold the next conference at Park Street church, in West End.

$23.65

To Morehead City, N. C., and Return, Via Southern Railway.

Tickets on sale daily, good to return until October 31, 1902.

Trains leave Atlanta 12 noon and 1:00 p. m., arriving Morehead City 11:30 next morning.

For further information call at Southern railway ticket office, Kimball house corner, 'phone 142, or address J. C. Bean, Jr., D. P. A.

DREADFUL INSOMNIA

A VERY COMMON COMPLAINT, BUT IT CAN BE CURED.

Mrs. Carrie A. Roberts, of Augusta, Me., Tells of Her Experience and How She Found Permanent Relief.

Sleeplessness has always something of disease or undue excitement in it. The excessive use of tea, coffee, tobacco, or any narcotic, may bring it on. In such cases, if the patient stop the use of, or use more moderately, those stimulants, he can overcome the trouble. It may come, too, from dyspepsia, a general rundown condition of the system, from disease or insufficient nutrition, feverish excitement, too much blood in the head, etc. In these latter cases a medicine that will feed the nerves and build up and purify the blood, like Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, is recommended. That this medicine will accomplish a cure in such cases has been proven in thousands of instances. One of them is that of Mrs. Carrie A. Roberts, of No. 6 Melville street, Augusta, Me., who was at one time a sufferer from insomnia and nervousness but was permanently cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She says:

"I was very nervous and could not sleep. I had headache a great deal and my health was run down in general. For three months I was not able to do any work.

"I tried other remedies but they gave me no benefit. But one day one of my neighbors recommended me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I began using them. I took part of a box and saw I was receiving benefit and, after taking four boxes, enjoyed better health than I had for a long time. I found the pills were all that they were recommended to be and now I am sleeping well and feeling well."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold only in boxes at fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Question of Cost.

The cost of title examination and insurance need not stand in the way of your having the title to your property examined and insured.

It is always reasonable.

Most important of all is having the work done properly.

That is the only way; it is our way.

Talk the matter over with us if you're interested.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO.,

Empire Building, Atlanta.

MEN'S SUMMER OUTING COODS.

Our stock for this season has all the points of newness, nobbiness and hot weather comfort.

Coats and Pants

in all the correct things in wool crashes, homespuns, flannels, etc.

Hats

Panamas, and all the new braids of the season.

Negligee Shirts

cool underwear, fancy hose, belts.

HIRSCH BROS.,

44 Whitehall Street.

Sole Agency Banister's Fine Shoes.

Drink Anheuser-Busch Beer, on tap, at Hollis', 10 Peachtree, on Viaduct.

Jack Horner's Song,

"In went his thumb and out came a plum,"
Suggests our bargain pie.
Has your thumb been in yet?



Bargains are doubly bargains if they come when you want 'em.

We've arranged it that way; have gathered the straggling sizes of Men's and Boys' Suits, separate Pants, Hats, Shoes, etc., just what you want now, and marked 'em down low.

Almost the whole range of weardom is included in this "broken lot sale" and we have placed prices on them seemingly regardless of cost. 'Tis useless to go into details and describe goods and prices, for the nature of this sale precludes specific descriptions, for we've so few of one kind, even though we have all sizes in the combined lots.



Men's Suits

Some of this Season's best sellers too

Lot No. 1, composed of suits worth up to $15, choice . . $ 5.00
Lot No. 2, composed of suits worth up to $15, choice . . 7.50
Lot No. 3, composed of suits worth up to $18, choice . . 10.00
Lot No. 4, composed of suits worth up to $20, choice . . 12.50
Lot No. 5, composed of suits worth up to $22.50, choice . 15.00

Odd Pants.

We don't expect this advertisement or any one advertisement to bring you to us for all your wearables. But if you are in need of an extra pair of trousers you'll save shoe-leather and money by coming here first—that is, if you're anyway particular about what you get for what you pay. Special reductions on odd Pants.

Boys' Suits.

All short-trouser boys, who wear or ought to wear good clothes—and good clothes look better, wear better and last longer than cheap clothes—should be interested in getting a suit at this sale. Ordinarily good clothes cost much more than cheap clothes, but at this sale we've marked prices down so there's no saving price in the cheap kind.

Panamas at $7.50.

And they're beauties too, worth $15.00 and more. Being sold on consignment for a firm of importers. You'll pay three times the price and not fare so well next season perhaps, and qualities such as these will last for years.

Shoes

Not just the low cut kind, though they predominate. No better quality to be obtained anywhere and at such reduction in prices too. A variety of styles, and we've all sizes in the combined lots to fit any man or boy.

Special Inducement for Tailoring Just Now.

Sole Agents for Hess' Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear.

EISEMAN BROS.,

(OUR ONLY ATLANTA STORE)

11, 13, 15 and 17 Whitehall St.

ATLANTA, GA.

EISEMAN BROS. Washington, D. C.

EISEMAN BROS. Baltimore, Md.



To Miss Means.

MRS. H. S. BRADLEY entertained a jolly party of young people last evening at her home on Capitol avenue in compliment to her pretty and popular guest, Miss Sue Means, of Oxford, Ga.

A number of interesting games were played, at the conclusion of which dainty refreshments were served. The guests invited to meet Miss Means included Miss Sarah Collier, Miss Stevie Timmons, Miss Lucy Sims, Washington, Ga.; Miss Mattie Duncan, Miss Hayes, of West Point; Miss Ethel Egan, Miss Annie Trotti, Miss Mary Deas Tupper, Miss Emma Gregg, Miss Lizzie Gregg, Miss Susie Hill, Mr. R. E. L. Timmons, Mr. Robert Timmons, Mr. Lauren Foreman, Mr. Joe Bean, Mr. George Winship, Mr. Leroy Duncan, Dr. Marion Benson, Mr. Henry Johnson, Mr. Fred Stone, Mr. George Muse, Mr. Sam Tupper, Mr. Carl Lewis, Mr. Louis Gregg, Mr. Robert Gregg and Mr. O. H. Jones.

Edwards-Houser.

The wedding of Miss Leonora Kate Edwards and Mr. Houston Parks Houser, both of Perry, Ga., which takes place on the 30th of July, will be an occasion of interest to a host of friends throughout the state.

Miss Edwards is a popular young woman of Perry, Ga., and Mr. Houser is one of the prominent business men of the place. He is a brother of Mr. Fred Houser, of this city, and is a graduate of Emory college.

Dinner at Club.

Mr. June Goddard was among those who entertained at dinner at the Piedmont Driving Club last evening. His party was a small and congenial one, including the following guests: Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Elkin, Mrs. Emma Bell, Mrs. John Tullis, of Montgomery, and Mr. Kelly.

Old Maids' Convention.

Elberton, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—A number of Atlanta young ladies, supplemented by others from in and around Royston and this place, have been summering at Franklin Springs under the name and style of the Old Maids' Convention. They have given several entertainments, and last night delighted a large audience in Elberton. The play consists of three acts, and is run as a regular convention meeting. The last act is where those who wish to change themselves enter a machine for that purpose. Among the really good characters in the play are those taken by Miss Georgia Duncan and Miss Lucie Harris, both of Atlanta. Miss Duncan is exceptionally good, and exhibits rare histrionic ability. The aggregation is a unique one, and the party is having a good time.

Social Items.

The friends of Mr. Stuart Pigott will be pleased to hear of his success as first barytone in the Duquesne Garden opera company at Pittsburg, Pa., where he is singing this summer as the toreador in "Carmen." As the Count in "Il Trovatore" particularly he has won popularity.

Mrs. Lulu Tumlin Lyon, of Aylmer, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. William Austell, at 18 West Peachtree.

Mr. Harold Gray, of New York, and Mr. Wycliff Gray, of Little Rock, will soon visit their mother, Mrs. W. W. Austell.

Mrs. Augustus Q. Bacon, of Macon, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. R. O. Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Bradford have left for a visit to Union Point and Woodville, Ga.

Miss Emmie Keene, of Columbus, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. C. A. Tappan.

There will be a number of informal dinner parties at the Piedmont Driving Club this evening.

At the card party given on Thursday evening by Mrs. James C. Hunter in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Moore the ladies' prize, which was a series of Gibson's heads, was won by Mrs. Wilmerding, and the gentlemen's prize, a stick pin, by Mr. Moore. A special prize, a pretty picture, was given the guest of honor, Mrs. Moore.

Mr. Dan Rountree is on a business visit to New York.

Miss Camille Coffee is expected in Atlanta the middle of August.

Mrs. Bell V. Oldham has returned to her home in Memphis.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Huger and daughter, of Memphis, are at Gainesville, and later will go north.

Master Lamar Washington, who has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. Fannie Lamar Rankin, has joined his aunt, Mrs. John Alton Harris, at Indian Spring.

Miss Evelynne Wilson, of Athens, Ga., will be the guest of the Misses Myers, on Pryor street, after August 15.

Miss Hallie Thomason, of Oxford, Ala., after a short visit to Mrs. W. R. Dimmock, at 114 Jackson street, returns home this morning.

Miss Elizabeth Clayton left yesterday for Baltimore and New York.

Miss Bessie Bentley has returned from Wrightsville Beach.

Mr. James McNeal has returned from a business trip to New York.

Miss Sue Means, who has been the guest of Mrs. H. S. Bradley, returns to her home in Oxford today.

Mr. David Kirkland will spent Sunday at Tallulah.

Miss Coffen, who has been the guest of Mrs. Frank Inman, returns to her home in Knoxville today.

Mr. George Howard has returned from New York.

Mrs. R. H. Bewick and children leave today for Lithia.

Mrs. J. E. Butler leaves Monday for New York.

Miss Jane Mixon left Tuesday for Baltimore.

Miss Claudia Peek is visiting in Washington, D. C., and will also visit the battle fields of Virginia accompanied by her uncle, Mr. H. P. Carson.

Mrs. D. C. Bacon, of Macon, is the guest of Mrs. Orme Campbell.

Miss Anna Adams, of Florida, is the guest of the Misses Ollinger.

Mrs. E. G. McCabe is the guest of Mrs. Eugene Heard, at Rose Hill, near Elberton, Ga.

Miss Morrison leaves the middle of August for New York.

Mrs. Jerome Jones has returned from Lookout mountain.

Miss Watlington, who has been the guest of Mrs. Frank Inman, returns to Decatur today, where she will visit Mrs. Charles Harman.

Mrs. George Howard has returned from Wrightsville Beach.

Miss Annie Gibson, of Florida, has returned home after a visit to Mrs. H. J. Curran.

Mrs. Frank Smith has returned to her home in Columbia, S. C.

Mrs. D. M. Bain and Miss Donna Bain have returned from a two months' stay in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Nym Hurt and son, Toleman, returned last week from a visit to White Path, Ga.

Miss Geissler is entertaining a number of her friends at a house party in Greenesboro, Ga.

Miss Mabel Lane has returned from a visit to relatives in Columbus.

Mr. Parker Fisher left yesterday for Wrightsville Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Banks and young son have returned to Texas after a visit of several weeks to relatives in this city.

Mr. Will Hahr has returned from Tallulah Falls.

Miss Helen Nicolson entertained delightfully at cards yesterday morning at her home on Forrest avenue.

Mrs. Andrew Lloyd and her mother, Mrs. Hurt, of Auburn, Ala., leave today for East Brock Springs, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Bacheller returned Wednesday from a week's trip to the Isle of Palms.

There will be a number of dinners at the Piedmont Driving Club this evening.

Mrs. Frank Holland and Miss Kittie Cope will spend the summer at Toccoa Falls.

Mrs. E. H. Richardson and Miss Florine Richardson have returned from Tennessee.

Miss Margaret Berry left Wednesday for Baltimore, where she will spend the summer.

Miss Jennie Morris entertained at cards Thursday in compliment to Miss Mary Ella Logan, of St. Louis.



MR. AND MRS. ROBERT E. BRANCH.
Their Wedding Occurred July 13 at Butler, Ga. Mrs. Branch Was Well Known and Popular as Miss Rossie Smith.

One Bottle of Burnett's Vanilla Extract is better than three of the doubtful kind. Though costing a few cents more per bottle, its purity and great strength make it the most economical brand.

Opelika, Ala.

Burton Bros. have full control of Hawkes' famous glasses in Opelika, Ala. 7-26-27

Opening of Hotel on Lookout Mountain, Tenn.

The Inn, on Lookout Mountain, is now open for the summer season.

Southern Railway sells week-end tickets Saturday afternoons and Sunday mornings, good to return Mondays, Atlanta to Lookout Mountain and return for $3.50.

Ticket office, Kimball house corner. 'Phone 142 main. 7-24-7t

Vacation Books

In great variety at all prices, from 5c up. Jno. M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta.

Spend Sundays and Mondays at Tybee, "Where Ocean Breezes Blow."

$6.00 round trip every Saturday night via Central of Georgia railway. Ticket offices 16 Wall st. and union depot.

BUILDER OF PUBLIC PARKS TELLS OF THEIR ADVANTAGE

JOHN C. OLMSTED, senior member of the firm of Olmsted Bros., of Brookline, Mass., the noted landscape architects, is in the city giving personal direction to the planning of park improvements near Kirkwood.

Mr. Olmsted is the son of the famous Frederick Olmsted, who planned and executed the work of Central park, New York, the Riverside drive of that city, Franklin park of Chicago, and all of the large parks in and near Boston.

Like his father, he has followed the profession of park building, and is himself a landscape artist of considerable experience.

At present he is interested in the planning of a number of parks for large cities over the country.

He is a great believer in park improvements, and in the tremendous advantage a city derives from having parks situated near enough for the people to get out and enjoy the fresh air.

In talking along this line last night, he said:

"Yes, without a doubt, it is true that parks are great health preservers. It is a common saying, but its commonness does not detract from the truth of the statement, that fresh air is absolutely essential to a man's physical and mental well-being, and, I might also add, his spiritual welfare. The blood demands fresh air, and the body and brain demand blood.

"The large cities having parks near by where the inhabitants can go in the afternoons and at night and breathe freely for a short time, always have a low death rate.

"Aside from the feature of health, well-kept parks have the effect of cultivating the esthetic taste of the people of any community. They help to cultivate the love of the beautiful in nature, and in doing this enlarge men's souls, thus increasing the moral tone of the people.

"Another thing about parks which should appeal to the business men of any city is that they always pay. An instance has never been known where the laying out of parks by a city has increased one particle the tax rate. They pay directly and indirectly, by increasing the valuation of property near them, and by increasing the capabilities of the citizen to do more and better work, since he enjoys good health.

"Boston has within the last few years spent $22,000,000 on parks, and has found that it was a paying investment.

"Yes, I am glad to see that the national government and the state governments, as well as the municipalities, are beginning to appreciate the value of setting aside large tracts for park purposes. The purchase of the large reservation in the mountains of north Georgia, Tennessee and North Carolina should be made by the government. It is a good project, and I hope it will be carried out. The purchase and preservation of a large tract in the Adirondacks by New York state means much for the future.

"And it is to the future in this matter that the people of America should look. The United States is not always going to be an open country as it now is. It is being rapidly settled, and future generations are going to be sorely in need of parks if they are not provided by the present.

"Yes, you have a beautiful park here in your Grant park, but Atlanta should have another and larger, for I understand that Grant park is considerably crowded on Sundays."

Mr. Olmsted talked interestingly of the parks of Europe, and of the inestimable value placed on them by the countries of the old world.

He leaves tonight for Watertown, N. Y., where he will superintend the laying out of a park for that city.

SHORT ITEMS CONCERNING MEN AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

THE PLEASANT WEATHER OF THE past few days continued yesterday and at no hour during the day was the heat sufficient to cause any very great discomfort or annoyance. The highest point indicated by the thermometer during the twenty-four hours was 87 degrees at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. This was just 2 degrees less than the maximum of the day previous. The minimum for the twenty-four hours was 66 degrees at 5 o'clock in the morning. The indications for today point to general thunder showers but no appreciable change in the temperature. During the past two days Texas has been visited by a heavy downpour, at some points the rainfall measuring as much as 6 inches. It is expected that these storms will veer around to the east and strike Atlanta either today or tomorrow.

QUITE A LARGE NUMBER OF CONfederate veterans left Atlanta for Griffin yesterday morning. The occasion was the annual reunion of the Thirtieth Georgia regiment, U. C. V. Among those from the city were General Clement A. Evans, General A. J. West, Captain "Tip" Harrison, Sergeant R. S. Osburn and others. These veterans made addresses at the reunion.

SECRETARY PRO TEM J. T. DARgan, of the Atlanta-Birmingham Fire Insurance Company, has named the Atlanta directors of the company. The directors from Birmingham and from the territory outside Georgia and Alabama will be named in a few days. The directors from Atlanta are: Willis Ragan, J. T. Dargan, H. M. Atkinson, C. E. Currier, J. Wylie Pope, Frank Hawkins, Jacob Haas, Preston S. Arkwright and J. K. Orr.

MR. AND MRS. J. H. MERRITT ARE happy over the arrival of a little daughter at their home. The visitor made her appearance last Sunday night. Both mother and daughter are doing well.

ABOUT 100 GRAND ARMY VETerans of Atlanta will attend the twenty-sixth annual encampment which will be held at Washington, D. C., October 6-11. Post No. 1, of Atlanta, is the largest post in this department, which includes Georgia and South Carolina. Captain W. M. Scott is commander of this department and Dr. G. W. D. Patterson is commander of the Atlanta post. The headquarters train carrying the Atlanta party will leave over the Southern.

NO TRACE HAS BEEN FOUND OF Felix Pitts, the Mapleton man who mysteriously disappeared Wednesday afternoon in Adamsville. Officers have worked on every feature of the case, but the veil of mystery surrounding the affair remains impenetrable. Chief Turner, of the county police force, is still at work on the case and is using his efforts to unearth a solution, but at a late hour last night the case was in the same shape as when first reported to the police. Both the city and county police will continue on the lookout for the missing man and will endeavor to ascertain his whereabouts.

THE DEPOT AUTHORITIES HAVE obeyed the order of the chief of the sanitary department and have commenced the work of connecting the drains from the depot with the brick sewer. As the work progressed yesterday it was found that the seepage from the sewer had not only gone into the cellars of surrounding buildings, but that it had entered the trenches of water pipes, gas mains and electric wires. Until the work is complete there is no telling how much damage has been done.

THE OWNER OF THE FRUIT STAND at the corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets went before the city clerk and took out a license for a fruit store. It seems that there is a difference between a fruit stand license and a fruit store license. Licenses for fruit stands have been obtained upon consent of the tax committee, but anyone may get a license for a fruit store by applying to the city clerk and paying the necessary tax. While the stand on Alabama street is strictly a fruit stand and the business is done on the sidewalk, a license for a store was granted, but the city attorney gave it as his opinion yesterday that the one would not answer for the other. License Inspector Buchanan stated that he found the stand in question had been operated under a permit from the chairman of the tax committee until the council could settle the matter and that he did not make a case for that reason.

W. E. JONES, WHO HAS BEEN quite ill with typhoid fever for the past few weeks at his home, 45 Oglethorpe avenue, has recovered.

ISHAM DANIEL'S CONDITION WAS reported at a late hour last night as being unchanged. The patient is still very low, and little hope of his recovery is entertained.

THE SUBSTATION OF THE POSTOFfice situated at Bratton's old stand, 141 Peachtree, which has been closed since Dr. Bratton's removal, will be reopened on August 1 when Dr. P. H. Todd opens his drug store at that place.

THE MAIL CARRIERS WHO MAKE two trips a day will begin on August 1 to leave the office nearly two hours earlier on the first trip. They will leave at 7 o'clock in the morning instead of 8:45. This will be of great convenience to the public as they will get their morning delivery of mail nearly two hours earlier than formerly.

MRS. LIZZIE FLEMING DIED YESterday morning at her residence at Chattahoochee. The funeral will take place at the home this morning. The interment will be at Hollywood cemetery. Mrs. Fleming was a widow and leaves no children.

MARTHA, THE 2-YEAR-OLD DAUGHter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Walter, died at the home of her parents, 61 Jones avenue, yesterday morning. The funeral services will be held at the home this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The interment will take place at Westview cemetery.

GRACE, THE 1-MONTH-OLD DAUGHter of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Jones, died at the home of her parents, 12 Gosper street, yesterday afternoon. Funeral services will be held at the residence this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The interment will be at Westview cemetery.

MRS. SARAH B. SIGMAN, WHO died at her residence, 145 Piedmont avenue, Thursday morning, will be buried this afternoon. The funeral will be held at the home at 3:30 o'clock. The interment will be at Sylvester cemetery. Mrs. Sigman leaves her husband, E. R. Sigman, and five children.

A BIG WATERMELON CUT WAS given by the Young Men's Christian Association last night to the members of the organization. About 200 were in attendance and all present had a fine time. Rob Daniell and Shepard Camp rendered a musical programme.

MILT P. CAMP, FORMER COUNCILman from the first ward, has returned from Powder Springs and is now at his home at 101 Nelson street. Mr. Camp's health is somewhat improved, but he is still very ill.

THE CONDITION OF H. H. DeLoach, who was shot and seriously wounded by Thomas Smithson last Monday, showed some improvement yesterday and last night. Dr. Floyd W. McRae, the attending physician, states that the signs of improvement increase the chances for the recovery of the wounded man. DeLoach rested very comfortably last night.

DEPUTY SHERIFF TYE WAS BADly injured last week while on a fishing trip in Murray county. He was attempting to cross a branch on a log when his foot slipped and he fell in the stream. His back was wrenched, causing him much pain. He is able to be out, but the injury causes him some trouble yet.

MRS. W. E. EHLERS DIED OF APOplexy at her home, 76 West Foundry street, at 11 o'clock last night. Mrs. Ehlers was 55 years old. She leaves five children. The funeral announcements will be made later.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Two Scholarships Offered at Georgia's Excellent Institution.

Funds sufficient for all net expenses of two students for four years in the Georgia School of Technology will be contested for September 24.

The school has a national reputation for the high standing of its graduates, and its courses in mechanical, electrical, civil and textile engineering, and in engineering chemistry. Largely increased equipment in shops and laboratories the coming year. New dormitories under wholesome regulations, athletics under specialists; climate unsurpassed. In the largest city in the heart of the progressive south. Professors and instructors, 35; student enrollment, 432. For fully illustrated catalogue, address Lyman Hall, President, Atlanta, Ga.

Summer Excursions by Rail and Sail.

The Central of Georgia railway and connections are now selling round trip tickets to New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia via Savannah and steamship lines at very low rates. Tickets include meals and berth aboard ship. Much less than all rail. For full particulars, berth reservations, rates, etc., apply to any agent Central of Georgia railway, or to W. H. Fogg, T. P. A., 16 Wall st., Atlanta, Ga.

Convenient Schedule Between Atlanta and Carrollton, Via Southern R'y.

Trains leaving Atlanta 6:10 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. arrive Carrollton 8:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., respectively.

Trains leaving Carrollton 5:30 a. m., 9:15 a. m. and 5 p. m. arrive Atlanta 8:20 a. m., 11:30 a. m. and 10:15 p. m., respectively. Daily except unday.



SAVE TIME
and have better meals—
Cook With Gas!
Atlanta Gas Light Company.

AMPLE CAPACITY
Our vaults have ample capacity for the storage of trunks, packages and sundry valuables. Charges always moderate.
TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA
First floor.
Equitable Building

DIAMONDS.
Chas. W. Crankshaw
Diamond Merchant and Jeweler,
55 Whitehall Street.

Special Round Trip Railroad Tickets to Tallulah Lodge Hotel, Tallulah Falls, Ga., Saturday, July 26th, $2.00.

DR BURKHART'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND
An infallible remedy in cases accompanied by Want of Appetite, Sour, Bloated Stomach, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Coated Tongue, Headache, Stiffness in Limbs, Catarrh, Night Sweats, Pains in Back and Under Shoulder. 30 days' treatment 25 cts. All Druggists.

J. P. BOUVIER,
THE FRENCH PERFUMER,
100 Whitehall St.
NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS.
Ladies can have their handkerchiefs perfumed free of charge.

Niagara Excursion, $7.00, Via Erie Railroad, August 6, 1902.
Good twelve days. Stopover at Lake Chautauqua, Cambridge Springs. Toronto $1.00 more; Thousand Islands $6.50 more, and Montreal $10.65 more. Special train from Cincinnati 1:15 p. m. Through sleepers. Write Erie office, 11 W. 4th street, for particulars.



STRAW HAT TIME!
Our stock favors every face and our July prices favor every pocket.
Every good block is here—the "blockheads" go to the exclusive hatter.
Straw Hats..... ½ off
Men's and Boys' Fancy Suits at....¼ off
Trousers..... ¼ off
EISEMAN & WEIL,
"The Daylight Corner,"
1 WHITEHALL STREET.
Our Shoe Department removed to ground floor.

Send your Tub Dresses to Kreis, Phone 880, 18 Trinity Avenue.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law.
Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-213 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.



Full Set Teeth $5.00 to $10.00.
Gold Fillings, $1.00 and Up.
Silver Fillings, 50c and Up.
Gold Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty
OUR MOTTO is to turn out work that will satisfy all. Examinations and estimates made free.
DR. E. G. GRIFFIN,
Mgr. Gate City Dental Rooms, 408, 409 and 413 Norcross Building, will continue to serve his patrons as faithfully as he has done during the last 8 years in Atlanta. Open until 8 o'clock every night, except Sunday.

$2.50 to Montgomery and return, Monday, July 28th, via "The West Point Route." Special train will leave Atlanta 8 a. m. on the above date, giving you two days in Montgomery. Geo. W. Allen, T. P. A., 7 N. Pryor St. J. P. Billups, G. P. A.



Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 251, Times Bldg, New York
For Sale by JACOBS' PHARMACY CO., Atlanta, Ga. Mail Orders Solicited.

Our Own Make

Reduced


We've made up

Every inch of goods in our shirt factory that sold from one-fifty to two-fifty when made to your measure and placed them on sale today at both stores at—
80c each.

It's a remarkable reduction and while this price will not even pay for the materials alone it enables us to begin the Fall season with an entire new line for custom shirts.

Miller straws at cost—

Daniel Bros
30 Whitehall. Two Shops 30 Decatur



Do not ask for your size; ask to be fitted.

A Wonderful Shoe.

Among the most enthusiastic wearers of SOROSIS today are thousands of women who paid from $5.00 to $7.00 a pair for shoes—thousands of women who thought they could not afford to pay more than $2.50.

It's a wonderful shoe that can satisfy both the fastidious and the economical woman.

Shoes, Slippers, Oxfords. $3.50 Every Size, Every Style, Every Leather.

J. M. HIGH CO.
THE ONLY ATLANTA AGENTS.
38 Styles.

Window and Plate Glass,
Wholesale and Retail.
We have the largest stock of WINDOW Glass in the South, at our warehouses, 12 North Forsyth and 213 Peters St., Atlanta, and on M. & M. T. Co. Wharf, Savannah. Order from either place.
F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.

WALLACE & COMPANY,
LIVERY
37 to 61 IVY ST. 'Phones 176.

GREENBLATT IS "NOT GUILTY"

Superior Court Jury So Declared in Its Verdict Yesterday Afternoon.

IT WAS OUT FOR ONLY ABOUT SIXTY MINUTES

Friends of Young Man, While in Court Room, Had Difficulty in Concealing Their Pleasure at Acquittal—Affecting Scene.

Morris Greenblatt, the young white man charged with the murder of a negro, was declared not guilty by a jury in the criminal division of the Fulton superior court yesterday afternoon.

The jury was out about an hour. When the verdict was read there were many friends of the young fellow in the court room and these controlled their feelings with difficulty. Outside they congratulated Greenblatt. The boy's sister was in the court room, but the two did not meet until both got out of the building. The meeting was an affecting one.

All the evidence in the case was introduced Thursday by the time court adjourned for the day and argument was taken up the first thing yesterday morning. The young man was represented by Attorneys Kontz & Austin.

The evidence was to the effect that a negro came into the Peters street store of Greenblatt's father, where young Greenblatt was engaged as a clerk, and ran off with some clothing. The young man gave chase and caught the thief. The negro was brought back to the store, and, while awaiting the arrival of an officer, he caught up several pairs of pants and bolted again.

This was the testimony of the young man's sister, who was in the store at the time the affair occurred. Greenblatt had a pistol and another man in the store told him to shoot, at the same time trying to get possession of the weapon himself. The revolver was discharged and the negro was fatally wounded. Greenblatt was indicted by the grand jury on a charge of murder and his trial began before Judge F. C. Foster last Thursday morning.

Only two murder cases were tried in the superior court during the special term, which began last Monday morning and came to an end yesterday afternoon, and in each the defendant was acquitted. The first was of Willis Biggers, charged with killing Mail Carrier William Simpson. The jury in that case was out more than twenty hours.

Gets a Light Sentence.

Walter C. McLane, former bookkeeper of the Bank of Commerce, was sentenced to pay a fine of $500 or else go to the public works for twelve months and to jail for three months yesterday morning by Judge Foster in the criminal branch of the Fulton superior court for three charges of embezzlement. On the previous day the court had agreed to a consent verdict of guilty to be treated as for a misdemeanor and sentence was pronounced the first thing yesterday morning when court convened for the day. The judge seemed very much affected by the peculiar circumstances surrounding the case and tempered justice with mercy. It was stated that the young man's friends would raise the amount of the fine.

Old Cases Disposed Of.

Yesterday was house cleaning day in the criminal branch of the superior court and more than fifty old cases that have been on the docket for years were disposed of. Some of the indictments dated back to 1897. Verdicts of not guilty were signed by Police Commissioner S. W. Day, foreman of one of the juries, and the cases were wiped off the docket. Many of the cases were those in which, where two had been indicted, one had been tried and acquitted, and there was no need of keeping the other case open when conviction could not be had.

When the last verdict had been signed Judge Foster said in a jocular manner to Solicitor Hill that he believed he had made the record for a new judge who had only been on the bench a short time.

"You have made me more of a Scribe than a Pharisee," said he, and those in the court room catching the joke lost no time in giving expression to their appreciation of the little pleasantry on the part of the presiding officer.

Special Term Ends.

The special term of the criminal division of the Fulton superior court, which began last Monday, came to an end yesterday afternoon. Judge Fred C. Foster, presiding officer of the Ocmulgee circuit, who presided here during Judge Candler's absence, made a splendid impression on the court attendants and upon the members of the bar. He disposed of court business with rapidity and his good humor was infectious. He also has the happy faculty of being able to tell a good story and appreciate one told by someone else.

When the last case had been disposed [illegible]terday afternoon about 5 o'clock [illegible]citor General Hill announced that fact to Judge Foster and thanked his honor on behalf of the court officers and members of the bar for the manner in which he had presided and attended to the duties of the office. Mr. Hill expressed the wish that Judge Foster, instead of serving for the short term as judge, might remain on the bench of his circuit for all time.

"We regret, your honor," said Mr. Hill, "that we are now about to lose you, but I sincerely trust that we may see you often in the future."

Judge Foster responded gracefully and assured Mr. Hill that his stay in Atlanta had been most pleasant. He appreciated the kind wishes of the solicitor.

Large Deed Is Filed.

A deed transferring valuable business property at the corner of Mitchell and Forsyth streets from Mrs. Mary L. Frobel to Martin F. Amorous was filed for record yesterday in the office of the clerk of the superior court.

The property has a frontage of 30 feet on Mitchell street and the price paid was $30,000.

The lot extends back along Forsyth street 124 5-10 feet, and is occupied by a brick building, the lower floor of which is used for store purposes. This property was that conveyed by deed of S. B. Hoyt and W. H. Venable to B. W. Frobel March 10, 1880.

Transfer Was Refused.

Alleging that he was put off a car on the Whitehall street line because the conductor considered his transfer too old, J. R. Bryant, through his attorney, R. J. Jordan, yesterday filed suit in the city court against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company for $1,000 damages. He says that a short while ago he rode into town on the Forrest avenue line, secured a transfer and got on an East Point car. When the conductor came along to take up fares, it is stated, he said Bryant should have taken the car ahead of the one he was on. Bryant says he took the first East Point car that came along, and alleges that the conductor told him he would have to get off. He did get off and now sues the company, claiming that he was humiliated and mortified before a number of passengers.

Headed Off the Fi. Fa.

L. DeGive, administrator of the estate of Charles Beerman, yesterday instituted proceedings in the superior court against the city of Atlanta and city marshal to prevent the enforcement of a fi. fa. for $152.73 against the property known as 375 Whitehall street. Mr. DeGive sets out that several years ago the city tore up the sidewalk in front of this property, which has a frontage on Whitehall of 118 feet, laid a new pavement and also appropriated a strip of the land 5 feet wide and 118 feet long for street purposes without his consent or the consent of any of the Beerman heirs. He also charges that the city destroyed shade trees in front of the property worth $500.

After doing all this, he says, the city is seeking to collect $152.73 from the estate, and has issued a fi. fa., having advertised the property for sale. He asks the court to enjoin the sale and seeks judgments against the city for $2,500, which, he thinks, is due for the land taken and the trees destroyed. Judge Foster issued a temporary restraining order and set the case for a hearing before Judge Lumpkin on Sepetmber 6. Mr. DeGive is represented by Attorneys Walter R. Brown and Hamilton Douglas.

Two Declared Insane.

Before Judge Wilkinson in the ordinary's court yesterday Pinkney C. Flynn, white, and Caroline Thomas, colored, were tried and adjudged insane. Both will be sent to the asylum at Milledgeville as soon as there is room at that institution.

The negro woman became violent while being brought to the court house from the station house in the patrol wagon and was ordered sent to the Tower, where the jury visited her and made the necessary examination. In the wagon she tore at her clothing and it was all several men could do to keep her from leaping from the vehicle.

Will Case Is Appealed.

The Nancy Kilcrease will case, which has occupied the attention of the ordinary for quite a while, has been appealed to the superior court. The appeal papers were filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court yesterday. Judge Robert L. Rodgers and L. R. Ray are the attorneys interested in the case.

Property Transfers.

The following property transfers were filed yesterday for record in the office of the clerk of the superior court:

R. L. Anderson, Bibb county, administrator of the estate of J. B. Richardson, to Floyd W. McRae, lot 55 by 406 on Gordon avenue, in West End, adjoining the property of Joel Chandler Harris, $1,495.

Catherine W. Graves to Peter Wright, lot 100 by 25 on Fraser street, $550.

Mutual Loan and Banking Company to John H. Cooper, quit claim deed to lot 30 by 90 on Vine street.

Anna Morgan and S. R. Huggins to John H. Cooper, lot 30 by 90 on Vine street, $600.

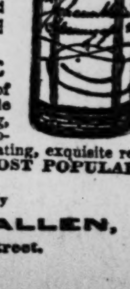
N. E. Murphy to Peter Wright, lot 24 by 90 on Lyons street, $650.

1709 — 1902

Buy ONLY the GENUINE.

J. M. F. (Johann Maria Farina)

Sternengasse **9-11** in Köln



EAU DE COLOGNE is used by all Royal heads of Europe. The most fashionable scent of to-day, very refreshing, lasting, sweet and delicate; produces an atmosphere of fascinating, exquisite refinement. 9-11 IS THE MOST POPULAR PERFUME in Europe.

For Sale by

BROWN & ALLEN,

24 Whitehall Street.

AN INVITATION THAT WILL BE OFFICIALLY IGNORED

Adjutant General Was Asked To Send White and Colored Troops to Olympian Games--Lee County's Primary.

"Hon. Phil Cook, secretary of state, Georgia volunteers, colored," is the way an invitation sent to the Georgia troops through Adjutant General J. W. Robertson by the officers of the International Olympian games of 1904, to be held in Chicago, read.

The letter conveying this invitation is signed by Edward C. Young, chairman, and Gordon Strong, secretary, the former bearing the title of colonel and the latter that of major. It seems they, with others, have charge of the military programme of the Olympian games and are seeking to arouse interest in them among both white and colored troops. After presenting the scope of the military features of the games the letter proceeds to urge the adjutant general to do all he can toward securing the attendance of a large delegation of "Georgia volunteers and Georgia volunteers, colored," on the occasion in question. The letter all the way through teems with the word "colored," seeming to lay special stress on the fact that they want the negro troops there.

"I don't know why they sent me any such letter as that," the adjutant general said, speaking of the matter. "Of course I shall pay no attention to it. Georgia is not in the habit of mixing her white and colored troops on any occasion and certainly could give no official countenance to any such invitation as that."

A large number of officers and directors is engaged in working up the Olympian games for Chicago in 1904, and apparently they seem anxious to have representatives from every state. Under the circumstances stated, however, Georgia will not be found on the programme, certainly not on the military feature of it, and the same will probably be found true of every other southern state. Those interested in the success of the games have made a mistake, General Robertson thinks, in including the colored troops, if they hope to have any representative from the states of the south. Certainly the military authorities will take no cognizance of it.

POLITICS IN LEE COUNTY.

Hon. Phil Cook, secretary of state, gone to Lee county for a few days and will probably remain over there to the democratic primary, which takes place next Wednesday, July 30, in order to vote, as he has always retained his citizenship in Lee.

There is some pretty warm politics down in Lee, and the people there take much interest in anything of a political nature that comes to their attention. Several contests of interest are to be decided in this coming primary. William Wells, of Smithville, and James M. McBride, of Leesburg, are the candidates for the house, and the contest for the place promises to be a close and exciting one. Dr. A. B. Duncan, a member of the present house, who has been in the race for the senate from the tenth district for some time, is opposed by John T. Ferguson, of Leesburg. Dr. Duncan's friends express the opinion that he will surely be a member of the next legislature, though a hard fight is being made on him.

One of the hardest local fights is that for sheriff of the county. This contest is between James Salter, with Tobe Larramore for deputy, and W. A. Smith, with Fort Hines for deputy. The present sheriff, E. B. Martin, who is an uncle of Mr. Smith, is not a candidate for re-election. The outcome of the primary will be awaited with a great deal of interest in other quarters of the state besides Lee.

THE SILK INDUSTRY.

A letter was received yesterday at the department of agriculture from Louis B. Magid, of Lodge, Ga., who is taking great interest in introducing silk culture in the south, suggesting that the commissioners of agriculture of the southern states might do much toward furthering this industry through their departments.

Assistant Commissioner R. F. Wright is of the opinion that the suggestion is a good one, and he thinks the matter should be given prompt attention. To this end he will take steps to have Mr. Magid put on the programme for the Association of Commissioners of Agriculture of the Southern States, which meets in Nashville, Tenn., August 26 to 28 inclusive. Mr. Magid can give all the information necessary on the subject, having made an extended study of it, and no doubt the commissioners of agriculture of the south will be glad to make this important and interesting industry a feature of their department work.

BILLS OF EXCEPTIONS FILED.

Bills of exceptions in the cases of Millard Lee, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Miss Lilla Suttles, and Henry King, sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Baliff Ed Battle, were filed in the supreme court yesterday. They are returnable to the October term and were assigned for hearing on October 20. This will give Lee a somewhat longer lease on life in case the sentence of the lower court is approved than was expected. In the case of Henry King, however, his sentence being imprisonment, it will make no material difference. Decisions in both cases will be rendered, it is expected, about November 1.

Hon Seaton Grantland, of Griffin, has declined to serve as one of the arbitrators for the state under appointment by the governor in the matter of the tax returns of the Georgia, Southern and Florida railroad on the ground that being a director in a railroad company, the Georgia Midland, he is disqualified. He has so notified the governor, it is stated, and the latter will no doubt name another arbitrator to serve with Dr. J. B. S. Holmes in behalf of the state upon his return to Atlanta today.

Nothing was done in the executive office yesterday, Governor Candler being absent in Griffin in attendance on the annual reunion of the Thirtieth Georgia regiment. The governor is expected to return to the city today.

Hon O. B. Stevens, commissioner of agriculture, who has been quite ill at his home in Griffin, was reported some better yesterday, though his friends at the capitol still express much anxiety about him. It is said he has been threatened with apoplexy, and this has caused his friends serious alarm. They express the hope, however, that he will soon be able to return to his office in the capitol.

A·B·C BEERS

Guaranteed Pure. None So Good.

Order from Jacobs Pharmacy Co.

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers

Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed to Prevent contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CITY MARSHAL'S SALES.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, CITY OF ATLANTA—Atlanta, Ga., July 12, 1902.—As Marshal of the City of Atlanta, I will sell before the court house door of Fulton county, on the first Tuesday in August next, within the lawful hours of sale, the parcels of property hereinafter described, which has been levied on by me under executions issued by the City of Atlanta against said parcels of property and against said owners thereof for city taxes for the years 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, and for the cost of constructing sewers adjacent said property and paving and curbing the sidewalks in front of said property. Owners or tenants in possession of each of said parcels of property having been legally notified of such levies, to-wit:

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Hilliard street, between Schofield and Fain streets, and running back 85 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 52 in said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Downer. Levied on as the property of Ed and R. J. Logan to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Ed and R. J. Logan for city taxes for the year 1901. Sold for the benefit of Georgia Land Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 25 feet on the west side of McDaniel street, between Crumley and Glenn streets, and running back 75 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 141 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Boykin. Levied on as the property of Thos. F. Corrigan to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Thos. F. Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1895. Sold for the benefit of Bates-Farley Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, in ward 2, land lot 76, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 106 feet on the west side of Washington street, between Brown place and Rawson street, and running back 240 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 187 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining Brown Est. and Rawson street. Levied on as the property of Julius L. Brown to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Julius L. Brown for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Washington street with asphalt, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, in ward 2, land lot 76, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 88 feet on the west side of Washington street, between Brown place and Rawson street, and running back 240 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining Brown place and Julius L. Brown. Levied on as the property of J. L. and Joe M. Brown, executors of the estate of Jos. E. Brown, deceased, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said J. L. and J. M. Brown, executors of the estate of Jos. E. Brown, deceased, for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Washington street with asphalt, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, in ward 2, land lot 76, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 194 feet on the west side of Washington street, between Woodward avenue and Brown place, and running back 240 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining Woodward avenue and Brown place. Levied on as the property of J. L. and J. M. Brown, executors of the estate of Jos. E. Brown, deceased, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said J. L. and J. M. Brown, executors of the estate of Jos. E. Brown. Decd., for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Washington street with asphalt, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 49½ feet on the south side of Johnson avenue, between Boulevard and Howell street, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 25 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Hendrix and Smith. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. E. Hendrix to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. M. E. Hendrix for the proportion of the cost of constructing a sewer along Johnson avenue, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 99 feet on the south side of Johnson avenue, between Boulevard and Howell street, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Smith and Hendrix. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. E. Hendrix to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. M. E. Hendrix for the proportion of the cost of constructing a pipe sewer along Johnson avenue, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 118 6-10 feet on the west side of Whitehall street, between Forsyth and McDaniel streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 375 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Owen and Bowden. Levied on as the property of Chas. Beerman Est. to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Chas. Beerman Est. for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 14, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 120 feet on the east side of Hurt street, between Decatur street and Euclid avenue, and running back 140 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Decatur street and Hill Est. Levied on as the property of E. A. Robertson to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said E. A. Robertson for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 6, land lot 50, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 146 feet on the west side of Peachtree street, between Porter place and Alexander street, and running back 300 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as Nos. 342, 344 and 348 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Jackson. Levied on as the property of S. H. Venable to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said S. H. Venable for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 101 feet on the north side of Decatur street, between Hilliard and Yonge streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 392 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Stowers. Levied on as the property of D. Sullivan to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said D. Sullivan for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 60 feet on the north side of Decatur street, between Daniel and Boulevard, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Murphy and Daniel street. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. A. Stephens to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. E. A. Stephens for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

R. E. RILEY, City Marshal.

Moving Sale

It is not a question of how much loss we will take, but how quickly we get rid of Every Suit in our house. Note these prices:

$10.00 Suits for $7.50
$12.50 Suits for $8.40
$15.00 Suits for $11.00
$18.50 Suits for $13.50
$20.00 Suits for $14.50

Our policy is never to carry over goods of any sort if a generous sacrifice will move them.

STRAW HATS HALF-PRICE.

WE MOVE Sept. 1st to 26 Whitehall St.

Essig Bros.,

The Popular Clothiers,

37 WHITEHALL.

FOR RENT---423 Piedmont Ave.

This property is on the east side of Piedmont avenue between Currier and Pine streets. The lot is 40 by 120 and lies level. The building is a two-story eight-room brick, with gas, hot and cold water; bath, closet in the kitchen and sink in the pantry. This is one of those desirable Sheehan houses. Is in the best of repair, in a good neighborhood and is quite convenient to the Calhoun Street school, which is one of the best public schools in the city. Is convenient to several car lines. Rent $32.50 per month.

We publish a weekly Rent Bulletin, giving full description of everything we have for rent. Call or send for a copy. We move tenants free.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE.

The Renting Agent, 50 North Broad Street.

WANT ADS.

The Constitution is the unexcelled medium for "Want" advertisements.

It pays to let your wants be known in The Constitution.

If you have anything to sell let the people know it through The Constitution's "Want" columns, and you can sell it.

If you wish to buy anything, let your desires be known in The Constitution's "Want" columns and you can get it.

Ten cents per line each insertion.

No advertisement received for less than the price of three lines.

Special discount given when advertisements continue in the paper for one month or longer.

Will not guarantee classification of advertisements if received after 8 p. m.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRUG MAN WANTED—A drug man and prescriptionist, competent to manage first-class drug business. Must be experienced salesman, sober and industrious. Thoroughly reliable in every respect. Neatness and order a prerequisite. Single man preferred. Good salary for right man. Address, immediately, W. J. Butts, Brunswick, Ga. 7-25-26-27

WANTED—Bookkeepers, stenographers, salesmen, mechanics, salesladies, housekeepers and all who want positions to call or write the Empire Business Bureau, Grant Building, Atlanta, Ga. 7-24-tf

IF you are seeking employment call on or write Southern Employment Agency, 411 English-American bldg. tf

"WANTED—100 good carpenters and bridge men for trestle work; good wages to good men." Apply to W. J. Oliver & Co., Tuscaloosa, Ala. 7-16-10t

SPLENDID chance for men to learn barber trade now and take positions waiting graduates. Tools presented, pay Saturdays, wages from $12 to $15 weekly. Write nearest branch. Moler Barber Colleges, St. Louis, Mo., or New Orleans, La.

WANTED—Two good machinery molders; $3.25 per day; steady work. Withers Foundry and Machine Works. 7-23-7t

WANTED—Office boy. Only those with experience need apply. Call at 231 Equitable building today.

WANTED—Immediately, an experienced rock mason. Apply postoffice box 37, city, or A. L. Barth, 55 East Alabama st.

WANTED—Two machinists. Continental Gin Co., corner Foundry st. and W. & A. R. R.

WANTED—At once—A combination man as baker and assistant cook. State experience and salary expected in first letter. None but competent need apply. Write or wire. Harris Lithia Springs Hotel, Harris Springs, S. C. 7-26-27

TRUSTWORTHY person in each county to manage business; old established house; solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary; $18 paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses, direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 389 Caxton bldg., Chicago. 7-26 27

HELP WANTED—Female.

REGULAR employment will be given ladies and girls at plain sewing. Apply at No. 36 W. Alabama st. Nunnally Bros.

WANTED—A few more experienced lady canvassers to work on salary. Apply Saturday morning, 8 to 10. Room 28 Inman building.

WANTED—First-class white cook for restaurant or hotel; four white female waiters. Apply Williams House No. 2 Monday at 9 a. m.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

COMPETENT bookkeeper and office man wishes to invest $1,000 to $2,000 with services in some established business; one paying a salary preferred. Address W. S., The Constitution. 7-24-25-26-27

WARRENTON, GA., offers the best opportunity for a man with some money to open a heavy grocery and hardware business. Field clear. Population 1,500. Cotton receipts 4,000. Address Mayor of Warrenton. 7-23-25-27

GENTLEMAN that thoroughly understands the bag manufacturing business, and can invest some capital in a cotton bag mill, to take charge and operate with assistance of others interested. Good opening for right man. Address Cotton Bag Mill, Box 14, Warrenton, Ga. 7-23-25-27

AN EXCELLENT opportunity for salesmen connected with the oil and hardware business to make money handling a good selling article on side line with large commission. Will not interfere with regular line, and no samples are required. Goods manufactured by a concern of high standing. Address Manufacturer, care Milbourne Advertising Agency, Baltimore, Md. 7-26-27

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta.

PRESS clippings. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, established in 1895, is the only press clipping bureau in the United States making a specialty of reading southern weeklies and small dailies. Our daily construction bulletins give all building and financial information in advance of a[illegible] other sources. We furnish information and press clippings on every conceivable subject. Send for samples. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

STENOGRAPHER in the north would like to exchange position with a stenographer in the south, with equal position. Write at once. 1129 Granite building, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS WANTED—Men or women to sell by samples direct to drug trade. Sample outfit. Big commissions or salary. Pleasant work. Write at once. Thompson-Norton Drug Co., 11 N. Broadway, Lexington, Ky. 7-24-25-26

AGENTS on salary or commission. The greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Manufacturing Company, X 46, La Crosse, Wis. 7-26-27

FOR SALE—Machinery.

SECOND-HAND woodworking machinery and iron machine tools Richards Machine Co., 25 Peters street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—1,500-pound hand elevator in first-class condition, suitable for 2 or 3-story building. Capital City Chair Co., 272 Marietta st. 7-20-7t

MEDICAL.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal, Cotton Root Pills, a safe, reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and obstrutions. Trial box by mail, 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bros., manf'g chemists, Atlanta, Ga.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOUTHERN Engraving Co., Atlanta, conduct the best equipped engraving plant in the south.

STRAW HATS CLEANED, Panamas a specialty; also ostrich feathers cleaned and curled on short notice. C. H. Smith, millinery, 180 Peachtree.

SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS,
THE SIGN MAN,
3¼ N. BROAD.
PHONE 509.

WALL PAPER.

WE are showing the very latest patter[ns] in wall paper and know our prices [will] also interest you. J. M. Quick Co., 29 [illegible] Hunter st. 'Phones 729. tf

FURNITURE.

THE cheapest place to buy furniture, mattings, rugs on cash or easy payments. J. C. & J. G. Evins, 73 Whitehall.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

TYPEWRITERS of all makes at prices way under the market. Good Williams, Remingtons, Smiths, Yosts, etc., at $20 to close out. Hardin Co., largest dealers and best repairers south. 78-80 Peachtree st. 7-20-10t

WATCHES.

SELF-WINDING CLOCKS, warranted; watches cleaned 50c; jewelry repaired, diamonds reset. Boley, jeweler, 141 Peachtree. tf

Notice to Landlords.

We have opened our renting department at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets, and before listing your property for rent consult us. We have quite a number of customers to find places for, both on north and south side. Our special attention will be given to renting and if you want your property rented and special attention given to it, list it with us. S. B. Turman & Co., corner Broad and Alabama sts. 'Phone 674. 6-29-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

WE MAKE LOANS
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE
WITHOUT MORTGAGES
WITHOUT SALARY ORDERS
WITHOUT COLLATERAL
ATLANTA DISCOUNT CO., 508 Temple Court.

SPECIAL home funds to lend; any amount; 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 6 1-2 South Broad.

MONEY to lend on real estate from one to five years at 5 1-2 to 7 per cent; also repayable monthly; lowest possible expense. S. B. Turman, corner Broad and Alabama streets.

MONEY to loan, any amount. Edgar Dunlap, 212 Prudential Bldg.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business 42 principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

J. T. HOLLEMAN negotiates loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. 8 West Alabama street.

MONEY to lend on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, 319-21 Equitable building, before borrowing.

WEYMAN & CONNERS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

ON DIAMONDS and jewelry; half rates; strictly confidential. Schaul & May, corner Peachtree and Decatur.

MONEY TO LOAN to ladies holding salaried positions; special courtesies extended. Kennedy Loan Co., 728 Empire bldg. 6-11-12 m

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. J. T. Holleman, 8 West Alabama st.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, room 46 Inman building, real estate loans.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A FEW desirable boarders can find pleasant accommodation at 183 Whitehall street. Bell 'phone 2239.

WANTED—Board.

WANTED—Board in private family by single gentleman. Reference if required. Address Permanent, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—One floor containing 11,000 square feet suitable for storage or manufacturing, railroad and street frontage. Capital City Chair Company, 272 Marietta street. 7-20-7t

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

VEHICLES of every description (harness also) at your own price. We are selling out. Thrower Bros. 57 South Broad street. 7-25-26-27

WANTED—A customer for an extra good Babcock victoria. See us quick. Price will please you. Thrower Bros., 57 South Broad street. 7-25-26-27.

FOR SALE—$20,000 Atlanta 4 1-2 per cent bonds, due 1922.

Fifty shares Atlanta brewery.

Wanted—Capital City national bank stock and Fourth national bank stock.

Buy and sell local investment securities. H. H. Brown, 15 Edgewood avenue. 'Phone 232. 7-10-1mo

INDIAN WARS PENSIONS—New law of June 27, 1902. Send for free copy. Consultation free. No fee unless successful. Milo B. Stevens & Co., attorneys, [illegible] st., Washington, D. C. 7-6 4t tues sat

FOR SALE or exchange for Atlanta property, 114 Liberty street, West Savannah, Ga. Choice location for good physician. Address J. C. White, M.D., 501 Empire bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—One second-hand refrigerator for restaurant. Call Williams house No. 2 Monday.

LOST.

LARGE diamond sunburst at Aragon or Exposition Park, on Tuesday, July 22. Large reward. No questions if returned at once to L. W. Scoville, Hotel Aragon. 7-24-25-27

LOST—Pair gold spectacles Friday on Ivy or Edgewood ave. Reward if left at Leland hotel.

LOST—Bunch of keys: left in box 435 or lost on the street. Deliver to room 11, Constitution building, and get liberal reward.

MILLINERY.

NOW'S the time and here's the place to get stylish millinery at half price. Trimmed hats must go. Stylish shirt waist hats from $1 to $1.50. C. H. Smith, 180 Peachtree. 7-15 to 9-1

REMOVAL.

BOLEY, Jeweler, has moved to 99 Peachtree. Diamonds reset; jewelry repaired. Watches cleaned, 50c to $5.

MEDICAL.

DR. JOHNSON'S "AFTER-DINNER PILL" Will Keep You Well. 35 Doses for 25 Cents. Ask your Druggist for a FREE SAMPLE. THE HOME REMEDY CO., AUSTELL BLDG., ATLANTA, GA.

Dropsy Cured in 30 to 60 days. 10 days' treatment free. O. E. COLLUM DROPSY MEDICINE CO. 312-313 Lowndes Building, Atlanta, Ga.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—Carl Kellogg to communicate with his father. Garton dead. 7-24-25-26-27

ATLANTA DENTAL PARLORS.

NEW YORK DENTAL PARLORS now open in Atlanta over Brown & Allen's drug store, corner Alabama and Whitehall streets. You are invited to visit them. We will work for about cost of material the next fifteen days to introduce our crown work, bridges, fillings and sets of teeth. Call early and secure the best work known to the profession. N. Y. Dental Parlors, Lanier & Lanier, proprietors. Phone 1798.

THE Lanier Southern Busines College, Macon, Ga., is the largest and best equipped business college south. Phone 578, Macon, Ga.

DR. LANIER'S Atlanta Dental Parlors, corner Peachtree and Marietta streets, lead the south in fine work and low prices; $3.50 for a specimen gold crown, $4 to $10 for set of teeth. Phone 1534, Marietta and Peachtree streets.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Good cottage, 6 rooms, with servant's room. Apply to William Bensel, 66 E. Ellis. 7-25-26-27

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street. tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Central property, renting for $100 per month, and room for other buildings, only $14,000; worth $20,000. S. B. Turman, Broad and Alabama streets. 7-1-1mo

FOR SALE—Nice cottage on Baker street for $2,000; also a cosy home on Pine street for $2,500; $5,750 will give you a snap on North avenue, near Peachtree street. S. B. Turman, corner Broad and Alabama streets. 7-1-1mo

E. D. Crane & Co., No. 43 and 45 S. Forsyth Street.

IF it's a good thing on wheels you will find it on our floors.

Our carriages are the product of famous makers in the east, and Columbus Buggy Co.'s vehicles, standard the world over.

Hand-sewed horse harness, machine-made mule millinery. The best of our own manufacture. Good quality at correct prices.

The prettiest line of runabouts ever shown in the south. Everybody's favorite.

Several latest designs in station wagons, equipped with all modern appliances.

Beautiful cabriolets and surreys of best quality. Our goods and prices are apt to please you.

E. D. CRANE & CO., 43 and 45 South Forsyth street. 7-25-1m

WANTED—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

WANTED—By September 1 an 8-room house in desirable location on north side. Address with full particulars P. O. box No. 274. 7-18-fri-sun-tues-6t

Silver Polish.

We have received a few more sample bottles of the best Silver Polish in the world. You can have one of them free for the asking.

Julius R. Watts & Co.,
JEWELERS,
7 West Alabama Street.

SCHEDULES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains of the Following Roads, Union Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From.		Depart To.	
Jonesboro	6 15 am	*Jonesboro	6 25 am
*Savannah	7 25 am	*Savannah	7 50 am
*Jonesboro	8 15 am	Macon	12 10 pm
*Macon	11 20 am	Jonesboro	12 20 pm
Jonesboro	2 15 pm	*Macon	4 05 pm
Hapeville	5 40 pm	Hapeville	3 45 pm
Savannah	4 15 pm	Jonesboro	6 10 pm
Macon	8 00 pm	*Savannah	9 00 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:		Following Trains Sunday Only:	
Jonesboro	8 55 am	Hapeville	9 00 am
Hapeville	10 45 am	Jonesboro	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Nashville	7 30 am	Nashville	8 22 am
Marietta	8 32 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
Memphis	11 45 am	Memphis	4 30 pm
Marietta	2 40 pm	Marietta	5 30 pm
Nashville	7 30 pm	Nashville	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Montgomery	11 40 am	Montgomery	5 30 am
Selma	7 30 pm	Montgomery	1 05 pm
Selma	11 40 pm	Selma	4 20 pm
LaGrange	8 20 am	Lagrange	5 30 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Norfolk	7 50 am	*Clinton	7 40 am
*Washington	3 55 pm	*Washington	12 00 n'n
*Clinton	7 50 pm	*Norfolk	8 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Augusta	5 00 am	*Augusta	7 55 am
Conyers	6 45 am	Lithonia	10 05 am
Covington	7 45 am	*Augusta	3 10 pm
*Augusta	1 00 pm	Conyers	5 00 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	8 00 pm	*Augusta	11 45 pm

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE & NORTHERN.

(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)

Leave Atlanta for Knoxville .... 8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville .... 7 30 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Southern Railway

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5.30 A. M.—NO. 13, DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Through Pullman sleeping cars for Cincinnati.

5.30 A. M.—No. 16, DAILY. Local to Brunswick. Makes all stops.

5.30 A. M.—No. 28, DAILY. To Columbus.

6.10 A. M.—NO. 35, DAILY. Through sleeping cars to Birmingham and Kansas City, arrive Carrollton 9:30 a. m. Birmingham 11:45 a. m., Memphis 8:05 p. m., Kansas City 9:45 a. m.

7.50 A. M.—NO. 12, DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.

7.55 A. M.—NO. 7, DAILY. Local to Chattanooga. Arrive Chattanooga 1 p. m.

12.00 Noon—NO. 38, DAILY. Washington and Southwestern Limited. Drawing room, sleeping, library, observation cars and club cars through without change; dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 6:42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.

12.05 Noon—NO. 8, DAILY. Arrives Macon 2:25 p. m.

1.00 P. M.—NO. 40, DAILY. Atlanta and New York Express. Day coaches, sleeper [illegible] tween Atlanta and Washington and Cha[illegible] to Richmond and Norfolk. Arrives Ri[illegible] 7 a. m., Norfolk 8:30 a. m., W[illegible]n 9:45 a. m.

4.10 P. M.—NO. 30, DAILY. Loc[illegible] Valley. Makes all stops.

4.10 P. M.—NO. 10, DAILY. Local [to] Macon. Pullman observation chair car.

4.15 P. M.—NO. 37, DAILY. Pullm[an] sleeping car and day coaches to Memphis. Arrives Carrollton 6:30 p. m., Birmingham 9:50 p. m., Memphis 7:15 a. m.

4.40 P. M.—NO. 22, DAILY. Local to Columbus. Arrives Columbus 8:40 p. m.

4.30 P. M.—NO. 18, DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Bell." Makes all stops. Arrives Toccoa 9 p. m.

5.00 P. M.—NO. 15, DAILY. Through sleeping car to Cincinnati. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville. Arrives Chattanooga 9:50 p. m., Cincinnati 8:10 a. m., Louisville 8:05 a. m.

6.15 P. M.—NO. 25, DAILY. Makes all stops. Arrives Anniston 10:15 p. m.

10.45 P. M.—NO. 14, DAILY. The Florida Limited. Solid vestibuled train through to Jacksonville. Local sleeping car to Brunswick. Arrives Jacksonville 8:30 a. m.

12.00 Night—NO. 36, DAILY. U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car through to New York and Richmond. Through coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9 p. m., New York 6:23 a. m., Boston 3 p. m.

Ticket Office: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office 142 Main; Depot, 178 Main.

HEAVY ISSUANCE OF JULY NOTICES

Created Semi-Panic Among the Bulls for a Time.

SHARP DECLINE FOLLOWED

Cotton Steadied Later, Recovered the Declined and Closed 1 Point Lower to 7 Higher—Grains Closed Lower—Stocks Closed Irregular.

New York, July 25.—The cotton market opened weak with prices 4 to 15 points lower under a bad scare of belated near month longs who were frightened by the issuance of 40,000 bales July notices, which, following the 35,000 issued last Tuesday for a time created a semi-panic among the bulls. Not until July dropped to 8.15 and August to 8.03 did the market show the least symptom of recuperative power, and it was not until midday that a positively steady feeling developed. Then it was learned that strong interests had stopped the notices and would immediately ship the cotton to the northern mills or to Europe. Early in the afternoon conservative operators began to quietly gather in stray lots of July and August, while later month shorts beat a retreat. For the rest of the session the tendency was steady upward with investment buying something of a feature. In the last hour July shorts endeavored to cover, but found the market almost totally bare of offerings. As against 8.15 on the first break, July worked up to 8.44; August advanced from 8.03 to 8.23, while the late months held quite firm at about last night's final bids. The close was very steady with prices net 1 point lower to 7 points higher, this being about the top notch of the session. Total sales for the day were estimated at 300,000 bales, a large portion of which was summer and early fall delivery options.

Review of New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, July 25.—The heavy drop in futures, continued seasonable in Texas and the decline in Liverpool have brought the spot market almost to a standstill. Sales 275 bales, including 25 to arrive. Quotations unchanged.

The cotton futures market opened lower again at all three centers, but at New Orleans resistance was greater than at the other points. Opening sales showed losses of 6 to 9 points on current and 3 to 4 points on the fall and winter months. After the call covering and some investment buying led to the recovery of the entire decline and sent values higher than last evening's figures by 3 to 5 points. Thereafter the market steadied down, the fluctuations being within very narrow limits, finally closing with a loss of 4 points on July, net gains of 2 on August, 6 on September and 2 to 3 on the winter months. September and January were the most actively dealt in.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, July 25.—The market today has ruled quiet in all departments, the demand being barely up to the average of the previous week days. Print cloths are inactive at previous prices. Linens ruled quiet and unchanged. Burlaps are slightly lower than last week.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Quiet; middling 8⅞c.
Liverpool—Easier; middling 4 31-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 9c.
New Orleans—Easy; middling 8 13-16c.
Savannah—Irregular and weak; middling 8⅞c.
Galveston—Easy; middling 8⅞c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 9c.
Mobile—Nominal; middling 8¾c.
Memphis—Quiet; middling 8⅞c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling 8⅞c.
Charleston—Quiet; middling 8⅞c.
Houston—Quiet; middling 8¾c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling 8⅞c.

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
July	8 16	8 44	8 15	8 42	8 40-42
August	8 05	8 23	8 03	8 23	8 22-23
September	7 76	7 93	7 76	7 92	7 91-92
October	7 67	7 80	7 67	7 78	7 77-78
November	7 63	7 68	7 61	7 67	7 68-69
December	7 61	7 70	7 61	7 70	7 68-69
January	7 62	7 69	7 61	7 69	7 68-69
February	......	......	......	......	7 66-69
March	7 63	7 70	7 63	7 68	7 67-68
April	......	......	......	......	......
May	......	......	......	......	......
June	......	......	......	......	......

Futures closed very steady.

Following are the receipts, exports and stock at all United States ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS 1902	RECEIPTS 1901	EXPORTS 1902	EXPORTS 1901	STOCKS 1902	STOCKS 1901
Saturday	974	2745	6940	11938	248269	404943
Monday	5122	6198	2954	23485	248577	392535
Tuesday	1287	5521	2716	15231	247562	382535
Wednesday	2882	2706	300	1611	248078	378668
Thursday	909	4328	4847	10274	239945	370855
Friday	2444	3092	10118	9703	237059	361955
Total	13618	24590	27875	72242		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

July	8 76	January	7 52
August	8 36	February	
September	7 86	March	
October	7 62	April	
November	7 52	May	
December	7 52	June	

Futures closed quiet and steady.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, July 25.—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot; business moderate with prices easier; middling uplands 4 27-32; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,000; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 1,000; all American.

Futures opened easy.

	Open'g.	Closing.	
July	4 42 64	4 43	Buyers
July-August	4 40-64	4 40½	sellers
August-September	4 33-64	4 34½	Buyers
September-October	4 21-64	4 23½	Sellers
October-November	4 16 64	4 17	Buyers
November-December	4 13-64	4 14½	sellers
December-January	4 11-64	4 12½	sellers
January-February	4 11-64	4 12½	sellers
February-March	4 11-64	4 13	Buyers

Futures closed very steady.

Movement at the Ports.

New York, July 25.—Cotton quiet; sales 34,481 bales; middling uplands 9; gulf 9¼; net receipts none; gross 198; stock 135,486.

New Orleans, July 25.—Cotton easy; sales 300 bales; middling 8 13-16; receipts 348; stock 60,123.

Galveston, July 25.—Cotton easy; middling 8⅞; receipts 14; stock 4,403.

Mobile, July 25.—Cotton nominal; middling 8¾; stock 3,875.

Savannah, July 25.—Cotton irregular and weak; middling 8⅞; receipts 184; stock 6,820.

Charleston, July 25.—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; receipts 6; stock 1,125.

Wilmington, July 25.—Cotton firm; middling 8¾; stock 886.

Norfolk, July 25.—Cotton steady; middling 9; sales 13; receipts 205; stock 6,742.

Baltimore, July 25.—Cotton nominal; middling 9¼; receipts 705; stock 4,673.

Boston, July 25.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 9 1-16; net receipts 5; gross receipts 11.

Philadelphia, July 25.—Cotton steady; middling 9¼; stock 3,046.

St. Louis, July 25.—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; sales 200; receipts 228; stock 17,770.

Memphis, July 25.—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; receipts 249; shipments 248; stock 8,043; sales 50.

Augusta, July 25.—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; sales 58; receipts 1; stock 7,014.

Houston, July 25.—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; sales none; receipts 51; stock 3,657.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, July 25.—Discouraging Liverpool advices influenced our market unfavorably, and a decline of 7 to 9 points on the near months and 5 points on the late was established on the opening. Subsequently, however, reports of 40,000 to 50,000 notices being stopped in New York, and fears of too much rain in Texas caused an improvement of 10 to 16 points from the bottom. Near the close values again eased off slightly, making the net gain 6 points on August and 2 to 3 on all the other months except July, which declined 4 points. Good general rains fell in Texas, Arkansas and the Atlantics, but it was generally fair in the central portion of the belt. Showers are predicted for tonight and Saturday over the Atlantics, Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas and the eastern portion of Texas. The total stock of American ashore and afloat to Liverpool is 646,000, against 624,000 last year and 358,000 year before last. The visible supply of American, including a 40,000 minus correction in Barcelona stock, decreased 158,000 during the week, against a loss of 7,300 last year and 63,000 year before last, and the aggressive American supply to date is 1,186,000, against 1,407,000 last year and 882,000 year before last. The crop prospects on the whole are favorable, and although there are fears entertained of excessive rains doing damage in Texas, they are not seriously considered for the moment. With a continuance of general rains in Texas, it might interfere with picking and retard the movement of new cotton during August. Otherwise, it will ultimately be beneficial to the crop. The strong statistical position does not exert any influence on spinners, who seem to be determined to pursue a hand-to-mouth policy, which looks justifiable considering the fact that new crop months are selling at ⅝@1c a pound under the near positions. Weather conditions and the demand for spots will continue to regulate values.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 25, 1902.

Stations of Atlanta District and State of Weather.	Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths).
Atlanta, clear	89	66	.00
Chattanooga, clear	89	65	.00
*Columbus, clear	91	71	.00
Gainesville, clear	86	66	.00
Greenville, clear	87	62	.00
Griffin, clear	95	67	.00
Macon, clear	86	64	2 00
Monticello, clear	94	63	.43
Rome, clear	96	..	.00
Spartanburg, clear	89	..	.00
Tallapoosa, clear	..	..	T
Toccoa, clear	93	65	.00
West Point, clear	90	64	.00
	92	68	.00

*Received late, not included in averages.

Heavy Rainfalls—Americus, Ga., 1.64; Dallas, Tex., 1.64; Temple, Tex., 6.72; Tyler, Tex., 2.00; Weatherford, Tex, 3.00; Chandler, Okla., 3.72; Stillwater, Okla., 1.94; Malvern, Ark., 1.60; Texarkana, Ark., 1.76; Paris, Tex., 1.60.

Central Stations.	No. of Stations Reporting.	District Averages. Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths).
Atlanta	12	90	64	.20
Augusta	11	88	64	.20
Charleston	5	86	68	.02
Galveston	29	88	70	.78
Little Rock	12	92	68	.44
Memphis	14	92	66	.00
Mobile	10	92	68	.02
Montgomery	10	92	68	.04
New Orleans	10	86	70	.24
Oklahoma	9	86	68	.70
Savannah	12	88	68	.54
Vicksburg	12	90	68	T
Wilmington	10	86	64	.16

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

Remarks—Portions of Texas, Oklahoma Territory, Arkansas and southwest and central Georgia have received heavy to excessive amounts of rain within the past 24 hours, ranging from slightly less than 2 inches to the abnormal amount of 6.72 inches, at Temple, Tex. Showers have occurred in the remaining portions of the belt, except Memphis district, generally in moderate amounts. Temperatures are slightly lower over Galveston, New Orleans and Vicksburg districts; practically unchanged elsewhere.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Observer.

Total Receipts at U. S. Ports.

New York, July 25.—The following are the total net receipts at all ports since September 1.

Galveston	2,031,431
New Orleans	2,247,850
Mobile	152,634
Savannah	1,131,020
Charleston	263,496
Wilmington	277,750
Norfolk	452,442
Baltimore	100,411
New York	161,810
Boston	119,839
Newport News	24,143
Philadelphia	34,579
Brunswick	123,768
Fernandina	4,950
Pensacola	174,430
Port Arthur	54,207
Port Townsend	110,211
San Francisco	30,038
Portland	13,020
Vancouver	2,554
El Paso	1,440
Eagle Pass	2,710
Laredo	7,270
Total	7,522,003

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, July 25.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

Net receipts for the week	13,618
Same time last year	24,590
Decrease	10,9[illegible]
Total receipts since Sept. 1	7,522,003
Same time last year	7,421,425
Increase	100,580
Exports for the week	27,875
Same time last year	72,242
Decrease	44,367
Total exports since Sept. 1	6,459,942
Same time last year	6,230,986
Increase	228,956
Stock at U. S. ports	227,059
Same time last year	361,955
Decrease	134,896
Stock at interior towns	72,238
Same time last year	174,673
Decrease	102,435
Stock at Liverpool	631,000
Same time last year	579,000
Increase	52,000
American afloat for Great Britain	15,000
Same time last year	45,000
Decrease	30,000

O'Dell & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 25.—Cotton futures in the local market opened weak today in consequence of special pressure which was brought to bear against the summer months, principally July and August. The first prices were at a decline of 4 to 15 points, as a result of the scramble among belated longs to sell out. The weather and crop news was most encouraging. While New Orleans did not fully respond to the weakness, however, southern selling orders formed no small part of the early business done by local traders. European interests sold the late months. Wall street continued to sell freely of the distant months, while Philadelphia traded in big blocks of the August option on the break. After the early wave of selling, however, the market rallied and advanced steadily, though there was a nervous feeling throughout on the presence of selling flurries from time to time for the account of Wall street. The trade on the whole was active and well distributed. Spot markets south were relatively strong. Sentiment late in the session was mixed with opinions relative to the future rather conflicting and irregular.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 25.—The many notices issued this morning caused a break in July deliveries of 8 points, which loss was afterwards nearly recovered. August shared in the decline, and the new crops as well, but less violently. Heavy rains were reported in Texas. A savage onslaught was made by Wall street interests upon the market, but buying orders held prices in check and for the new crop advanced then beyond the close of yesterday. Should these rains persist the next rumor will be of an excessive rainfall. General business is light. July at the decline was in demand after the first rush to sell, and the market became dull but steady.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 25.—Cotton was again demoralized this morning, especially the old crop months, which went off as much as 15 points. The new crop months suffered less, losing 3 to 5 points and it was evident that the latter were not likely to be subjected to very severe attacks just yet despite the brilliant crop advices pouring in from all directions. We have yet to make the crop, and the possibility of adverse developments is being borne in mind, and while the August bureau figures will probably look quite bullish, there may be a retrograde movement between August and October as there was in 1896, when the crop went off 20 per cent in condition. Conceding a crop of 11,250,000 bales, which many claim is likely at this date, conservative firms calculate that it will require 11,500,000 to place spinners in a comfortable position, hence they argue that even with the present bright outlook prices are no more than fair, since Great Britain, the continent and the south will be compelled to buy quite freely when the season opens. The impression today was that prominent people were engaged in pressing the new crop in order to cover large lines of August. Big rains fell in Texas—over 6 inches at Temple. In sight for the week 34,000. Total for season to date 10,226,000.

R. M. Seale & Co.'s General Market Letter.

Atlanta, July 25.—Cotton—Contracts for some 35,000 bales were circulated this morning and prices took another downward plunge. At once short covering began, one broker buying 20,000 bales, mostly August, during the first few minutes. It was a rush to sell and a rush to buy. Before afternoon August advanced 10 points and later advanced 15 from the early level. All options held higher than last night during the entire afternoon. There were complaints of too much rain in sections of Texas and the fear of same resurrecting the boll weevil with detrimental effects. The visible supply furnished food for reflection. Notwithstanding the reference at intervals to the proposition before foreign spinners to agree upon the adoption of short time uniformity, it developed that the visible supply lost 155,000 bales this week exclusive of a minus correction of 40,000 bales at Barcelona, Spain, against last year of 147,000 bales. It will be best to take careful note of statistics and state of trade before being committed to the short side conclusively.

Stocks—London opened a trifle lower than New York parity, but it seemed to have no effect on our market, although foreign houses sold upward of 30,000 shares. There was a rapid advance in St. Louis and San Francisco issues caused by reports that the control of the property was likely to be vested in the hands of the new company organized to take over the Rock Island. Other movements among the usually inactive stocks were in Kansas City and Fort Scott, St. Louis and Southwestern, Missouri, Kansas and Texas and Texas Pacific. St. Paul and Union Pacific were unaffected by the publication in this morning's newspapers of an anticipated deal of some sort between these companies. Both Union Pacific and Southern Pacific were firm, however, while St. Paul was rather erratic. There was no change of importance in the general list. Sugar and Steels were somewhat heavy. People's Gas was less active than it has been during the week, but continued steady.

Wheat—Reports of large movements in the southwest and weakness abroad on fine [illegible] conditions was the signal for selling, resulting in a small decline. The market was dull and trade was light, although at times there was commission house buying, while Armour was the principal seller of September. Sentiment, if any, was bearish, but the crowd was afraid to sell September to any extent. We look for a scalping market for the next few days.

Corn—July slipped a few cogs, but trade in December and May was unusually light. Cudahy brokers were sellers of September, while Armour bought a little. The market is likely to rule dull pending the July situation, but should any advance appear we favor sales.

Oats were weak in sympathy with wheat, though the new July advanced to 72c, but did not hold. Present prices are proving tempting, and we hear of large shipments to market and with any decent weather we look for the movement to swell to a larger extent than witnessed in years.

Provisions—Hogs were in small supply at all points and decidedly higher, which brought about stiff advances with the Cudahys buying largely. Offerings from packers were quite free, resulting in sharp declines all round. No doubt strong efforts will be made to boost up values, but we favor sales on all hard spots.

Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, July 25.—Sea Island cotton: Weekly receipts 127; exports 430; sales 566; stock 5,683.

Charleston, July 25.—Sea Island market, nothing doing.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, July 25.—The cotton market was weak again today, opening 16 points lower for July, 10 lower on August and from 5 to 8 points decline on the fall and winter months. A further drop of 2 to 3 points came shortly after the opening. At this juncture there was a disposition to cover by shorts which was the cue for a few timid bulls to scalp the market. The market then assumed a stronger attitude and on the pressure from bullish weather news there was a further advance to about last night's close. Excessive rains were reported at Charleston, Galveston and numerous other points in the belt. Temple, Tex., received something over 6 inches. A notable feature of the earlier gossip was the opinion of Theodore F. Price. Mr. Price's views were exceedingly bearish—a new departure for one of his "always bullish" arguments. It is perfectly natural, however, that any person basing their convictions upon facts as they stand at the present time could have but one opinion of the market. New Orleans was quite active and strong in the early trading and rose to above yesterday's bids at the close. There was a good amount of short covering there also. Liverpool was dull and seemed to be demoralized, closing [illegible] to 3 points lower with 1-32d decline in spots, to 4 31-32d; sales 8,000. A dispatch received late this afternoon said: "Galveston cotton man wires: 'Dry weather needed now; too much rain; boll weevil and shedding reported.' Thirteen inches of rain inside of five hours reported from Cameron, Tex."

Liverpool Weekly Cotton Statistics.

Liverpool, July 25.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of all kinds 54,000 bales; total sales American 42,000; English spinners' takings 59,000; total export 8,000; import of all kinds 4,000; imports American 4,000; stock of all kinds 631,000; stock American 531,000; quantity afloat all kinds 26,000; quantity afloat American 15,000; total sales on speculation 3,000; total sales to exporters 6,000.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, July 25.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before.

It shows a decrease for the week just closed of *194,857 bales, against a decrease of 147,660 last year and a decrease of 88,705 the year before.

The total visible is *1,909,286, against 2,104,143 last week, 2,302,887 last year and 1,413 675 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 1,186,286, against 1,344,143 last week, 1,407,887 last year and 881,675 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 723,000, against 760,000 last week, 895,000 last year and 532,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease compared with last week of 194,857 bales, a decrease compared with last year of 393,601 bales and an increase compared with year before last of 495,611.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton, as above, there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 1,123,000, against 1,135,000 last year and 851,000 year before last; in Egypt 61,000, against 95,000 last year and 67,000 year before last; in India 415,000, against 527,000 last year and 290,000 year before last, and in the United States 310,000, against 546,000 last year and 206,000 year before last.

*Corrected by deduction of 40,000 bales from Barcelona stock.

The Metal Market.

New York, July 25.—All metal markets were dull and lacking in feature today. Particularly was this so in the case of copper, which ruled flat in the local market, and with declining tendencies noted. Standard spot to August closed at $11.35@11.60, lake $11.85@11.95, electrolytic $11.75@11.85, casting $11.65@11.75. The English market improved slightly, both spot and futures gaining 1s 3d. Spot closed at £52 11s 3d and futures at £52 15s.

London tin eased off 5s today in spite of the sharp break yesterday, closing with spot at £126 15s and futures at £124 10s. The local market steadied up somewhat, though still ruling extremely dull. Spot closed at 28.05@28.40.

The foreign price of lead declined 1s 3d to £11 2s 6d, while at home there was no change from 4⅛.

Spelter was lowered 2s 6d to £18 15s 6d.

English iron prices declined. Glasgow closed at 56s 7d and Middlesboro at 51s 3d. The New York market closed quiet and steady without change. Warrants nominal; No. 1 foundry, northern $23.00@25.00; No. 2 foundry, northern, $22.00@23.00; No. 1 foundry, southern $22.00@23.00; No. 1 foundry, southern soft, $22.00@23.00.

St. Louis, July 25.—Lead firm at $3.97½@4. Spelter firm at $5.05.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, July 25.—Coffee futures opened steady with prices unchanged, and during the day in a small way followed an irregular course, at one time being 5 points net higher on active general demand, led by shorts and the clique, and then later losing the improvement and easing off 5 points further before the close. Early influences were of a mixed character. European markets were better than expected on our close of the previous day, whereas advices from Brazil reflected bearish market conditions and heavy primary receipts at both port and interior towns. Early in the session shorts were the chief support, covering through fear of further manipulation by the clique. Europe was an early buyer also. In the afternoon heavy selling by spot interests and realizing wiped out the advance, the market closing steady and net unchanged to 5 points lower; sales 78,500 bags; July 5.30@5.35, August 5.25@5.35, September 5.30@5.35, October 5.20, November 5.15@5.20, December 5.20@5.30, January 5.25, March 5.30@5.40, May 5.40@5.45, June 5.45. Coffee spot quiet; No. 7 invoice 5½, mild quiet, Cordova 8@11½.

Sugar, raw firm, fair refining 2⅞, centrifugal, 96-test, 3⅜, molasses sugar 2⅝, refined firm.

New Orleans, July 25.—Sugar strong; open kettle 2½@3 3-16; open kettle centrifugal 3@3½c; centrifugal yellow 3 1-12@4¼c; seconds 1⅝@1¾c. Molasses dull; centrifugal 5@15.

The London Wool Market.

London, July 25.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today numbered 11,044 bales. Competition was keen and prices were firm. Merinos were in good demand. Crossbreds were steady. Following were the sales in detail:

New South Wales, 1,600 bales; scoured 7½d@1s 8½; greasy 3¼d@1s 1½d.

Queensland, 300 bales; scoured 10d@1s 8½d; greasy 8d@1s.

Victoria, 1,300 bales; scoured 5¼d@1s 8¼d; greasy 3¼d@1s 2d.

South Australia, 700 bales; scoured 9d@1s 4½d; greasy 4½@11d.

Tasmania, 900 bales; scoured 5½d; greasy 3d@1s.

New Zealand, 5,500 bales; scoured 5d@4½d; greasy 3¾d@10½d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 200 bales; scoured 9½d@1s; greasy 8d.

Punta Arenas, 200 bales; greasy 4½@6d.

Spain, 100 bales; greasy 3¼d@5½d.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, July 25.—Cotton seed oil moderately active, closing easy. Prime crude, f. o. b. mills, nominal; prime summer yellow 43½c; off summer yellow 41¼@42½c; prime white 48@48½c; prime winter yellow 48@49c. Prime meal $27.

Memphis, July 25.—Cotton seed oil—Car load lots per gallon, prime crude nominal; off crude 32½@33c; prime summer yellow 40c; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, per gallon nominal. Meal and cake—Prime $22.50; off $20@21.

New Orleans, July 25.—Cotton seed products. Prime refined oil in barrels 43c; off in barrels 42c; prime crude loose 36c.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, July 25.—Violent price movements and very heavy dealings in some of the prominent high priced stocks were the characteristics of today's stock market. There was large realizing at intervals, both in the stocks which were moved upward today and in others which had previously advanced. The industrials and the low priced railroad stocks played only a small part in the market, the high priced standard stocks traversing all portions of the country being in the van of all today's movements. The grangers, the Pacifics, the southern trunk lines and the eastern trunk lines all had their turn in the day's activities. The bulls had the advantage of continuing satisfactory conditions of the crops, of industrial activity and of the money market, but the effective factors in the day's trading were rumors of great financial operations looking to the harmonizing and consolidating of control of the great railroad systems of the country. All of these were more or less vague, and none of them was accorded open or official sanction. That regarding Rock Island was the most clearly defined, and it was noticeable that that stock, with something like explicit information to go on, fell out of the trading and failed to maintain all of yesterday's advance. There was authoritative intimation also that another large railroad system is to be absorbed, the prevailing belief pointing to St. Louis and San Francisco assertions that Atchison was to be taken over were effectively denied. Rumors continued thick concerning St. Paul, the one assigning it to Union Pacific being most persistent, but without authentic countenance. The southern trunk line consolidation story and the eastern trunk line readjustment story also did effective service in the stock market without receiving any formal authorization. Even the supposed hostility between the Pennsylvania and the Goulds was made to do service by the bulls on the theory that the defeat of the Pennsylvania, Hudson River tunnel contract was due to Gould influence, and therefore a bull card for that group of securities, while it was alleged that the Pennsylvania interests were buying to control Atchison with a view to a transcontinental system in retaliation for the Gould incursion into Pennsylvania territory. An incident of the day was the fierce raid on Western Union, which forced it down over 3 points by half point drops. The stock closed at a rally of 1 point. There is promise of a gain in cash reserves of over $1,000,000 by the bank tomorrow in spite of week's exports of gold. The market closed very irregular, but with a few stocks at the top.

Bonds were somewhat firmer today. Total sales, par value, $22,915,000.

United States new 4s registered advanced ¼ per cent on the last call.

The total sales of stocks today were 961,800 shares, including Atchison 18,600, Atchison preferred 9,900, Baltimore and Ohio 7,900, Canada Pacific 6,900, Chesapeake and Ohio 12,400, Chicago Great Western 5,600, Rock Island 17,000, Erie 11,000, Illinois Central 13,500, Louisville and Nashville 50,900, Manhattan 16,200, Missouri Pacific 71,900, New York Central 77,300, Norfolk and Western 6,000 Pennsylvania 59,600, Reading 12,400, St. Louis and San Francisco 15,000, St. Louis and San Francisco second preferred 11,100, St. Louis Southwestern 8,700, St. Paul 42,000, Southern Pacific 56,100, Southern Railway 48,000, Texas Pacific 14,900, Union Pacific 43,100 Union Pacific preferred 11,300, Amalgamated Copper 7,500, Brooklyn 8,400, Colorado Fuel 6,400, Republic Steel 6,100, Sugar 9,000, Tennessee Coal 12,400, United States Steel 5,700, Western Union 16,300.

Money on call steady at 2¼@3 per cent, closing bid and asked 2@3¾; prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅞ for demand and at $4.85 for 60 days; posted rates $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills $4.84@4.85¾.

Bar silver 53c.

Mexican dollars 41½c.

Government bonds firmer.

State bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds firm.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	93¼	Manhattan	135¼
do. preferred	103⅛	Metro. Street Ry.	150⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	110⅛	Mexican Central	30
do. preferred	96⅝	Nat'l Ry of Mex.	18⅛
Canadian Pacific	138⅜	Minn. & St. Louis	112
Canada Southern	91	Missouri Pacific	117⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	54¼	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	30⅞
Chic. & Alton	42⅞	do. preferred	63⅜
do. preferred	77	New Jersey Cent.	185
C. B. & Q.	......	New York Central	167¼
Chic. Ind & L.	76	Norfolk & Western	61⅛
do. preferred	87½	do. preferred	94
Chicago & Eastill.	214	Northern Pacific	——
Chic. & Great West.	31	do. preferred	——
do. pref. A.	87½	Ontario & Western	33¾
do. pref. B.	48⅞	Pennsylvania	160⅜
Chicago & N. W.	244	Reading	67
Rock Island	196⅛	do. 1st preferred	87
Chic. Term. & Trans.	22	do. 2d preferred	73¼
do. preferred	39⅛	St. L. & S. F.	75
C. C. C. & St. Louis	103	do. 1st preferred	86¼
Colo. Sou.	33⅜	do. 2d preferred	77⅛
do. 1st preferred	78	St. L. & S. W.	36
do. 2d preferred	49	do. preferred	70¼
Del. & Hudson	179	St. Paul	187⅞
Del. L. & W.	278	do. preferred	195
Den. & Rio Grande	44⅛	Southern Pacific	69⅝
do. preferred	94⅛	Southern Railway	39⅛
Erie (new)	38⅛	do. preferred	97⅛
do. 1st preferred	69⅜	Texas & Pacific	46⅛
do. 2d preferred	52⅜	Tol., St. L. & W.	22
Great Nor. pref.	192	do. preferred	39
Hocking Valley	92⅛	Union Pacific	109⅜
do. preferred	91	do. preferred	93⅛
Illinois Central	168⅜	Wabash	30⅛
Iowa Central	48⅛	do. preferred	46⅞
do. preferred	85⅛	Wheel & L. E.	23⅜
Lake Erie & W.	65⅛	do. preferred	37⅛
do. preferred	125	Wisconsin Central	28
Louisville & Nash.	145⅜	do. preferred	50⅜

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	200	United States	118
American	232	Wells Fargo	212

MISCELLANEOUS.

Amal. Copper	65⅞	North American	125¾
Am. Car F'dy.	32⅞	Pacific Coast	72
do. preferred	91⅛	Pacific Mail	40⅛
Am. Linseed Oil	22⅛	People's Gas	105⅜
do. preferred	52	Pressed Steel Car	47⅛
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	46⅞	do. preferred	87⅛
do. preferred	97⅛	Pullman Palace	246
American Tobacco	——	Republic Steel	18⅜
Anaconda Mining	102½	do. preferred	75¼
Brook. Rap. Tran.	69⅜	Sugar	132¼
Col. F. & Iron	97⅞	T. C & Iron	68⅜
Consol. Gas	224	Union Bag & Paper	14¼
Cont. Tobacco	——	do. preferred	80⅛
do preferred	121⅛	U. S. Leather	12⅞
General Electric	187	do. preferred	84¾
Glucose Sugar	——	U. S. Rubber	14⅛
Hocking Coal	16	do. preferred	55
International Paper	20	U. S. Steel	39⅝
do. preferred	70¼	do. preferred	89⅞
Intern'l Power	68	Western Union	86⅛
Laclede Gas	89	Va.-Car. Chem. Co.	67⅞
National Biscuit	47⅜	do. preferred	12
National Lead	21⅛	Seaboard Air Line	27⅜
[illegible]	——	do. preferred	47⅜
do. preferred	——	do. Bonds	86⅛

BONDS.

U. S. 2s ref reg.	107¼	F. W. & D. 1st	113
do. coupon	107¼	Hocking Val 4½s	108⅛
U. S. 3s reg	105⅝	L. & N. unified 4s	101⅜
do. coupon	106⅛	Mex. Cent. 4s	82
U. S. new 4s, reg.	132	do. 1st income	32⅜
do. coupon	133¼	Min. & St. L. 4s	106
U. S. old 4s, reg.	108	M., K. & T. 4s	100
do. coupon	108¼	M. K. & T. 2ds.	86⅛
U. S. 5s, reg.	103⅜	N. Y. Central [illegible]	101½
do. coupon	105	do. general 3½s	106⅛
Atchison gen. 4s	104	N. J. Cent. gen. 5s	136½
do. adj. 4s	95⅛	Northern Pac 4s	104¼
Balt & Ohio 4s	103⅛	do. 3s	75
do. 3½s.	95⅛	Nor. & West con 4s.	101⅜
do. conv. 4s	110⅛	Reading gen. 4s.	98⅛
Canada So. 2ds.	109⅜	St. L. & I. M. con 5s	116
Cent. of Ga. 5s.	109⅜	St. L. & S. F. 4s.	98¼
do. 1st incomes	84	St. L. S. W. 1sts	99⅜
do. 2d incomes	38⅛	do. 2ds.	87⅛
Ches. & Ohio 4½s	108½	San. An. & Ar. P. 4s	88⅝
Chic. & Alton 3½s	83	Sou. Pacific 4s	93⅛
C. B. & Q. new 4s	96	Southern Ry 5s	121⅛
C., M. & St. P. g. 4s	114	Tex. & Pacific 1st	119⅜
Chic. & N. W. con 7s	136	Tol. St. L. & W 4s.	83
Chic., R. I & P 4s	110⅛	Union Pacific 4s	104⅜
C., C. C. & S. L. g 4s	101⅛	do. conv. 4s	110
Chicago Term 4s	88⅛	Wabash 1sts.	119
Col. & Sou 4s	96⅛	do. 2ds	113
D. & R G. 4s.	102	do. deb. B	77
Erie prior lien 4s	100	West Shore 4s.	113⅛
do. general 4s	86⅛	Wheel. & L. E. 4s.	94⅛

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, July 25.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: Stocks today were inclined to be rather more cheerful. No serious trouble is now expected on settlement day, as measures have been taken to resist the war speculators. Kaffirs, accordingly, showed a hardening tendency. Consols sold at 95½.

Americans opened depressed and animation was suspended until New York became buoyant, bidding up Louisville and Nashville and St. Paul sharply, while the Pacific issues and Atchison were also strong.

Rio Tintos sold at 42⅞ and copper at £52⅜ the ton.

Foreign Finances.

London, July 25.—Consols for money 95¼; for the account 95½. Atchison 94⅛, Atchison preferred 105¼, Illinois Central 172, Louisville and Nashville 150.

Bar silver steady at 24 7-16d per ounce. Money 2 per cent.

Short bills 2¾@2 7-16 per cent; three months' bills 2 7-16@2½ per cent.

Berlin, July 25.—Exchange on London 25 marks 45 pfennigs for checks. Short bills 1¼ per cent; three months' bills 1½ per cent.

O'Dell & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 25.—There was continued irregularity in the stock market today, and while some showed strength, others showed weakness with mixed sentiment. Price variations in big securities were interesting. Rock Island, Louisville and Nashville, New York Central and St. Paul and Illinois Central figuring in this connection. At the top prices there were increased offerings. The news was without special feature. London was easier. The money situation was freely discussed. The market continued very uneven, some stocks rising strongly while others suffered from liquidation. Selling was noticeable in the big inactive specialties. Air Brake, General Electric and Great Northern preferred broke badly. Western Union was also relatively weak. As the hours wore on Missouri Pacific and western trunk lines became very prominent. Professionals were active and the outside element seemed waiting for a reaction. Bonds were steady. Operations in money were featureless and rates reasonably easy.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last.	Closing bids.
Amalg. Copper	65⅛	66⅜	65⅛	65⅜	65⅜
Am. Sugar Refin'ry	131⅞	132⅛	131⅝	132⅜	132⅜
Atchison	92	93⅜	92	93⅜	93⅜
do. preferred	103⅛	103⅝	102⅞	103⅜	103⅛
Am'n Car Foundry	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅛	32⅝
do. preferred	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
Am'n Cotton Oil	......	......	......	......	52
Brooklyn R. T.	69⅛	70⅜	69⅜	69½	69⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	109⅛	110⅜	109⅛	110⅛	110⅛
do. preferred	......	......	......	......	96⅜
C. C. C. and St. L.	......	......	......	......	106
Canada Southern	......	......	......	......	91
Col. Fuel and Iron	97⅛	98	97	98	97⅞
Ches. and Ohio	54	54⅛	53⅜	54⅛	54⅛
Consolidated Gas	224⅛	224⅛	224⅛	224⅛	224
Del. and Hudson	180	180	180	180	179
Erie	37⅜	38⅜	37⅜	38⅜	38⅛
do. first prefer'd	69⅛	69⅜	69	69⅜	69⅝
General Electric	187⅛	187⅛	187⅛	187⅛	187
Great Western	30⅞	31⅛	30⅜	31⅛	31
Illinois Central	167	169⅛	167	168⅛	168⅜
Internat'al Paper	......	......	......	......	20
Jersey Central	......	......	......	......	185
Kans. & Tex. pref.	63	63⅛	62⅛	63	63⅛
Louisville & Nash.	143	145⅛	143	145⅛	145⅜
Missouri Pacific	115⅜	118⅜	116⅜	117⅜	117⅛
Manhattan	134⅞	136	134⅜	135⅝	135⅛
Metropol. Traction	151	151	150⅛	150⅜	150⅛
New York Central	165⅛	167⅝	164⅛	167⅛	167⅛
Northwestern	243⅛	245	243⅛	244⅜	244
National Lead	......	......	......	......	21⅛
Norfolk & Western	61⅛	61⅛	61	61⅛	61⅛
Ontario & Western	33⅜	34	33⅛	34	33⅞
Pennsylvania	159⅛	161⅛	159⅛	160⅜	160⅛
Pacific Mail	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
People's Gas Co.	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅜
Rock Island	197	198	195⅛	197⅛	196⅞
Rep. Iron and Steel	18⅛	19	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
Reading	66⅛	67⅜	66⅜	67	67
do. first pref'd	86⅛	87	86⅜	87	87
do. sec. pref'd	73	73⅛	73	73⅜	73⅜
Southern Pacific	68⅜	69⅞	68⅜	69⅜	69⅜
St. Paul	186⅜	189⅛	186⅛	187⅞	187⅞
Southern Railway	39⅛	39⅜	39	39⅛	39⅛
do. preferred	97⅛	97⅞	97⅛	97⅜	97⅛
St. L. & S. W.	36⅛	36⅛	35⅞	36⅛	36
do. preferred	70⅛	71	70	70⅜	70⅛
Texas Pacific	45⅜	46⅜	45⅜	46⅜	46⅛
Tenn. Coal and Iron	67⅛	69⅜	67⅛	68⅛	68⅜
U. S. Steel	39⅝	39⅞	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛
do. preferred	89⅞	90	89⅛	89⅞	89⅜
Union Pacific	109⅜	110⅛	109⅛	110	109⅜
do. preferred	93⅛	94⅛	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜
U. S. Rubber, com.	......	......	......	......	14⅛
U. S. Leather	12⅜	13	12⅜	13	12⅞
do. preferred	......	......	......	......	86⅜
Wabash, preferred	46⅛	47	46⅜	46⅞	46⅞
Western Union	88⅛	88⅛	85⅛	86⅛	86⅛

The Week's Bank Clearings.

New York, July 25.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the cities named for the week ended July 24 with the percentages of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year. Totals include clearings of fifty-two other cities. Canadian totals include clearings of seven other cities in Canada.

		P. C. Inc.	P. C. Dec.
New York	$1,532,942,094	9.0	—
Chicago	157,013,334	5.7	—
Boston	131,463,153	2.0	—
Philadelphia	111,272,472	16.4	—
St. Louis	41,224,880	1.9	—
Pittsburg	44,702,003	11.2	—
Baltimore	21,567,380	5.5	—
San Francisco	21,484,654	9.4	—
Cincinnati	19,803,700	9.1	—
Kansas City	19,866,998	—	—
New Orleans	11,650,733	49.3	—
Louisville	8,892,238	6.9	—
Savannah	2,865,123	37.4	—
Denver	4,092,131	9.7	—
Richmond	3,899,790	—	—
Memphis	2,093,359	—	5.0
Washington	3,192,783	—	8.7
Fort Worth	3,077,830	58.9	—
Atlanta	1,642,098	48.9	—
Norfolk	1,474,659	18.9	—
Augusta	775,114	12.0	—
Nashville	1,462,756	18.5	—
Birmingham	859,378	—	12.2
Macon	458,000	48.6	—
Little Rock	614,070	—	23.9
Knoxville	822,748	30.3	—
Lexington	507,624	43.2	—
Chattanooga	524,895	2.4	—
Jacksonville	324,837	21.5	—
*Galveston	4,249,000	9.0	—
*Houston	10,440,102	—	8.6
		57.3	—
Totals U. S.	$2,291,141,090	9.0	—
Totals outside New York	758,198,996	9.0	—
DOMINION OF CANADA.			
Montreal	$19,459,292	12.1	—
Totals	$43 039,187	18.8	—

*Not included in totals because containing others items than clearings.

Local Bonds and Stocks.

CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta 4s, 1923	106	....
Atlanta 4½s, 1922	114	....
Atlanta 6s, 1914	120	....
Atlanta 7s, 1904	106	....
Savannah 5s, 1909	107½	108½
Savannah 5s, 1913	108	109
Macon 4½s, 1926	111	....
Macon 6s, 1910	114	....
Augusta 4s, 1927	103	....
Augusta 5s, 1921	115	....
Augusta 6s, 1913	113	....
Columbus 5s, 1909	104	....
Columbus 4½s, 1927	107	....

STATE BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia 2½s, 1915	105	....
Georgia 3½s, 1930	109	....
Georgia 4s, 1926	117	....
Georgia 4½s, 1915	117	....
Georgia 4½s, 1915	116½	....
Georgia 4½s, 1922	121	....
Alabama, class A	107	....
Alabama, class B	106	....
Alabama, class C	101	....

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia railroad 5s, 1922	109	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1910	114	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1922	120	....
Central of Ga. first 5s, 1945	118	....
Central of Ga. Col. Trust 5s, 1937	102	104
Central of Ga. Consol 5s, 1945	108	110
Central of Ga. first incomes	81	82
Central of Ga. second incomes	35	36½
Central of Ga. third incomes	20	22
Southern Ry. first 5s, 1994	122	124
Ga. Pacific first 6s, 1922	127	128
Seaboard 4s, 1950	85	87
Seaboard guar. 5s, 1902	102	104
Seaboard 10 year 5s	102	104

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. R. and Bkg. Co.	252½	....
Southwestern	121½	122½
Augusta and Savannah	115½	....
Atlanta and West Point	125	....
Southern Railway preferred	94	96
Southern Railway, common	36	38
Seaboard, preferred	45	47
Seaboard common	25	26½

STREET RAILWAYS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta Con. St. Ry. 5s, 1939	107	108
Mobile Light and R R. consol 5s, 1941	92½	95
Mobile Light and R. R. stock	22½	25

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 25.—There was little trace this morning of the weakness which developed late yesterday. Almost immediately after the opening an active and strong speculation set in among the shares of the leading roads. The movement appeared to be based upon the expectation that there would be early developments in the application of the principle of community of interest to the south. Louisville and Nashville sold up 3 per cent, while Illinois advanced over 2. There was a late demand for Southern Railway, but the price did not advance to an important extent. New York Central continued an attractive feature and enjoyed an extreme advance of nearly 3 per cent. Pennsylvania rose 2 per cent. Later in the day Atchison common enjoyed renewed demand and advanced over 1 per cent. The preferred was about equally strong. St. Paul on rumors of purchases for control sold up 2⅜, but Union Pacific, with which the former associated rumor, was no more than firm. Missouri Pacific was steadily absorbed and scored a maximum gain of nearly 3 per cent. Other strong features were Chicago Eastern Illinois, Southern Pacific, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Pan Handle and some of the specialties.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, July 25.—Peaches 50@80c crate, Melons, $25 to $35 a car. Cantaloupes, 50@75c per crate. Bananas, per bunch, culls $1@1.25; straights, $1.50@1.75. Nuts walnuts, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 10c; almonds, 13c; pecans, 11c. Mixed nuts, 12 1-2c; peanuts, Virginia, 4@6c; Georgia, 2c. Pineapples $2@Z2.50 crate. Dates, 5 1-2c; figs, 10@11c. Citron, 15c.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, July 25.—Eggs, fresh stock, 13@13 1-2c per dozen. Butter, choice, 12@14c; fancy 18@20. Live poultry, hens, 32@35; fries, large, 18@20c; small, 10@14; ducks, puddle, 20c. Onions, 75@90c. Peas, white, $1.25@1.50; lady $1.25@2; field, mixed, $1; straight whips, $1.50@1.60. Cabbage, 1 1-2@2c lb. Irish potatoes, No. 1, $2.50; small stock, no sale at all.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, July 25.—Turpentine firm at 44 1-2; receipts 1,543; sales 560; exports 14,506. Rosin firm; receipts 4,359; sales 2,357; exports 6,283. Quote: A B C $1.10; D $1.15; E $1.20; F $1.25; G $1.30; H $1.70; I $2.05; K $2.55; M $3.05; N $3.40; window-glass $3.50; waterwhite $3.70.

Wilmington, July 25.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 110 casks. Rosin steady at $1.10@1.15; receipts $2.35. Crude turpentine firm at $1.40@2.50 and $2.60; receipts 101. Tar firm at $1.50; receipts 31.

Charleston, July 25.—Turpentine and rosin unchanged.

THE LOWRY NATIONAL BANK

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

CAPITAL AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS . . . $450,000.00

—DIRECTORS—

THOS. EGLESTON, SAM'L M. INMAN, ROBERT J. LOWRY, THOS. D. MEADOR, WM. G. RAOUL, JOHN OLIVER, JOS. T. ORME,

Every Facility for Transacting a General Banking Business. Accounts Solicited. Letters of Credit. Travelers' Checks.

GEORGIA SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST CO.

ATLANTA'S OLDEST SAVINGS BANK.

George M. Brown, President. Joseph E. Boston, Sec. and Treas.
Joseph A. McCord, Vice President. Payne & Tye, Attorneys.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph A. McCord, John Oliver, John A. Miller, Elijah A. Brown, John L. Tye, George M. Brown.

Savings deposits from $1 to $1,000 received. Interest allowed at 3½ per cent per annum, compounded twice a year.

17 South Broad Street, Corner Alabama.

INVESTMENTS.

Municipal and Corporation Bonds at prices to net investor 4 1-2 to 6 per cent.

Write for list.

The Robinson-Humphrey Co., Atlanta, Georgia.

Atlanta Brokerage and Commission Co.

COTTON, STOCKS, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,

Ground Floor, Prudential Building. P. O. Box 236. 'Phone 1417.

Correspondents O'Dell Commission Co. Incorporated Capital $200,000. Cincinnati, Ohio. Quickest service in South. NO INTEREST ON STOCKS and dividend paid on stocks bought on margins. Reference Neal Loan and Banking Co. and Third National Bank.

W. L. PEEL, President. ROBT. F. MADDOX, Vice Pres. THOS. J. PEEPLES, Cashier. GEO. A. NICOLSON, Asst. Cashier.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING COMPANY

Capital	$200,000.00
Stockholders' liability	200,000.00
Surplus	50,000.00
Total	$450,000.00

Designated Depository of the City of Atlanta; Transact a General Banking Business.

The officers of this bank will be pleased to meet or correspond with those who contemplate making changes or opening new accounts.

In our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT we furnish pass books and receive limited amounts, on which interest at the rate of 4% per cent is credited quarterly, January 1st, April [illegible]

CHICAGO MARKET REVIEWED.

Chicago, July 25.—Grain traders beheld the odd spectacle today of oats selling higher than both wheat and corn, and yet the phenomenon caused hardly a ripple in the dull and uninteresting business routine. July new oats sold to 72c when a few shorts wanted the stuff. Cash oats were absorbed by the bull leaders at as high as 71c in order to keep them from the shorts. While oats were selling in driblets at these fancy figures, September wheat was around 71¾c, and the hitherto fancy July corn at something like 67c. In general, however, it may be said the July corners were resting. Shorts in wheat, corn and oats in that month seemed penned in by the big interests. The other markets were doing little because of fair weather, good crop reports and other bearish influences, which, in turn, have had little effect because of the fears of July manipulation. In the end September wheat closed ⅜@½c down, September corn ⅞c lower, July corn ½c lower; September oats ⅜@½c lower and July oats ½c higher. Provisions were very irregular and closed 12½c up to 17½c lower.

Wheat worked lower on the influence of lower cables, good weather and a small trade. Receipts bore out the reports as to quantity, although grading was very poor. The foreign market weakness, together with the excellent country prospects, seemed to undermine the confidence of holders. The strike of telegraph messengers, which spread to the floor of the exchange, interfered with business and had its modicum of bearish influence. July showed itself very sensitive to any supply or demand and shorts as usual were very nervous. The price hung around 77c and closed ¼c down at 76¾c. September was offered rather freely. Opening ⅛@¼c to a shade lower at 72@72⅛c that option dipped to 71⅝c and closed weak ⅜@½c lower at 71¾c. Receipts were 205 cars, 2 of contract. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 202 cars, a total for the three points of 407, against 244 a week and 357 last year. Primary receipts were 1,036,000 bushels compared to 1,031,000 bushels last year. Seaboard clearances equaled 249,000 bushels. Argentine shipments were 40,000 bushels for the week, against 296,000 last year.

Corn was even more dull than wheat. The wheat weakness, together with good crop reports, had a depressing influence in the corn pit and very free offerings by a leading house broke September prices 1c. Trade in July was small, and prices held near 67c until shortly before the close, when a little offering and no inclination on the part of shorts to absorb broke the price to a weak close at 65½c. There was a momentary support in September, but the effect was hardly noticed. September sold from 61c down to 60⅛c and closed weak ⅞c lower at 60⅛c. There was a feeling that July was simply slumbering before it burst forth into a volcano-like eruption. Receipts 247 cars, 61 contract.

Oats ruled lower in the deferred options in sympathy with other grains, and on the not unfavorable weather July shorts who did not settle yesterday were frightened on the rumor that because they would not settle at 70c the price would be pushed still higher. In consequence of their bids for several "fives" July new sold at 72c, the record price since the civil war. This was the only feature. Trade otherwise was dull. Offerings in the new deliveries were freer and prices dipped. After the early advance July dipped back and closed only ½c up at 70½c. September sold between 34⅜@36⅞c and closed weak at ⅜@½c down at 34@34⅛c. Receipts 140 cars.

Provisions were very irregular, although not particularly active. Early advances in the yard hog market and a good support by brokers caused a brisk advance. Lard especially shot up, September lard once more selling at $11. The early price, however, seemed to be a ruse by the packers, who at once unloaded on the little fellows, depressing prices badly. Lard alone held up. Late trade lapsed into dullness. September pork sold from $17.57½@17.70, dipped to $17.25 and closed 17½c down at $17.37½. September lard closed 12½c up at $10.92½ and September ribs, after selling from $10.62½@10.40, closed weak 5c lower at $10.50.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat, 190 cars; corn, 265 cars; oats, 190 cars; hogs, 10,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
July	76¾	77	76½	76½
September	72⅛	72⅛	71⅝	71¾
December	71½	71⅝	71	71¼
CORN—				
July	67	67	65½	65½
September	61	61	60⅛	60⅛
December	46¼	46¼	46	46
May	43¾	43¾	43¼	43¼
OATS—				
July	51	51¼	50	50¼
July (new)	72	72	70	70½
Sept. (old)	30⅝	30⅝	30	30¼
Sept. (new)	34⅝	34⅝	33⅞	34⅛
Dec. (new)	32⅝	32⅝	32⅛	32⅝
May	33¼	33⅜	33	33¼
MESS PORK—				
September	17.65	17.70	17.25	17.37½
October	17.55	17.55	17.30	17.40
January	16.25	16.25	16.07½	16.17½
LARD—				
September	10.90	11.00	10.80	10.92½
October	10.55	10.62½	10.40	10.55
January	9.05	9.10	8.92½	8.95
SHORT RIBS—				
September	10.60	10.62½	10.40	10.50
October	10.35	10.37½	10.22½	10.25
January	8.32½	8.32½	8.32½	8.32½

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	12,000	14,000
Wheat, bushels	133,000	39,000
Corn, bushels	216,000	202,000
Oats, bushels	223,000	114,000
Rye, bushels	5,000	——
Barley, bushels	6,000	——

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, July 25.—Flour, old wheat, Diamond patent, $5.10; second patent, $4.70; straight, $4.30@4.20; extra fancy, $4.00; fancy $3.85. First patent spring wheat, $4.75. Corn, choice white, 88c; No. 2 white 87c; No. 2 mixed 86c. Oats, white clipped 64c; No. 2 white 62c; No. 2 mixed 60c; No. 3 mixed 56c. Bran $1.15. Brown shorts, $1.25; white shorts, $1.40. Early amber cane seed $2.10; orange $1.85. Victor food $1.40 per 100 lbs; Quaker food $1.40. Choice large bale hay $1.10; No. 1 small $1.00; No. 2 small 90c. Plain corn meal 82c; bolted 75c. Cotton seed meal $1.25 per 100 lbs. Hudnut's grits $2.00.

New York, July 25.—Flour dull. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 78 5-8. Affected by heavy winter wheat receipts, talk of a large visible supply increase, easier cables and moderate unloading, wheat was dull and easy all day. Exporters did little in spite of the weakness. Last prices showed 1-4@3-8c net decline. May 78 1-2; July 80 1-4; September 76 5-8; December 76 3-4. Corn, spot easier; No. 2 70 1-2; options dull and weak all day, influenced by the wheat decline, favorable weather and liquidation, closing heavy 1-2@7-8c net lower; May 47 7-8; July 70 1-2; September 63 3-4; December 51. Oats, spot firm; No. 2 64 3-4; options strong for a time on new July at Chicago, but weak otherwise owing to better weather.

St. Louis, July 25.—Flour steady. Wheat lower; No. 2 red cash and elevator 68 3-8; track 69@69 3-4 new, 71 old; July 68 3-8; September 68 1-8; December 70 1-2. Corn lower; No. 2 cash 62 1-2; track 64; July 62 1-2; September 52 3-8; December 40. Oats lower; No. 2 cash nominal; track 40 new, 55 old; July 41; September 28 1-2; No. 2 white 59 old.

Cincinnati, July 25.—Flour dull. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 72 1-2@73. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 67 1-2. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 56 1-2@57.

Chicago, July 25.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour firm. No. 2 spring wheat 76@77; No. 3 76@76 1-2; No. 2 red 76 1-4@76 1-2. No. 2 corn 65@66; No. 2 yellow —. No. 2 oats 50 1-2@51 1-2; No. 2 white —; No. 3 white 55@63. No. 2 rye 59.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

MURPHY & CO., Inc.

Private Leased Wire Direct to New York, Chicago and New Orleans.

COTTON, STOCKS AND GRAIN.

No. 2 South Pryor Street (Jackson building). New York Office, No. 61 Broadway. Offices in Principal Cities Throughout the South. Write for our Market Manual and book containing instructions for traders.

John W. Dickey,

BROKER,

Augusta, Ga.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

SOUTHERN EXCHANGE,

GOULD BUILDING.

COTTON, STOCKS, GRAIN, ETC.

R. M. Seale & Co.

14 N. Pryor St., Kimball House,

COMMISSION BROKERS.

Offices, Atlanta and Montgomery.

Correspondents, C. W. Lee & Co., N. Y.; Ware & Leland, Chicago; Gilbert & Clay, New Orleans.

Direct private wires to all points. All orders placed on the various exchanges and can confirm all trades by above connections. We kindly solicit your patronage. Phone 1630.

Provisions.

Atlanta, July 25.—Clear rib sides (boxed) 11 1-4; half ribs, 11 1-2; bellies, 11 3-4; ice cured bellies, 19 1-2. Sugar-cured hams 15; California hams, 11@12. Lard 12; compound 9.

Chicago, July 25.—Mess pork 17.30@17.35. Lard 10.61 1-2@10.80. Short rib sides (loose) 10.40@10.50; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 9 3-8@9 1-2; short clear sides (boxed) 11 1-8@11 1-4.

Cincinnati, July 25.—Lard easy at 10.40. Bulk meats steady at 11. Bacon steady at 12 85.

New York, July 25.—Lard steady; western steam 11.10; July 11.10; refined steady. Pork quiet; family 20.00@21.10.

St. Louis, July 25.—Pork lower; jobbing 17.35 old; 17.75 new. Lard nominally higher at 10.55. Dry salt meats steady; boxed extra shorts 11.00; clear ribs 11.12 1-2; short clears 11.37 1-2. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts 11.87 1-2; clear ribs 12.00; short clear 12.25.

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 25.—Wheat has been lower all today. Trade was light and without feature. The decline was due to lower cables and continuation of good weather. Crop advices continue favorable and sentiment locally is bearish, but the poor grade of wheat coming in causes disinclination to sell short on the part of the crowd. Commission houses had fair buying orders, but when these were executed absence of support caused weakness.

Corn was very dull with prices inclined lower in sympathy with wheat and crop condition, but this had only a temporary effect on the market. There was only a small trade in July.

Oats were lower with other grains, and the market was about as uninteresting. There was barely a feature to the market and the close shows small losses for all months except new July, which is a fraction higher.

Provisions started strong on the hog situation, but weakness soon developed owing to

Continued on Twelfth Page.

BORROWED PLAYER THROWS GAME AWAY

Armstrong Catches for Remnants and Is Accused of Robbery.

BAKER WAS VERY WILD

Manager Peter Plays Against St. Vrain, but Babb and Evans Are Buled Off the Field—Atlanta Goes Into Fifth Place.

Southern League Standing.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Nashville	75	52	23	.693
New Orleans	71	46	25	.647
Little Rock	74	45	29	.608
Memphis	71	35	36	.492
Atlanta	70	34	36	.485
Shreveport	72	27	45	.375
Chattanooga	69	23	46	.333
Birmingham	73	24	49	.328

Memphis, Tenn., July 25.—(Special.)—During the fifth inning of today's game, which started the present series between the Atlanta Remnants and the Memphis Injunctionists, Tommy Stouch, the Atlanta second baseman, made grave charges against Catcher Armstrong, who had been loaned to Atlanta today by the Memphis management. In plain hearing of the occupants of the grand stand, Stouch accused Armstrong of not trying to catch a throw at the plate of a ball which Stouch had returned to catch a Memphis runner in the act of completing the double steal. Armstrong laughed at the Atlanta player, and then stood still with the ball in hand, while Accorsini, who had made his way to third on Armstrong's muff, crossed the plate.

Any chance that Atlanta had to win went with the finish of the fifth inning. Previous to this Armstrong found difficulty in locating Stouch at second base when a runner attempted to steal. Local base runners found it easy to purloin bases on Armstrong. Gfroerer, the first batter to face Baker, stole second and went to third when Armstrong threw high over Stouch's head. Laroque and other slow runners reached second base while Armstrong threw high, low, wide and short.

Baker also complained of the support Armstrong gave him. Two wild pitches are charged to Baker and two passed balls are given to Armstrong, when, in the opinion of Manager Peter and Captain Winters, all should have been charged against Armstrong. In face of such support behind the bat, and with a pitcher playing first base, the visitors made a decent showing, outbatting Memphis and hitting St. Vrain without trouble.

Red Ehret started in to pitch, but after Fred Frank singled in the first inning, Ehret made a bee line for the bench, stating that he was ill. St. Vrain was substituted, and Frank, Taylor and Winters bunched singles in the third, with a base on balls to Baker, which netted three runs. Other hits fell at various intervals, but sharp fielding by the locals prevented scores until the ninth inning, when Armstrong hit safe and was followed by Busch and Baker with safe ones, which added one run.

Memphis took the lead in the first inning. Gfroerer walked. He started to steal on the first ball, and kept straight on to third as Armstrong threw into center field. Breitenstein singled, then stole second, and Valdois singled. Laroque hit to Taylor, who threw badly to Henley, allowing Valdois to reach third. He scored on an infield out. Frank, Accorsini and Gfroerer tallied in the next round on Busch's error.

A base on balls, a sacrifice, two stolen bases and Gfroerer's scratch two-bagger, an error and a single allowed the two last runs in the fifth inning.

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Frank, lf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Taylor, 3b	4	1	2	1	0	2
Winters, cf	4	0	1	5	1	0
Delehanty, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Henley, 1b	4	0	0	9	0	0
Armstrong, c	4	1	2	6	0	1
Stouch, 2b	5	0	0	0	6	1
Busch, ss	4	0	0	1	1	1
Baker, p	3	1	1	0	2	0
Totals	36	4	8	24	10	5

MEMPHIS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Gfroerer, rf	3	2	2	5	0	0
Breitenstein, 2b	4	0	1	1	3	2
Valdois, 3b	5	1	2	0	1	0
Laroque, 1b	4	1	1	12	0	0
Swacina, cf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Williams, ss	4	1	1	3	3	1
Frank, lf	4	1	0	1	0	1
Accorsini, c	2	2	0	5	2	0
Ehret, p	0	0	0	0	2	0
St. Vrain, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	31	8	7	27	11	4

Score by innings:
Atlanta.....0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—4
Memphis.....2 3 0 0 3 0 0 0 x—8

Summary: Two-base hits—Gfroerer. Wild pitches—Baker 2. Passed balls—Armstrong 2. Stolen bases—Gfroerer 2, Williams 2, Laroque 2, Accorsini 2. Bases on balls—Off Baker 6, off St. Vrain 2. Struck out—By Baker 4, by St. Vrain 5. Hit by pitched ball—Gfroerer. Sacrifice hits—St. Vrain. Double plays—Williams to Laroque. Time, 1:45. Umpire, Kelly.

New Orleans 3, Nashville 0.

New Orleans, La., July 25.—New Orleans shut the leaders out in one of the prettiest games seen on the local diamond. French was in the box for New Orleans, and pitched a beautiful game, holding Nashville down to three hits. He struck out five men. The locals batted well, hitting Bailey pretty freely and at timely moments. Montgomery and Herbert made two base hits. The only errors scored by the locals were made by Smith, who made two.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
New Orleans	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 *—3	9	2
Nashville	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	3	2

Batteries: French and Abott; Bailey and Fisher.

Little Rock 8, Birmingham 2.

Little Rock, July 25.—Little Rock bunched hits in the first, second and fourth innings, and defeated Birmingham easily. The visitors were unable to do anything with Guese. Attendance 1,200

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Little Rock	4 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—8	14	0
Birmingham	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	5	2

Batteries: Guese and Murphy; Brandt, Deaver and Blue.

Shreveport, La., July 25.—Shreveport-Chattanooga game postponed; wet grounds.

GAME AT PIEDMONT PARK.

John Dickinson's Team Plays Atlanta Athletic Club Nine This Afternoon.

The warmest contest of the season in the way of amateur baseball games will be pulled off at Piedmont park this afternoon, when the Atlanta Athletic Club nine and John Dickinson's team meet in battle array.

The spirit of rivalry between these organizations has reached the pluperfect superlative degree, and it is no idle prophecy to say that the game will be a red-hot affair. The two teams are composed of the best amateurs in the city and a pretty exhibition of the national game will be put up.

Following are the revised line-ups in batting order:

Athletic Club.	All-Stars.
Tichenor, 3b.	Peel, cf.
Dougherty, ss.	Lawshe, 2b.
W. Patterson, lf.	Duke, ss.
Merritt, 2b.	Short, p.
Foreman, c.	Lafitte, c.
Reynolds, 1b.	Harrison, 1b.
Moore, cf.	Baldwin, lf.
Everett, rf.	Joyner, rf.
Murray, p.	Glenn, 3b.

The game will be called at 4 p. m. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged.

PETER PROMISES A WINNING TEAM

Atlanta Manager Will Sign Lally and Other Good Men.

FEARS A LEAGUE RUPTURE

Atlanta's Manager Is Waiting the Outcome of the Fight in the League Before Taking on New Men—Team in Poor Shape.

Memphis, Tenn., July 25.—(Special.)—"I don't know what to do about getting material to fill the places of Krug and Pabst," said Manager Peter tonight, when asked by The Constitution correspondent as to what he intended doing to fill out his crippled team. "It looks like the action of the Memphis club in defying the league orders and all moral and baseball laws will surely cause a disruption of the league and strengthening my team would perhaps mean nothing but a financial loss.

"However, you may tell the Atlanta people that I will have a winning team in any event and at any cost. Streit will be in the game in a few days and I have my eye on several players which will strengthen the weak spots. Lally, an infielder, who has been recommended to me by Manager Armour, of the Cleveland club, will play with us Sunday, if I can get him, and there is not much doubt but what he will sign. Lally has been batting like a cyclone of late, making five home runs in the two last games. He is also a fine fielder and will more than fill Krug's place.

"I am undecided as to what I shall do about a first baseman. Bob Pender, who is playing and managing Baton Rouge, may return to us, but I am not sure. He would have played with us today, but he is under contract with Baton Rouge."

FRANK YIELDS TO NICKLIN.

For First Time Since Trouble Began the Memphis Manager Takes Water.

Memphis, Tenn., July 25.—(Special.)—When Manager Peter, of Atlanta, arrived at the baseball park this afternoon he found telegrams from President Nicklin, of the Southern League, instructing him not to play the Memphis team with Babb and Evans, alleged contract jumpers, who have been ruled ineligible and suspended from further playing in the southern association.

Umpire Kelly and Manager Frank were also notified and after considerable discussion between the Atlanta and Memphis people Manager Frank announced that neither Babb nor Evans would play.

For the first time since the St. Vrain controversy came up the Memphis manager obeyed the mandates of the league president, but injunction proceedings will be started at once to restrain the Southern League from interfering with Babb and Evans "from earning an honest living," and an injunction will probably be granted on the same plea that the St. Vrain-Frank injunction was passed on.

Manager Peter's aggregation is very much crippled. Today he wanted to play Bob Pender, the Baton Rouge manager, and former Selma player, but Manager Frank refused to allow Pender in the game, as Pender is under contract to Baton Rouge. Peter stated that he would continue to obey the orders of the league president, which means that if Evans and Babb are put in the game Manager Peter will take his team off the field.

Today there was some talk of a compromise being made on the part of the Memphis people for peace, but Manager Frank states that he will not recede from any position already taken in regard to the suspension and fine imposed on Frank, and the banishment of St. Vrain, Babb and Evans on the grounds of their being contract jumpers.

It is not thought here that there is any chance for a compromise on the part of either faction.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston 4, Philadelphia 0.

Boston, July 25.—Pittinger was a complete puzzle to the visitors. Wolverton joined the Philadelphias today and played a splendid game. Attendance, 400. Score: R H E
Boston.....1 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 x—4 9 0
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 5
Batteries—Pittinger and Moran, Duggleby and Dooin.

Cincinnati 6, Chicago 1.

Chicago, July 25.—The visitors won easily by batting Menefee freely. Attendance, 3,000. Score: R H E
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 5 4
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 2—6 15 2
Batteries—Menefee and Kling, Philips and Bergen.

Brooklyn 2, New York 0.

New York, July 25.—Kitson made a home run in the third inning today and struck out nine New Yorkers. Attendance, 2,500.
Score: R H E
Brooklyn.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—2 8 1
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 9 1
Batteries—Kitson and Farrell, Cronin and Bresnahan.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland 6, Washington 3.

Washington, July 25.—Cleveland won today by opportune stick work. Attendance, 5,000.
Score: R H E
Washington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2—3 6 2
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 5—6 7 1
Batteries—Orth and Drill, Joss and Bemis.

Even Break at Baltimore.

Baltimore, July 25.—Errors were responsible for many of the visitors' runs in the first game. The locals pulled themselves together in the second and won by fast work in the field. Attendance, 4,084. Score:
First game— R H E
Baltimore.....1 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—4 6 7
Chicago.....0 1 0 0 1 5 5 2 1—15 18 4
Batteries—Howell and Yeager, Patterson and Sullivan.
Second game— R H E
Baltimore.....0 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 x—5 9 1
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0—4 9 2
Batteries—Wiltse and Yeager, Griffith, Garvin and E. McFarland.

Boston 6, St. Louis 3.

Boston, July 25.—Sparks, the home team's newest pitcher, won his first victory today. Attendance, 4,837. Score: R H E
Boston.....0 1 1 4 0 0 0 0 x—6 9 2
St. Louis.....0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0—3 4 2
Batteries—Sparks and Warner, Harper and Sugden.

No Game at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 25.—Philadelphia-Detroit game postponed on account of rain.

Anniston 13, Twin City 1.

Anniston, Ala., July 25.—(Special.)—Anniston repeated the walk-over of yesterday in the baseball game with the Twin City team of New Decatur. The sensation of the game was a tripple play by the Anniston team, in which Steele, Blankenship and Leighton participated. Score:
Anniston.....0 2 1 0 6 2 2 0 0—13
Twin City.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Anniston leaves Monday for Huntsville for three games.

ADDITIONAL ENTRIES IN.

Big Shoot of Atlanta Gun Club Promises To Be a Huge Success.

The following additional entries have been received for the shoot of the Atlanta Gun Club, which will be held next week, beginning Monday: D. S. Daunt, of New York; Captain Livingston, W. W. Newman, Cecil G. Lee and San Bailey, of Alabama; Charles Reif and Dr. Henry, of Tennessee; H. J. Burke, Dr. Gale, J. W. Osborne, Dr. Land, George Bailey, J. B. Mills, S. D. Jones and Thomas Greer, of Georgia.

A. K. Hawkes, the Atlanta optician, will give a pair of gold spectacles as second prize in the contest for the championship of Georgia, Alabama, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida and Tennessee. The first prize in this event is the medal offered by the Atlanta Gun Club. Mr. Aronstein, agent of The Sportsman, of St. Louis, offers a year's subscription to his paper to the professional making the highest average. Great interest has been aroused in the shoot, which promises to be an unqualified success.

An interesting game of ten pins was played last night at George Case's bowling alley, between the Atlanta Senior team and the Juniors.

The Senior team, which defeated New Orleans recently, beat the youngsters last night by the score of 2412 to 2206. The bowling was fairly good, Tisdale making the highest individual score of 195 in one set.

The Senior team was composed of Downs, Tisdale, Elliott, Eagan and Stoney. The Juniors were Critchell, Tripp, Hoyt, Martin and Conyers.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Play was resumed yesterday afternoon in the Athletic Club tennis tournament. Three matches were fought out and two went by default.

Grant, who was regarded as one of the strongest candidates for the championship, was injured so as to be unable to play and had to make a present of his match to Daniels. Glenn defaulted to Alfriend.

Broyles defeated Hoke easily in two sets, 6—1 and 6—3.

Chance Thornton bested Alfriend in a close contest, 6—4, 5—7, 6—3.

Ashe vanquished Peters, 6—2, 6—3.

The semifinals will be played this afternoon. Daniels will play Thornton and Ashe will meet the winner of the Scott-Broyles match.

Guese, the Little Rock twirler with the queer name, has developed into one of the best pitchers in the league. His work is a marked improvement over the form he displayed at the beginning of the season.

Sammy McMakin, who pitched for the crack Clemson, S. C., college team in 1900, is doing fine work for the Milwaukee American Association team. McMakin was given a trial by Ned Hanlon this spring, but failed to make good in the National League.

Johnny Dobbs, recently released by Cincinnati to make way for Joe Kelley, has signed with Chicago. And according to the Cincinnati papers Manager Bancroft will repent his haste in turning loose the little southerner.

Albany Gun Club Wins.

Americus, Ga., July 25.—(Special.)—The Americus and Albany gun clubs met again in a contest today, each club having ten men at the traps. In first team firing each gunner had 100 birds. Albany won by a single pigeon. In the second team contest the Americus squad led by thirty-eight birds, each man having fifty shots. The first contest results alone counted and the victory was given the Albany club.

QUEEN OF DIXIANA RAN AWAY BUT WON

Griffin's Filly Performed Sensational Feat at Harlem.

50 TO 1 IN THE BETTING

Ran Away Nearly a Mile, Threw Her Jockey and Then Defeated Her Field Easy — Mudlarks in Front at Brighton Beach.

Chicago, July 25.—Queen of Dixiana, a 3-year-old filly, owned by H. T. Griffin, performed the sensational feat of the local racing season in the first race at Harlem today by winning easily in a field of fifteen starters, after she had run away nearly a mile, threw her jockey and cavorted about the track for fifteen minutes. Although Jockey Wilkerson was stunned by the fall, he remounted and piloted his mount to victory. Dixiana was held at 10 to 1 in the betting before the runaway, after which she drifted to 50 to 1. Three favorites and two second choices captured the other events. Cloudy and warm; track good.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Queen of Dixiana, 98 (Wilkerson), 10 to 1, won; The Rabbitt, 98 (Beauchamp), 9 to 2, second; Versault, 98 (Helgeson), 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:16 1-5. Marshal See, Forum, Albert Enright, Ultrada, Howendobler, Mackey, Gum Honey, Hattie June, Lady Wentworth, Dont You Dare, Russellton, Senator Sullivan ran.

SECOND RACE—Seven furlongs: Lendin, 112 (Knight), 11 to 10, won; Top Soil, 90 (Buchanan), 3 to 2, second; Glendon, 112 (Blake), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:31 4-5. King Dodo, Dutch Princess ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: Rose Tree, 100 (Birkenruth), 8 to 5, won; Lady Idris, 99 (Hoar), 50 to 1, second; A. D. Gibson, 100 (Beauchamp), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Fitzkanet, Duellst, Gonfalon, Pirate's Queen ran.

FOURTH RACE—One mile: Favonius, 112 (Ransch), 5 to 2, won; Brulare, 97 (Beauchamp), 13 to 5, second; Vulcain, 105 (Coburn), 9 to 5 third. Time, 1:41 1-5. Prince of Africa, Frankie, Strangest ran.

FIFTH RACE—Seven furlongs: Pretorius, 101 (T. Dean), 4 to 1, won; Ernest Parham, 104 (Otis), 9 to 1, second; Huzzah, 104 (Ransch), 19 to 5, third. Time, 1:29 2-5. Lady Bird, Herse, Rosie Mac, Hopefield, Rollick II, Digby Bell, Lady Alberta, Senora Maria, Ravensbury ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and sixteenth, selling: Orantas, 103 (Blake), 4 to 5, won; Picquart, 99 (Meade), 7 to 1, second; Searcher, 101 (Buchanan), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:49 4-5. Star Cotton ran.

Today's Entries at Harlem.

First Race—Five furlongs: Gold Bell, 115; Colonnade, Linguist, Tom Cogan, Albemarle, Shooting Star, 110; Brookston, 107; John C. King, Senor, Night Fall, St. Miner, 105; Tabellarius, 102.

Second Race—Mile: Bragg, 105; Position, 103; Talpa, Waswitt, 100; Dewey, Little Scout, Archie, 97; Lou Woods, Leviathan, 94; Colonial Girl, 92.

Third Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Thurles, 112; Chorus Boy, 109; Corillo, B. G. Fox, 107; Royal Penny, Guy H., Cougar, 105; Golden Sceptre, Banish, Master Mariner, Trebor, 104; Marion Lynch, 102; Egyptian Prince, 100; Leroyd, Moderator, 105.

Fourth Race—Mile and an eighth, handicap: Arregror, 119; Flying Torpedo, 115; Jimines, 114; Death, 111; Aladdin, 108; Otis, 106; Nitrate, Hermencia, 101; Geyser, 100; Hunter Raine, 97; Leo Newell, 97; Scarlet Lily, 95; Arian, 92; Frangible, Marcos, 90. Couple Hermencia and Nitrate as Hildreth entry.

Fifth Race—Mile, handicap: Barrack, 106; Bronze Wing, 102; Harry New, 96; Lake View Belle, 95; Star Cotton, 94; Woodwink, 93; Little Elkin, Eva Rice, 90.

Sixth Race—Mile and a half, selling: Fatalist, 109; Satin Coat, 107; Compass, 104; Linden Ella, 103; Tammany Chief, Sardonic, 102; Lady Chorister, 100; Hayward Hunter, 84.

BRIGHTON BEACH

ONLY TWO WINNING HORSES CARRIED PUBLIC MONEY

New York, July 25.—Mud larks had an inning at Brighton Beach today. Only two favorites—John A. Scott and Afrikander—won. The feature of a very ordinary card was the handicap at 1 1-4 miles.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Lord Pepper, 110 (Redfern), 4 to 1, won; Candling, 110 (Kuhn), 40 to 1, second; Belle of Lexington, 116 (Odom), 13 to 10, third. Time, 1:15 3-5. Dinna Forget, Wealth, Torchlight and Chiron also ran.

SECOND RACE—Maiden 2-year-olds, selling, 6 furlongs: John A. Scott, 107 (Burns), 11 to 5, won; Full Back, 107 (Jackson), 25 to 1, second; Squ[illegible] (Creamer), 10 to 1, third. Time, [illegible] 3-5. Dolly Hayman, Northern Light, Barkeimore, Pearl Diver, Napoleon, Mrs. Dingle, Adele Harding, Candareen, Michaelmas, Sweet Jane, Epidemic and Kilmore also ran.

THIRD RACE—Selling, 1 1-16 miles: Cogswell, 103 (Smith), 10 to 1, won; Handicapper, 104 (Cramer), 9 to 10, second; Rossignol, 101 (Redfern), 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:50. Georgia Gardner, Crosenfeld and Baffled also ran.

FOURTH RACE—One mile and a quarter: Cuspidor, 100 (Wonderly), 12 to 5, won; Sadie S, 92 (Shea), 3 to 1, second; Tom Kenny, 114 (Shaw), even, third. Time, 2:10 2-5. Three starters.

FIFTH RACE—Two-year-olds, 5 furlongs: Afrikander, 122 (J. Martin), 7 to 10, won; Tioga, 99 (Wonderly), 6 to 1, second; Mount Kiscoe, 102 (Redfern), 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:02 2-5. Semper Vivax, Blue and Orange and Hackensack also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 1 1-16 miles: Ben Howard, 94 (Shea), 12 to 1, won; Mosketo, 98 (Michaels), 4 to 1, second; Mercer, 103 (Redfern), 11 to 20, third. Time, 1:50. Philippine and Petral II also ran.

Today's Entries at Brighton.

First Race—Selling, five furlongs: Singing Nymph, Ohio Girl, Marie Tryon, Eva Mine, Tact, Miriam Bedell, Our Julia K., Lady Iona, Ace of Spades, Silver Trinket, Destitute, 105; Miss Fisher, Clipper, Hebron, Fontenix, Lady Rabbit, 100.

Second Race—Selling, mile and a sixteenth: Swiftmas, 116; Bellario, 114; Red Path, 113; Satire, 106; Bluff, 100; Peninsula, 99; Meistersinger, 96; Tohula, 94; Huntress, 91; Trump, 89.

Third Race—Six furlongs: Blue Ribbon, 120; Eugenia Burch, 116; Mackey Dwyer, 112; Mamselle, 111; Music, 110; Forward, Eva Russell, 106; Wiful, 97; Colonsay, 95.

Fourth Race—The Brigton cup, two and a quarter miles: Gold Heels, Surmise, 124; Sun Shower, 101.

Fifth Race—Leopardstown steeplechase, about two miles: Eophone, 156; Colbert, 149; Cavalcade, 146; The Bruiser, Rising Sun, 132.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: Leonid, 114; Port Royal, Bellario, 111; Hyphen, 102; De Rezke, Khital, Anak, 99; Lux Casta, 97.

The Abbott and The Monk To Meet.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 25.—The Abbott, 2:03 3-4, and The Monk, 2:07, will go a special mile dash at the Cleveland matinee races Saturday, August 2. These horses, with Lord Derby, were to have gone a mile special race last Saturday, but rain prevented the go.

Bicycle Races Postponed.

Baltimore, July 25.—The races of the National Cycling Association at the Coliseum were again postponed tonight by rain.

Maher Rides Glasal to Victory.

London, July 25.—At the second day's racing of the Liverpool July meeting today Glasal, ridden by Maher, the American jockey, won the Liverpool cup. Congratulation was second and Fighting Furley third. Six horses started.

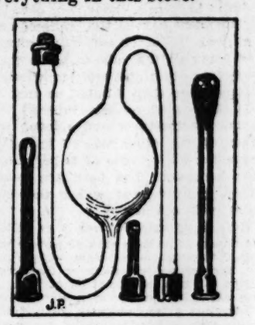
Three Finished Noses Apart.

St. Louis, July 25.—The handicap at a mile and a sixteenth, the feature of today's Delmar card, was productive of one of the most sensational finishes ever seen on a local race track, Kitty Clyde, Glenwood and Alice Turner finishing noses apart. The judges awarded the decision to Kitty Clyde.

Jacobs' Pharmacy. Jacobs' Pharmacy.

Our Rubber Goods Department

Our Rubber Goods Department is a store complete in itself. It displays not only every staple or special article in this line at all in demand, but the business of this store assures always fresh stocks, an important item in the selecting of these things. Besides the usual things it also shows all the appliances which go towards taking off the burden of nursing and making the sick comfortable. The sick at all times should have the best attention. Many would avail themselves of the numerous conveniences we have here, but for want of knowledge of them, do without. We shall be pleased at all times to explain how to make the sick "more comfortable" and show the "little helps" which lessen the work in the care of them. Our cut-price policy covers the rubber goods as it does everything in this store.



Dr. Palmer's English Enema Syringe.

Made of one piece of pure maroon gum rubber, with hard rubber fillings and three screw hard rubber pipes, infants, rectal and vaginal..... $1.33

Palmer's Favorite Bulb Syringe,

As shown in cut, with extra heavy ribbed bulb of pure white gum rubber, heavy hard rubber fittings, extra large diameter tubing and four hard rubber pipes; infants, rectal, vaginal and corrugated irrigator; neatly packed in imitation morocco box..... $1.00



Standard Fountain Syringe.

A two-quart rapid flow fountain Syringe, with pure corrugated white gum rubber bag; five feet tubing and two hard rubber pipes, rectal and vaginal; price, packed in neat box..... 75c

Tyrian Bulb Syringe,

As shown in cut, put up in finished hardwood box with swing pipe rack. This has extra heavy durablue ribbed pure gum rubber bulb and large diameter tubing; hard rubber connections and four hard rubber pipes; infants, rectal, vaginal and corrugated irrigator. Price, complete..... $1.00

Tyrian Triumph Fountain Syringe.

This has corrugated pure gum rubber, rubber bag, five feet of extra large tubing to insure rapid flow. All hard rubber connections and four hard rubber pipes; infants, rectal and corrugated and bent vaginal irrigators, packed in finished hardwood box with swinging pipe rack. Price, 1-quart, $1.00; 2-quart, $1.25; 3-quart, $1.50; 4-quart, $1.75.

Sale of Pocket Books.

Ladies' Pocket Books in Morocco leather, trimmed with white metal corners, inside faced with same leather, card case, change compartment with clasp, and three additional pockets; satchel bottom. Regular 75c and $1.00 Pocket Books, about 150 of them, all one price..... 34c

1902 Catalogue. Our 1902 catalogue gives you a complete list of our Rubber Goods. It also lists on its 250 pages over 10,000 items in drugs, medicines, toilet articles, etc., covered by our cut prices. Write for it or get one at the store.

Jacobs' Pharmacy,

6-8-10 Marietta Street.

ELECTRIC FANS.

We have in stock a few SECOND HAND ELECTRIC FANS which we are offering VERY CHEAP. Every one guaranteed to be in good condition. Also lots of NEW FANS at reduced prices. The season is late and we must dispose of our stock.

Carter & Gillespie Electric Co.,

Telephone 1025. 40 N. Broad St.

The largest selling brands of Cigars in the world!



One Band from "FLORODORA" Cigars or Two Bands from "CUBANOLA," "CREMO" "GEO. W. CHILDS" or "JACKSON SQUARE" Cigars are of same value as one Tag from "E. RICE GREENVILLE," "DRUMMOND" NATURAL LEAF, "OLD PEACH & HONEY," "STAR," "GOOD LUCK," or "RAZOR" Tobacco. 4

FOUR OF THEIR HORSES WIN AND BOOKS LOSE $40,000

Cleveland, Ohio, July 25.—The winner of each of the four races on the card at Glenville today came from the stable of Hudson & Gatcom, of Lexington, Ky. It was Hudson who did the driving, and in winning everything in sight set the world's record for performances of the sort. Only one of the winners was a first choice, and the big betting men lost heavily. The owners of the winning string went into the betting ring and it is reported they took out $40,000 when the show was over.

E. E. Smathers, of New York, backed Shadow Chimes to win the 2:06 pace, and the defeat of the horse is said to have cost him $15,000. Shadow Chimes was a 2 to 1 favorite in the opening betting.

The 2:16 trot was split up and Hudson began driving in the third heat under orders from the judges. Alice Russell started to win in the fourth and outlasted the tired field. Hudson's lay-up in the first two heats cost him $200.

The real surprise was sprung in the last race, in which Hudson appeared with Twinkle, nearly always a 40 to 1 choice. Heavy favorite Roamer took the first heat and had the second well in hand at the last eighth. Then like a flash Twinkle came from the bunch, winning in very fast time. Hudson was given a tremendous ovation by the 9,000 spectators.

The meeting closes tomorrow. Summaries:

2:16 Trot, Purse $3,000—Alice Russell won fourth, fifth and sixth heats and the race; Alice Carr second, winning second and third heats; Reelected third, winning first heat. Best time, 2:10½.

2:06 Pace, Purse $1,000—Audubon Boy won first and third heats and race; Shadow Chimes second, winning second heat; Fanny Dillard third. Best time, 2:05.

2:20 Trot, Purse $1,200—Chase won two straight heats and race; Prince of Orange second; Antea third. Best time, 2:11 3-4.

2:13 Pace, Purse $1,200—Twinkle won second, third and fourth heats and the race; Roamer second, winning first heat; Don Sphinx third. Best time, 2:06 3-4.

Gus Lawson Wins.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 25.—At the Coliseum track tonight Gus Lawson won first place, Ray Duer second and William F. King third in the 5-mile professional motor-paced race. Best time in the three heats was 7:47 1-5.

Negro Shot by a Mob.

Womeldorff, W. Va., July 25.—Besides the two negroes lynched here yesterday for murdering Policeman Wilmoth Woodman, a third negro was followed by a mob and shot to death in the swamps 25 miles south of Elkins today. After riddling his body, the mob threw it into the Cheat river. Negroes are leaving this section.

PANAMAS CLEANED and reshaped. Massey's, 23 Whitehall st.

Send for Catalogue.



RAILROAD WATCHES Pass all inspection.

Crescent Street 21 Jewels.
B. W. Raymond 19 Jewels.
Father Time 21 Jewels.
John Hancock 21 Jewels.
Hamilton W. Co. 21 Jewels.
Your choice in either Dueber, Fahys or Eight 20-year open face gold filled case.... $24.00

E. J. KELLEY, Jeweler

ATLANTA, GA.

Inspector W. U. & A. L. and A. & W. P. Railroads.

Things We Like Best

Often Disagree With Us

Because we overeat of them. Indigestion follows. But there's a way to escape such consequences. A dose of a good digestant like Kodol will relive you at once. Your stomach is simply too weak to digest what you eat. That's all indigestion is. Kodol digests the food without the stomach's aid. Thus the stomach rests while the body is strengthened by wholesome food. Dieting is unnecessary. Kodol digests any kind of good food. Strengthens and invigorates.

Kodol Makes Rich Red Blood.

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1 bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

DeWITT'S Witch Hazel SALVE

A certain cure for piles and skin diseases.

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 30 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

Established in 1857.

Peter Lynch,

95 Whitehall St.,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos.

Also at 7 W. Mitchell st. Dealer in Hardware, Guns, Pistols and Ammunition, Garden and Field Seeds, Shoes and Rubbers, Boots. Just received a lot of Fresh Turnip Seeds, Bush and Cornfield Beans, Ear Corn for midsummer planting, &c., &c. Millville—Mason and Mason Improved and Woodbury Fruit Jars, half gallons, quarts and pints, also fixtures extra for any of these Fruit Jars. A perfect variety store, as usual. Terms Cash.

150 spirit barrels, half barrels, 15 and 10 and 5 gallon kegs for sale.

A. F. LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting & Loans,

28 Peachtree Street.

New modern 8 room house, never been occupied, 67 E. Georgia Ave.	$30.00
409 South Pryor, all modern conveniences	30.00
11 Hilliard St., 4 room cottage	10.00
140 Cooper St., 6 rooms, modern	22.50
230 Formwalt St., 6 rooms	22.50
12 Windsor St., 8 rooms	25.00
157 Whitehall St., 10 rooms, all modern improvements	40.00
8 N. Broad St., Store	90.00
11 N. Broad St., Store	75.00
Warehouse, Magnolia St. and W. & A. R. R.	30.00

A. F. LIEBMAN,

28 Peachtree Street.

Tried Friends Best.

For thirty years Tutt's Pills have proven a blessing to the invalid. Are truly the sick man's friend.

A Known Fact

For bilious headache, dyspepsia sour stomach, malaria, constipation and all kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS AN ABSOLUTE CURE.

Special Round Trip Railroad Tickets to Tallulah Lodge Hotel, Tallulah Falls, Ga., Saturday, July 26th, $2.00.

TO EUROPE With Safety and Speed **DOMINION Line** FAST TWIN SCREW SERVICE **Boston to Liverpool**

New England, July 30. Commonwealth Aug 13. Merion (new) August 20. New England, Aug. 27. Saloon $65 and $80 upward, according to steamer. Second saloon $40.00. Third class at low rates. Boston-Mediterranean service. Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa. Cambroman, Aug. 16, Sept. 27; Nov. 8; Vancouver, Sept. 6, Oct 18, Nov. 29. Saloon rates $75 and upward, 2d saloon $50. For steamer plans, etc., address Dominion Line, Boston, or E. J. Walker, Union Depot Ticket Office, Atlanta.

TRADE E&W MARK **MISSOULA** COLLAR

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed at Sanitarium or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Cure Co., Drawer A, Austell, Ga. Home treatment sent if preferred. Correspondence strictly confidential.

Foote's Trunk Factory,

17 East Alabama St..

ATLANTA, - - - - GA.

Manufacturers of **Trunks, Valises. Traveling Bags, etc.** All Kinds Pocket Books and Leather Novelties In Stock. Wholesale and Retail. Trunk Repairing a Specialty.

TELEPHONES 230

Cotton Seed Oil And Gin Machinery.

Not in any Combination or Trust.

Complete plants from 15 to 100 tons capacity. Special small plants for ginneries. Cotton gins and complete ginning systems.

E. Van Winkle Gin and Machine Wks. ATLANTA, GA.

RULE 25 AMENDED BY COMMISSION

Switching Rate of $2 a Car Hereafter To Apply to Transportation.

CHANGE AN IMPORTANT ONE

Will Obviate Many Controversies in Handling Cars Short Distances. Amendment to Rule 30 Not Acted On—Other Matters Passed On.

The railroad commission yesterday decided to adopt the proposed amendment to rule 25 so as to make the switching rate of $2 per car apply also to the transfer and transportation of cars within the switching distance of 3 miles.

Heretofore the rule has been construed to apply only to the switching of cars brought in from a distance or cars loaded for shipment beyond the limits of switching yards or of cities. The commission has amended the rule so as to make it apply also to transportation within any distance less than 3 miles, so that a car may be loaded on one railroad in Atlanta, for instance, and shipped to another on the other side of the city for unloading at the rate of $2 per car. The rule heretofore has been the cause of many controversies which the amendment will obviate.

Rule 25 as amended reads as follows:

A charge of no more than $2 per car without regard to weight or contents, will be allowed for transporting, switching or transferring a loaded car from any point on any railroad to any connecting railroad or to any ware house, sidetrack or other customary point of delivery which may be designated by the consigner within a distance of 3 miles from the point of starting.

When in the transfer, switching or transportation of a car between said points, it is necessary to pass over the lines of any immediate road or roads, the maximum charge of $2 shall be equitably divided between the roads at interest.

When a charge is made for the transfer, switching or transportation of loaded cars between said points no additional charge shall be made for the return of the empty cars.

Other Matters Attended To.

The railroad commission also had the proposed amendment to rule 30, which proposes to give a railroad refusing to let its cars go on another road, or to one refusing to receive cars from another road, its share of the joint rate less 20 per cent. It was decided, however, to defer action on this amendment until a future meeting.

The petition of the Macon and Birmingham railroad for permission to remove its station of Moran, in Crawford county, to another point on the line was refused. The commission thought the present location the best one for it, and the citizens of that place protested vigorously against any change.

Upon application of the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern railroad, the commission decided to give marble tile the same low rate as applies to other marble, that is, class P in car load lots and two-thirds of class 6 in less than car load lots. It is rather unusual for a railroad to make application for the reduction of a rate, and the case is interesting on that account.

The demurrage rule providing that more time shall be allowed consignees for unloading all in excess of three cars received at the same time was construed to mean that the cars must all be received over the same road.

The petition of the citizens of Hoschton asking that the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern be compelled to remove a sidetrack which brings another section into competition with them was declined by the commission on the ground that it had no right to interfere with anything necessary to public convenience.

The commission amended demurrage rule No. 1 so as to require the consignee of a car to give notice of where he wants that car whenever it is brought within 3 miles of destination, provided due notice is given to that effect.

Southern Securities Company.

Within the past few days there has been a great revival of the talk of the possibility of the formation of the Southern Securities Company to take over all the roads in this section.

Referring to this a late issue of The Daily Financial News says:

"The study of ancient history is not always unprofitable. Looking over the past is a fair guide to the future and this applies to railroads as well as to other and more individual affairs. Two years ago we learned on what we now consider the best authority that in due time a consolidation of the roads in the south would be arranged. The first step in this direction was taken when J. P. Morgan & Co. undertook and successfully carried through the reorganization of the Richmond and Danville and the Richmond Terminal properties, which now form the Southern railway system, with the additions that have been made since 1895. The development of the system during the past half dozen years has been of the most thorough character and it is claimed by the management that the Southern is now only second to such roads as the Pennsylvania and the New York Central in the matter of physical condition and equipment. It is essentially a Morgan property, and both classes of stock are held in a voting trust of which J. P. Morgan, George F. Baker and Charles Lanier are the trustees. This trust will continue until 5 per cent has been paid in one year upon the preferred stock. There is, therefore, no ground on which to look for any dividend on the common until after the voting trust is dissolved. At the present rate of earnings and the selling price for the common the latter appears to be selling at full value.

"The bullish element on these stocks is bringing forward arguments in favor of higher prices, one of which we quote: 'That J. P. Morgan & Co. have not abandoned the idea of forming the Southern Securities as soon as the Northern Securities Company shall be held to be a valid corporation is believed to be strongly indicated in the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company's acceptance of the provisions of the present constitution of Kentucky in a paper filed in the office of the secretary of state at Frankfort. For ten years and nearly ten months the Louisville and Nashville, operating under a charter granted in the early 50s, has refused to take this step, being one of the few corporations which has persisted in its refusal, and now that it has changed front so soon after its control has passed from the Belmont and Rothschilds to the banking firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., is taken as an admission that the much discussed merger with the Southern railway is one of the certainties of the future.'

"Where does the Pennsylvania come in?"

In this connection the meeting of officials of the Southern, the Louisville and Nashville and the Illinois Central held in Nashville on Thursday is of interest.

The officials uniformly refused to give any information as to the object of the conference. When the question was asked as to whether or not the meeting had any reference to the drayage tariff war now being waged at Louisville, Memphis and New Orleans, the officials refused to either affirm or deny.

The meeting continued all day Thursday and until late into the evening. Among the prominent officials present were Walker D. Hines, first vice president of the Louisville and Nashville; D. M. Goodwin, general freight agent of the Louisville and Nashville; T. J. Hudson, traffic manager Illinois Central; F. B. Bowes, general freight agent southern lines of the Illinois Central; H. B. Spencer, general manager Louisville and St. Louis lines of the Southern; Alexander P. Humphrey, assistant general counsel Southern railway in Kentucky, and J. M. Dickinson, general counsel of the Illinois Central. Mr. Dickinson returned to Chicago, while Mr. Hines was joined in Nashville by General Manager Evans, of the Louisville and Nashville, the two proceeding to Mobile. The officials of the Southern also went south, but declined to state their destination.

Spikes and Cinders.

Henry B. Spencer, of St. Louis, general manager of the Southern's St. Louis-Louisville lines, and Lee McClung, of Louisville, assistant freight traffic manager of the Southern, passed through Atlanta yesterday morning on their way to Washington from Nashville, where they have been attending a meeting with officials of the Louisville and Nashville and the Illinois Central.

Traveling Freight Agent R. R. Otis, of the Mobile and Ohio, who was slightly injured in a wreck on the Charleston and Western Carolina several days ago, and has been confined to his residence in consequence, was yesterday able to again take up the active discharge of his duties.

Fourth Vice President J. M. Culp and Freight Traffic Manager T. C. Powell, of the Southern, who were in Atlanta yesterday attending the meeting of the railroad commission, returned to Washington last night.

General Manager W. Stanhope Erwin, of the Tallulah Falls railway, has issued a handsome folder, which contains the time card of the road, a number of illustrations of scenery around Tallulah Falls, and a map which shows the road as it is to be extended to Franklin, N. C. The folder is quite artistic, and will doubtless attract many travelers to the "Niagara of the South."

J. S. Hanahan, Jr., of Charleston, commercial agent for the Plant system at that point, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Hanahan wil not continue in the service of the Atlantic Coast Line after August 1.

The passenger department of the Frisco has issued a neat booklet entitled "Resorts Along the Frisco System," which describes the many places along the rails of the Frisco where the tourist may find rest and sport.

PASSING THRONG.

"If the local and state legislative bodies of the south would stop hammering away at the whisky and cigarette questions and devote themselves to other and greater evils first the south would be vastly better off," remarked a young physician yesterday.

"Take, for instane, the rapidity with which the morphine, cocaine, laudanum, chloral and other habits are growing. It is something simply appalling and causes one to pause and question what is to become of the country unless something is done to put a stop to it. Compared to morphine and cocaine, whisky, beer and other liquid stimulants are mere Sunday school beverages in their ultimate effects. Then, too, a man can use whisky in moderation if he wants to, and the majority of people do. With drugs it's entirely different. Once the habit is formed, and the natural tendency is to increase the dose day by day and week by week and year by year until the poor victim is hopelessly in its clutches and cannot free himself no matter how hard he may try. In fact, it is so rare that a morphine or cocaine user confines himself to a limited dose each day, that such cases are pointed out by the medical fraternities as wonderful.

"You would be simply surprised and horrified if I were to tell you the names of some of Atlanta's most prominent men and women who are tied hand and foot, the slaves of this awful habit. Scarcely a day passes that I am not called on by some woman who is a victim of the habit and who wants me to give her an injection of either morphine or cocaine. The majority of this class are ladies of fashion who do not care for their regular family physician to know that they are using it. Invariably I decline to prescribe the drug when I can get out of it, but there are times when the case is imperative.

"If these users of morphine and other opiates only knew that they did not deceive anybody, I fancy the habit would be less frequently found. In point of fact, however, it has got to that point where the veriest tyro can spot a user of drugs almost at a glance. There are certain unmistakable signs which crop out, no matter how hard the victim may try to conceal it, that invariably betray the morphine fiend. Poor wretches, they deceive no one but themselves.

"Among the young men of Atlanta the habit is simply playing havoc. Countless numbers of the brightest minds in the city are daily being drug-sapped and the number is steadily growing each day.

"Now, what I started out to say, is that the law ought to throw some rigid restriction around the sale of these drugs and the officers of the law ought to see that the law is carried out. The liquor traffic is well regulated, but the drug habit is not. Any young man can go into a drug store and, by pretending that the wants the drug for some one else, secure it with ease. My idea is that every sale of morphine, cocaine or similar drug should be restricted to a prescription from a physician. In this way the difficulty to the beginner would be so great as to cause him to abandon the attempt. Unless something is done the manhood and womanhood of the country is doomed to be greatly imperiled."

"'Pon my soul, what would Jim Sayers, Jem Mace, the Tifton Slasher and others of the old school of pugilists say if they could come to life and witness the prize fight between Fitzsimmons and Jeffries out in 'Frisco tonight!" remarked an old time sport last night as he stood in a group impatiently waiting for returns from the big mill.

"Of course, the old chaps would learn many things about the game they had never dreamt of in their wildest flights of fancy. They would be as much behind the times as Benjamin Franklin if he should chance to come to earth and get mixed up with the trolley cars at Dead Man's Bend in New York. They would go back to their long rest admitting that the pugs of today had completely outstripped them. But the particular thing I have in mind is, what they would say when they saw Eddie Graney refereeing the mill togged out in a dress suit!! That would be the limit, and I guarantee the old boys would be so sick they would be only too glad to sneak back to the shades on the other shore.

"Speaking of dress suits and pugilists, by the way, reminds me of John L. Sullivan's first trip to England, when he went to fight Charley Mitchell. John was in his glory in those days and had money to throw at the jaybirds. His wardrobe was enough to make the advance agent of a minstrel show turn green with envy. When John was invited to meet the prince of Wales at high noon he went over his stock of clothes carefully and finally decided to wear his dress suit. When he confided this fact to one of his friends the latter was aghast and exclaimed:

"'For the Lord's sake, don't do that John! No one ever thinks of wearing a dress suit before 6 o'clock. It's not proper!'

"'G'wan; whatcher givin' us!' said Sullivan. 'This nobs ain't no ordinary man and neither am I. Dis is an extry-ordinary occasion. I wears de spike-tail—see!'

"And he did!"

"The price of diamonds is way up," remarked a well known jeweler yesterday.

This statement conveyed absolutely no information of interest to the newspaper man who had entered the jeweler's place of business in the vain effort to get his $4.98 timepiece to keep pace with the chronometer. However, it is chronicled here in the hope that it will be interesting somewhere.

"Yes," he continued, "the price of good stones is still on the upward trend, and it begins to look as if there were going to be no end to it. We had hoped that peace in South Africa would have some effect toward lowering the price, but so far it has not been felt. As a matter of fact stones bought at wholesale today cost us more than we retailed them for a few months ago. And the end is not yet."

"Has the rise in price had any effect on the size of the average stone in engagement rings?" the reporter ventured.

"Yes, I think it has," the jeweler replied. "When a man starts out to buy an engagement ring he figures on how much he can stand, and he gets what he considers the best one he can find at about that price. Naturally he gets a smaller stone now than he would have gotten a year or two ago when the price was lower."

"Perhaps, however, the girls don't take this into account?" was ventured.

"No," said the jeweler, smiling, "but they generally take the ring."

The reporter went down the street and immediately had 5 cents worth of carbon crystallized on his foot gear.

Hon. Julian McCurry, of Hartwell, is in the city.

Clarence E. Treadwell, of The St. Louis Globe-Democrat, is at the Kimball.

Alvin S. Stocks, a prominent insurance man of Hartford, Conn., is at the Aragon.

Walter Kirkpatrick is in the city for a few days.

A TEXAS WONDER.

HALL'S GREAT REMEDY.

One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist will be sent by mail on receipt of $1. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, Sole Manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Covington, Ga., July 23, 1898.

This is to certify that I have used Dr. Hall's Great Discovery for rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles, and will say that it is far superior to anything I have ever used for the above complaint. Very respectfully,

H. I. HORTON, Ex-Marshal.

Midsummer Sufferings

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Quickly Dissipates Tired Feelings and Gives New Life to the Weak, Nervous, and Debilitated.

Tired, languid and despondent feelings prevail to an alarming extent during the heated term of summer. Such feelings indicate depleted blood and a feeble condition of the nervous system.

This is just the time when Paine's Celery Compound is needed to build up flesh and muscle, brace the nerves and clear and strengthen the brain.

Sick headaches, nervous prostration, sleeplessness and a general feeling of mental and physical depression by which life is made almost intolerable in the hot weather, can all be speedily banished by the use of a bottle or two of Paine's Celery Compound, nature's summer renovator and strength-giver.

Paine's Celery Compound never fails to repair the wasted and wornout tissues; it calms and perfectly regulates nervous action and brings that sweet and restful sleep that makes life happy.

The medicine that in the past has done such marvelous things for others is the kind you should use at this time.

Don't Fail To Try This.

Whenever an honest trial is given to Electric Bitters for any trouble it is recommended, for a permanent cure will surely be effected. It never fails to tone the stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver, invigorate the nerves and purify the blood. It's a wonderful tonic for run-down systems. Electric Bitters positively cures kidney and liver troubles, stomach disorders, nervousness, sleeplessness rheumatism, neuralgia, and expels malaria. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists. Only 50 cents.

No. 120 Courtland Street.

Price $2,650.

This choice close-in north-side property is between Edgewood ave. and Auburn ave., and is less than three blocks from the Equitable building. The lot is 45 by 126, fronting east, with an alley on the side. The house is a well-built 7-room cottage, on a choice residence street.

As a close-in home for a business man, or a rent-paying investment, this property cannot be duplicated in the city.

G. W. Adair.

PRINTING BINDING ENGRAVING

THE FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY

The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts — 65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

ELECTROTYPING STEREOTYPING BLANK BOOKS ADVERTISING

For Sale by C. H. Girardeau & Co.,

$7,500 takes a piece of rent paying property near the new depot site that is a real bargain.

$1,400 will buy a new modern five-room cottage near Luckie street and North avenue. This is an ideal home for an engineer.

$1,600 takes two new six-room cottages that rent for $20 per month.

$1,300 takes a six-room house on paved street, sewer, water and gas, on car line and rented to good white tenant for $12 per month.

$2,000 for Capitol avenue lot 53 by 200 to alley; east front; best part of the street.

$75 will buy a lot 50 by 100 to alley near car line. This lot once sold for $250. Owner must have money.

Call for Glenn Faver with C. H. Girardeau. 'Phone 164.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES. SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

ELIZABETH COLLEGE, High Grade College for Women, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

New, modern buildings and equipment. 18 experienced University teachers. Suburban location, campus 20 acres, shaded, overlooking the city. Music Conservatory, Separate Building, Art Department, Laboratories, etc. In Western North Carolina. Climate unsurpassed. Write for catalogue. REV. CHARLES D. KING, A. M., President

MERCER UNIVERSITY, MACON, GA.

One of the leading institutions of higher learning in the south. Next session opens September 19. Send for catalogue to P. D. Pollock, president, Macon, Ga.

ACADEMY OF THE VISITATION, MOBILE, ALABAMA,

Boarding School for Young Ladies, located in one of the most healthful and picturesque suburbs of the city.

Buildings spacious, well ventilated and finely equipped. A complete system of steam heat throughout. Grounds beautiful and extensive, covering one hundred acres. Every requisite conducive to health, comfort and the highest attainments of true womanhood, utilized to the best advantage. Curriculum broad and comprehensive. Methods of instruction thorough and practical.

Superior advantages in Music, Art and the Languages.

Seventieth Session opens on September 18, 1902.

For particulars address THE SISTER DIRECTRESS.

EDGEWORTH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Re-opens September 25th 1902, 41st year. Mrs. H. P. Lefebvre, Miss. E D. Huntley, Principals, 122-24 W. Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.



"The most beautiful school site in all the world." Mountain climate. Unequalled health record An endowed institution for ladies. Famous throughout the country for the excellence of its results. Unsurpassed advantages in all departments. Magnificent College of Music A $2,000 prize piano to best student. Early Registration necessary. Catalogue free. Address: PRESIDENT SIMMONS, [illegible] 401

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's **Business College** ATLANTA, GA. The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $35.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 4000 graduates. Cat. free.

PANTOPS ACADEMY Near CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA. FOR BOYS. Fully equipped. Send for Catalogue. JOHN R. SAMPSON, A.M., Principal.

Atlanta College of Pharmacy

Free Dispensary, only college operating an actual drug store. Greater demand for our students than we can supply. Address, George F. Payne, Dean, Atlanta, Ga.

HOLLINS INSTITUTE, Virginia *Established in 1842* For the Higher Education of Young Ladies Faculty, 12 gentlemen and 28 ladies. Enrollment, 245 pupils from 21 states. For illustrated catalogue, apply to MATTY L. COCKE, President, Hollins, Va.

POSITIONS! May deposit money in bank till position is secured or give notes. Car fare paid. Cheap board. Send for 150-p Catalogue. Draughon's (Write Either Place) PRACTICAL BUSINESS Colleges Cor. Alabama and Whitehall, Atlanta, Nashville St. Louis, Montgomery, Little Rock, Ft. Worth Galveston and Shreveport. Endorsed by business men from Maine to California. Over 3,000 students last year. Author four text books on bookkeeping; sales on same $25 to $50 per day. No vacation. Enter any time. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, etc., taught.

VIRGINIA COLLEGE For YOUNG LADIES, Roanoke, Va. Opens Sept. 18, 1902. One of the leading Schools for Young Ladies in the South. New buildings, pianos and equipment. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery in Valley of Virginia, famed for health. European and American teachers. Full course. Conservatory advantages in Art, Music and Elocution. Students from thirty States. For catalogue address MATTIE P. HARRIS, President, Roanoke, Va.

University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.

Letters, Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering. Piedmont Virginia is too high for Malaria, while far enough south for mild winters. Session begins September 15. Address Chairman, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.

SUMMER CLASSES at Reduced Prices. CHINA PAINTING Especially for Teachers. WM. LYCETT, 83½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND and Business University ATLANTA, GA

8,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 5 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

THE WEATHER.

South Carolina, Georgia, Eastern Florida and Western Florida—Showers Saturday and Sunday; fresh east to southeast winds.

Washington, July 25.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

North Carolina—Fair Saturday; Sunday showers in the interior; fair on the coast; north winds, mostly light to fresh northeast.

Virginia—Showers Saturday except fair in southwestern portion; Sunday showers; fresh southeast to south winds.

Alabama—Showers Saturday, with cooler in interior; Sunday showers; fresh east to southeast winds.

Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas—Showers Saturday and Sunday; fresh south to southeast winds.

Eastern Texas—Showers and thunder storms Saturday and Sunday; fresh southeast winds on the coast, increasing.

Western Texas—Showers and cooler Saturday; Sunday fair.

Tennessee—Showers and thunder storms and not so warm Saturday; Sunday showers.

Kentucky—Generally fair Saturday; probably showers and cooler by night; Sunday showers.

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature at 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature	Rainfall in Past 12 Hours.
Abilene, pt. cloudy	82	84	.04
Augusta, pt. cloudy	82	88	.00
Buffalo, clear	72	78	.00
Charleston, pt. cloudy	78	82	.00
Charlotte, clear	82	88	.00
Chattanooga, cloudy	86	92	.00
Chicago, pt. cloudy	82	84	.02
Cincinnati, clear	82	86	.00
Corpus Christi, cloudy	84	88	.00
Detroit, pt. cloudy	72	82	.36
Dodge City, pt. cl'dy	82	88	.00
Galveston, rain	74	88	1.12
Huron, clear	78	86	.02
Jacksonville, cloudy	76	82	.18
Kansas City, clear	82	84	.00
Knoxville, pt. cloudy	82	88	.00
Memphis, cloudy	82	92	.00
Mobile, rain	82	92	.02
Montgomery, cloudy	86	90	.00
New Orleans, cloudy	80	88	.00
New York, cloudy	62	70	.34
Norfolk, rain	74	84	T
North Platte, clear	84	88	.00
Omaha, cloudy	84	88	.00
Palestine, cloudy	72	76	.02
Raleigh, clear	78	88	.00
Rapid City, cloudy	62	72	.02
St. Louis, pt. cl'dy	84	92	.00
St. Paul, cloudy	76	84	.06
Savannah, pt. cloudy	78	84	.00
Tampa, rain	74	80	.02
Vicksburg, cloudy	78	82	T
Wilmington, clear	76	78	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

FARLINGER IS PRESIDENT.

Atlanta Man Put at Head of State Retail Grocers' Association for Ensuing Year.

A. W. Farlinger, of Atlanta, was elected president of the Retail Grocers' Association of Georgia at the meeting which was held at Warm Springs this week. Mr. Farlinger succeeds C. J. Kamper, of Atlanta, who was president during the year past.

The other officers elected by the association are: Vice president, W. A. Pringle, Thomasville, Ga.; secretary, Carl A. Von der Leith, Athens; treasurer, F. H. Marshall, Savannah.

The association adopted a resolution calling upon the state legislature to enact a stringent pure food law. It also condemned trading stamps and all gift schemes. The meeting was attended by a number of distinguished men, among them officers of other grocers' associations.

Low Rates Via Southern Railway for Week-End Outings.

For the summer season of 1902 the Southern R'y. will sell from Atlanta for Saturday afternoon and Sunday morning trains low-rate round-trip week-end tickets to the following resorts at rates named:

Tickets good to return, leaving destination not later than Monday following date of sale, Athens, $2.20; Austell, 55c; Chamblee, 40c; Buford, $1.10; Chattahoochee, 25c; Clarkesville, $2.85; Elberton, $3.20; Duluth, 75c; Gainesville, $1.60; Indian Spring, $2; Lithia Springs, 60c; Mount Airy, $2.40; Nickajack, 40c; Dalton, $3; Lookout Mountain, $3.50; Meansville, $1.65; Norcross, 60c; Powder Springs, 70c; Strickland Springs, 80c; Toccoa, $2.80; Tallapoosa, $2; Tallulah Falls, $3.35; Warm Springs, $2.25; Isle of Palms, $6; St. Simon, $6; Cumberland island, $6.50; Atlantic beach, $6.90.

Tickets to Cumberland island, St. Simon, Atlantic beach and Isle of Palms will be sold for Saturday night trains only.

Take advantage of these low rates for your week-end outings. Descriptive literature on application at city ticket office, Kimball house corner. Write for a copy of the Summer Resorts folder.

$1.50 to Warm Springs and Return Saturday.

The Southern Ry. will sell tickets Atlanta to Warm Springs and return for the 5:30 p. m. train Saturday and the 5:30 a. m. train Sunday at rate $1.50 for the round trip; good to return Monday, July 28.

For this occasion the hack line at Warm Springs will make a rate of 25c for the round trip from Warm Springs to the hotel.

Tickets on sale at City Office, Kimball House; or Union Depot. 7-25-26

LADIES! $500 REWARD for any case of obstinate abnormal suppression in Pathology from any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless, veg., safe, sure. How long suppressed. $100 reward for any other remedy advertised that will relieve one in 20. DR. JACKSON, K. CO., Chicago. Ill. (Corporation) Paid up Capital $50,000

DAILY MARKE REPORTS.

Continued from Tenth Page.

the liquidation of the longs, and there was a rapid decline which met but little support in lard, which rallied on buying by English houses. The market became dull at the decline and closed lower throughout the list except for lard, which was unchanged to 2½c higher for near months and lower for the distant months.

O'Dell & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 25.—The trade in the grain pits today was fairly active. Oats went to the record price amid considerable excitement. Corn was weak on the whole, while wheat was inclined to sag on optimistic crop reports. Sentiment generally was mixed. Crop and weather information attracted the bulk of the attention in the wheat pit, and this being generally favorable, the bears seemed to be most powerful and coaxed the market to follow their dictations. However, the big proportion of poor grade wheat being received attracted considerable attention, and now and then certain September longs sold out for fear that they would be unable to meet their obligations in view of the supply of contract grain on hand and the prospects for but moderate additions in the future.

Corn started in easy with fair offerings. There was a better proportion of contract stuff in the arrivals. The speculative deliveries were nervous all day. At the lower prices there was some buying, but on small rallies there seemed plenty for sale. Crop news was favorable. There was a small cash business with fair country offerings. At the close there was a mixed feeling.

Oats made a new record today. It is stated that the Patten element would have allowed shorts to settle at 70c yesterday, but that the proposition was thrown over. Today many were forced to settle at a greater loss through their stubbornness. Receipts were fair. Clearances light and professional trade ruled.

Provisions had strong support of packers today, but seemed only for the purpose of selling plenty of stuff on the hard spots. Hogs higher and receipts light.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, July 25.—Cattle—Receipts 3,500, including 2,000 Texans. Market steady; good to prime steers $7.85@8.70, poor to medium $4.50@7.60, stockers and feeders $2.50@5.25, cows $1.50@5.50, heifers $2.25@6.50, canners $1.40@2.50, bulls $2.25@5.25, calves $2.50@6.50, texas fed steers $4.00@6.00, western steers $5.20@6.50.

Hogs—Receipts 9,000. Market 5 to 10c higher; good to choice heavy $7.70@7.82½; light $6.75@7.70; bulk of sales $7.45@7.70.

Sheep—Receipts 8,000. Market lower and dull; good to choice wethers $4.00@4.475; fair to choice mixed $2.75@4.00; western sheep $2.50@4.75; native lambs $3.50@7.50.

Kansas City, July 25.—Cattle—Receipts 800 natives, 600 quarantine, 130 quarantine calves and 40 native calves; natives nominally steady; quarantine steady; stockers and feeders steady to lower; choice export and dressed beef steers $7.50@8.00; fair to good $3.30@7.65; stockers and feeders $2.25@4.90; western fed steers $4.00@6.00; Texas and Indian steers $3.15@4.25; Texas cows $2.60@3.00; native cows $1.75@5.05; native heifers $2.80@5.00; canners $1.25@2.75; bulls $2.10@4.00; calves $3.25@5.00.

Hogs—Receipts 2,350. Market 5 to 10c higher; heavy $7.57½@7.75; mixed packers $7.30@7.55; light $6.95@7.47½; yorkers $7.35@7.47½; pigs $6.50@6.90.

Sheep—Receipts 530. Market firm; lambs lower; native lambs $4.45@6.30; western lambs $3.20@5.00; native weathers $4.35@5.15; western wethers $3.50@4.75; fed ewes $3.65@4.60; Texas clipped yearlings $3.75@4.55; Texas clipped sheep $3.40@3.75; stockers and feeders $2.80@3.20.

St. Louis, July 25.—Cattle—Receipts 2,000, including 1,700 Texans. Market dull, but steady; native shipping and export steers $6.00@7.50, with extra fancy worth up to $8.75; dressed beef and butcher steers $4.50@7.25; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.00@6.25; stockers and feeders $3.25@5.00; cows and heifers $2.25@5.50; canners $1.75@2.85; bulls $2.75@4.00; calves $5.00@6.00; Texas and Indian steers $3.00@5.75; cows and heifers [illegible]@3.50.

Hogs—Receipts 2,000. Market 10c higher; pigs and lights $7.30@7.60; packers $7.50@7.70; butchers $7.65@8.00.

Sheep—Receipts 1,200. Market steady; native muttons $4.00@4.75; lambs $4.75@6.60; culls and bucks $2.25@4.75.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, July 25.—Wheat, spot steady; No. 1 northern 6s 2½d; No. 1 California dull at 6s 4½d; futures quiet; July nominal; September 6s 1d; December 6s ½d.

Corn, spot American mixed steady at 5s 11½d; futures steady; September 5s 3¼d; October 5s 2¼d.

THE TRADE SITUATION.

New York, July 25.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

Crop conditions, particularly as to corn and cotton, have further improved, and the confidence in fall trade shows no diminution but rather an increase. The best advices come, as heretofore, from the northwest and southwest. Weather conditions in the east have been depressing to trade in seasonable goods, and fall trade in dry goods promises to be late, as heretofore indicated in this column. A further improvement is, however, noticed in shoes and leather, and wool is again higher in price, despite manufacturers holding back buying. Among the industries iron and steel are easily first in activity, and relief from the so-called pig iron famine is sought in freer importations. The fruit season is now in full swing and sugar consumption is at its full and promises to be very heavy. Anthracite coal, stove sizes, has reached the pinnacle, produce is still high, despite flattering crop prospects; oats have suffered the predicted squeeze and passed the highest price of a generation, range cattle and Texas hides have surpassed all records, and fine tobacco has also reached the best on record quotations. On the other hand, the cereals, cotton and hog products, reflecting the improved crop reports, are lower. Coffee, though galvanized by speculation, drags painfully owing to existing large stocks and good Brazil crop conditions. Railroad earnings show gains of over 5 per cent so far for July, and bank clearings have begun to show the gains earlier predicted over last year's totals, reduced as they were by hot weather and drought effects on speculation.

With pig iron sonsumers' clamor for supplies, the balance of this year's production already booked and free buying for the first half of next year at only $1 per ton less than at current rates, and foreign iron imports large, the iron and steel trade in the cruder forms possesses exceptional elements of strength. Buyers of structural are engaging far ahead, steel mill orders are large and bar and sheet sales are large, though not as heavy as last week. In hardware the activity is notable and the change of season appears to bring no let up in the demand. Tin and copper have weakened under freer offerings.

Wool is not especially active, but is held higher at leading eastern centers.

Some improvement is noted among New York dry goods jobbers, but the feeling grows that the season will be rather later than usual. Cotton goods are practically unchanged in price. Reports of southern mills underbidding Fall River for print cloths attracts some attention.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending July 24 aggregate 3,980,969 bushels, against 3,775,222 last week and 6,974,526 in this week last year. Wheat exports since July 1 aggregate 13,785,306 bushels, against 19,737,647 last season.

Corn exports aggregate 79,911 bushels, against 130,579 last week and 1,156,276 last year. For the fiscal year corn exports are 459,405 bushels, against 7,164,043 last season.

Business failures for the week ending July 24 number 178, as against 174 last week, 199 in this week last year, 183 in 1900, 170 in 1899 and 189 in 1898.

For Canada failures number 16, as against 17 last week and 32 in the same week last year.

Dun's Review.

New York, July 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

Each day brings the agricultural products of the nation nearer maturity, and as the possibility of any serious injury becomes smaller the feeling of confidence fully sustained trade grows stronger. Storms destroyed much property in some sections and the prompt restoration of structures has added to the activity of building trades. Railway stocks rose to new high record quotations and gold was exported, yet money ruled easy. July oats succeeded corn as the leading speculative cereal, but all distant grain options tended lower and the outlook improved. The heavy distribution of merchandise is shown by railway earnings thus far reported for July as 25 per cent larger than last year, and 20 per cent in excess of the corresponding period of 1900.

Insufficient fuel is the one serious difficulty in the iron and steel industry, interruptions and delays from this cause becoming more noticeable each day. Supplies of coal are curtailed by the strike, although coke ovens are making new records of production. Shipments are retarded by the car and motive power shortage. In a market where there is comparative dullness, because deliveries cannot be made promptly, the outlook for long continued activity seems favorable, especially as scarcity of fuel cannot continue a factor indefinitely. All forms of pig iron have sold ahead and there is no evidence of over-production in the near future at least. Billets are still somewhat unsettled by heavy importations, yet domestic prices are steady and further foreign arrivals are expected. A new week has brought out more liberal orders for railway supplies, and the structural mills have taken contracts dating still further into the year. Further advances are reported in spelter, which has shown great strength during the past two weeks, but other minor metals tended toward weakness.

Footwear factories have returned to almost full operation, contracts coming forward freely from wholesalers at the large cities.

Aside from moderate buying for Red Sea ports there has been little trade in the export division of the cotton goods market. Domestic purchases are confined to immediate requirements, as a rule, the finer grades alone being ordered in advance. Conservatism is still shown by sellers.

New lines of men's woolen and worsted fabrics are opened slowly. Quotations are unchanged.

There was less activity in the speculative markets for the leading cereals yet prices were fairly well maintained. Meats were somewhat weaker on larger receipts and smaller export buying. Among the other staples coffee continues active and firm, despite the statistical situation, while cotton was irregular, because improved crop prospects acted in opposition to the brisk demand for consumption. Finally, the former influence prevailed and quotations declined sharply.

Failures for the week numbered 208 in the United States, against 198 last year, and 17 in Canada, against 28 last year.

Groceries.

Atlanta, July 25.—Roasted coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckles, $10.30; Lion, $9.80; Cordova, $10.05; Blue Ribbon, $10; green coffee, choice, 10c; fair, 8c; prime 6c. Sugar, standard granulated, 5. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle, 30@45c; mixed, choice, 20@28c; south Georgia cane, 36c. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; ice cream, $1.25; common, 55@60c. Cheese, fancy, full cream, 14 1-2@15 1-2c Matches, 65s, 45 3-4@55c; 200s, $1.50@1.75. Soda, Arm and Hammer $3.45. Crackers, soda, 6 1-4c; cream, 7 1-4; ginger snaps, 6 1-4c. Candy, common stick, 5c; fancy, 7@10c. Oysters, F. W., $1.85; L. W., $1.25. Fancy head rice, 7c; head rice, 6c.